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Grand plan for sewerage expansion

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ISSN 0856 - 5422 ISSUE No. 7528 · PRICE: Tsh 1,000, Kenya sh100

TANZANIA

WEDNESDAY 6 MARCH, 2019







BUSINESS

Page 13



Livestock and Fisheries minister Luhaga Mpina greets residents of Kilwa Kivinje in Lindi Region at the weekend shortly after listening to fishermen. He then announced the establishment of an extended zone for the defence of fisheries resources along the Indian Ocean coastline.

UNICEF supports Interfaith groups in WASH crusade

A joint statement released yesterday by the denominations said their campaign will be implemented in collaboration with United Nations International Children Fund (UNICEF)

By Henry Mwangonde

FOUR major religious bodies have promised to advance an improved Water Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) campaign in houses of worship, schools and other public facilities until WASH reaches all corners of the country.

Under the Tanzania Interfaith Partnership (TIP), leaders from the Christian Council of Tanzania (CCT), the Tanzania Episcopal Conference (TEC) and the National Muslim Council of Tanzania (BAKWATA) plus the Office of the Mufti of Zanzibar pledged their commitment towards developing a comprehensive WASH programme for children.

A joint statement released yesterday by the denominations said their campaign will be implemented in collaboration with United Nations International Children Fund (UNICEF).

"But the time has come today to recognize that our churches and mosques can do more to advocate for the agenda. The divine mission of our faiths, both Christians and Muslims, is to offer love, support, care, education, and raise awareness to our communities," reads part of the

The declaration says that the Tanzania faith community has a long and distinguished tradition of leading its people in times of great suffering,

TURN TO PAGE 2



UNESCO to inspect Ngorongoro Crater and Serengeti roads

By Guardian Reporter, Ngorongoro

A team from the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) will this week be inspecting proposed areas where allweather, hardened surface roads are to be constructed in the Ngorongoro Conservation

The NCA which is listed among the seven UNESCO Heritage sites mapped in Tanzania is in the process of upgrading some of the roads cutting through the conservation area, from the current earth surface to an environment friendly, all-weather hard surface.

"It took several years of painstaking research and studies to come up with the

TURN TO PAGE 2



Kasulu border road for AfDB's 590.3bn/- loan

By Getrude Mbago

THE African Development Bank (AfDB) has issued a concessional loan amounting to \$256.2 million (around 589.3bn/-) for the 260km-Kasulu-Manyovu road project in Kigoma region.

The agreement was signed yesterday by the Permanent Secretary in the Ministry of Finance and Planning Doto James, and the AfDB country manager Alex Mubiru.

The permanent secretary expressed the government's appreciation to the AfDB's continued support to the country's development.

He said the completion of the project whose implementation is estimated to take five years will

open up and facilitate economic activities in the western corridor.

"The implementation of this project is part of the broad agenda of the fifth phase government, seeking to bridge the infrastructure gap for accelerating socio-economic development, poverty reduction and regional integration...This road section forms an integral part of the Central Transport Corridor, which plays an important role in the development and facilitation of national and international trade flows in the region," he explained.

The successful implantation of the project will link the port of Dar es Salaam with western regions and open up regional markets in Burundi, Rwanda,

TURN TO PAGE 2

Tanzania key participant in global animal health meet

By Guardian Reporter

THE government has appealed to the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE) to help Tanzania improve its animal breeds and productivity so that meet and other products can penetrate the world market.

OIE is derived from the Spanish translation of the name, Oficina Internacional de Epizootias, lately holding its 23rd Conference of the OIE Regional Commission for Africa, in Hammament, Tunisia on Monday.

The Deputy Minister for Livestock and Fisheries, Abdallah Ulega said poor breed and low productivity were amongst challenges Tanzania faces despite having one of the largest livestock sizes in Africa.

If the country's largely traditional breeds are improved into modern ones, then the livestock sub-sector can contribute immensely to the gross domestic product and improve the livelihoods of the majority of Tanzanians who engage in farming and animal husbandry, he said.

In the briefing summarised in a ministerial statement on his address released yesterday, it is noted that the government export website shows that Tanzania produces about 2.6 million pieces of raw hides and skins annually where a large portion of it is exported raw and only 10 percent is processed.

The conference kicked off 25 February and ended 1st March consisted of around 25 countries, including Zambia, Zimbabwe, Egypt, Kenya,

TURN TO PAGE 2





ferms and Conditions apply

UNICEF and Interfaith groups take up WASH

FROM PAGE 1

and of caring for believers.

"It has a proud history of religious activism and has proven itself a centralized mobilizer of men, women and children. However the Tanzania faith community, despite this legacy, has not done enough to address WASH challenges," the statement observed.

According to the 2015 - 16 Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) only 19-percent of households use improved sanitation, 73-percent in rural areas used unimproved sanitation and 10-percent practiced open defecation.

Relatively high diarrhoea prevalence of 12percent for children under five was reported, with 88percent of all diarrhoea diseases being associated

with poor water, sanitation and

The high prevalence of diarrhoea is an indication that people are living in a fecally-contaminated environment, it

In his remarks, UNICEF's WASH coordinating official Francis Odhiambo said the aim of involving religious leaders in the campaign was their having a huge following, so that working with them would send a strong message to a larger number of people.

"The main emphasis is on four main issues namely to build toilets, wash hands during critical moments, dispose children wastes as well as safely storing water in homes," said Sheikh Suleiman Lolila, the chairman for the Tanzania Interfaith Alliance for Children (TIAC).

200 residents of Ziragula island benefit from 'green' solar power

By Guardian Correspondent, Buchosa

MORE than 200 residents of Ziragula island in Bulyaheke ward, Buchosa Districtin, Mwanza Region have benefited from solar power provided by a private firm dubbed; Toptan Clean through its green energy power supply project.

The company's director, Amos Makere said they resolved to connect the residents to solar power to improve their welfare.

He said; "We want the villagers to establish income generating activities for their personal gains as well as the nation. The installed solar power has the capacity to serve 300 people", he

Makere said that so far 200 people had been connected since the introduction of the services in the past six months. He said the company will manage the project for five years, before handling it to the residents.

He said since most of the residents at the island are fishers, they are likely to benefit from electricity services as

they can now use refrigerators. He said that with solar power, markets will be operating until late hours compared to previous time when market places were closed at early hours in the evening.

Chairman of China's Sino Development Company, Li Zhong said they are funding the project because they want to see the villagers enjoying the services they had missed for

Zhong appealed to the villagers to take care of the project which had been implemented at the cost of US\$ 400 million. "I visited Tanzania for the past 21 years, and realised that some people were lacking electricity services. With this solar energy I have fulfilled my promise to the people of Ziragula island", he said saying plans are to connect other islands in Lake Victoria.

Bulyaheke ward councillor, Bageti Ngele said the project will economically benefit the villagers as they will no longer spend too much money to purchase kerosene for their lamps and



Health, Community Development, Gender, Elderly and Children minister Ummy Mwalimu makes remarks in Mwanza at the weekend when presenting 105 under-

NESCO to inspect Ngorongoro Crater roads

FROM PAGE 1

ultimate solution of hardening our busy roads without using bitumen," explained the Conservator, Dr Freddy Manongi.

Dr Manongi especially mentioned the 88 kilometres road stretch linking Ngorongoro Conservation Area with the adjacent Serengeti National Park, which connects the two important tourist destinations from the Loduare gate all the way to Golini post, as being of priority interest.

Through the project, the two most popular tourist destinations will be linked together with a new environment friendly permanent road about to be constructed by the Ngorongoro Conservation Area Authority.

The other road to be upgraded with aiming at upping the number to at least to Serengeti from Arusha. hardened material is the descending road into the crater, because already the ascending route was built with environment friendly paving blocks.

"It is also an economically viable venture because periodic maintenance of dusty roads with gravel is not only expensive but also disturbs wildlife," the conservator noted.

The Ngorongoro Conservation Area attracts nearly 600,000 visitors per year while the Serengeti National Park records 350,000 tourists annually; essentially these two spots are what makes up the backbone of the country's tourism industry as they command 900,000 visitors annually, between

Tanzania receives around 1.3 million visitors in a year, with the country

1.5million by end of 2020. The road which connects the two

parks is thus in the process of being hardened with environment friendly permanent materials as approved UNESCO.

The NCAA conservator, Dr Manongi revealed here that the road will be paved using 'very hard materials' yet to be divulged and not tarmac (bitumen) so as to preserve the natural environment of the country's most popular tourism destination.

Loduare Gate, located 20 kilometres from Karatu town is the gateway to the Ngorongoro Conservation Area and Serengeti National Park. From there, vehicles are compelled to travel 88 kilometres along the rather rocky grounds to reach Golini, the entrance

Last year, UNESCO issued the given green light for the road project to start, after being satisfied that environment friendly materials will be used to pave and harden the road cutting through the World Heritage Site.

But apart from handling nearly 600,000 visitors every year, the roads in the Ngorongoro Conservation are also important linking corridors for travellers from the Northern Zone regions of Arusha and Kilimanjaro, traveling to the Lake Zone regions of Mara and Mwanza via Karatu and Serengeti.

The Ngorongoro Conservation Area itself collects around 130 billion/per year, making it the government corporation which generates more revenues for the public coffers.



Finance and Planning ministry permanent secretary Doto James (R) and the African Development Bank representative in Tanzania, Dr Alex Mubiru, sign a 589.26bn/- soft loan agreement in Dar es Salaam yesterday. The AfDB assistance is in support of the construction of Kabingo-Kakonko-Manyovu road in Kigoma

FROM PAGE 1

Uganda and the Democratic Republic

of Congo (DRC), he stated.

It will also play an important role by reducing logistical costs, travel time and accidents.

"The project also involves supporting the National Institute of Transport (NIT) towards the creation of a regional centre of excellent for road safety, construction and equipping of a One Stop Border Post (OSBP) at the Manyovu area/Mugina (Burundi) border point," he specified.

Kasulu road gets 590.3bn/- AfDB loan It will also involve the development

of social infrastructure like the supply and sanitation uplift at Busunzu, Kasulu, Buhigwe and Manyovu.

Other components of the project are the construction of health centres at Makere and Busunzu and the rehabilitation of hospitals in Kasulu and Kibondo districts.

The permanent secretary also expressed the government's rehabilitation of markets at Makere appreciation to the East African and Manyovu, plus community water Community (EAC) secretariat for being champions in negotiating for the loan.

> "This road project, which is also a priority under the EAC roads network, involves upgrading of the 45km-Rumonge-Gitaza Road section on the Burundi side," he explained.

AfDB country manager Mubiru

said that signing the loan agreement increases the transport sector portfolio of AfDB Group in Tanzania to approximately \$880 million.

"On behalf of the AfDB Group, I would like to reaffirm our commitment in supporting the people and the government of Tanzania in their efforts to realize the aspiration to become a middle-income country in the near future," he told the gathering.

Tanzania key participant at global animal health meet

FROM PAGE 1

Uganda, Tunisia and Chad.

The meeting was aimed at discussing animal health care, animal rights, veterinarians and livestock security and provide recommendations.

Tanzania's livestock and fisheries industry was facing a number of challenges such as infections, lowbreeding and low productivity, which leads to failure to export livestock and livestock products to the world market, the statement underlined.

At the conference, Ulega was accompanied by Veterinary Services Director Dr. Hezron Nonga and had conversation with the OIE president, Mark Schipp, General Director Dr. Monique Eloit and the representative of the organization for the Southern African Region, Samuel Bows.

"I have asked the OIE to assist our country in addressing these challenges in order to enhance the growth of the animal industry and the OIE has promised to work on them," the deputy

minister said. "I thank the OIE for its cooperation with Tanzania by continuing to assist the country in various animal health projects," he remarked.

He also expressed the government's interest to organize the next meeting since it had the largest cattle population in the continent, a good place for investment comparing to other nations.

In assessing animal health, experts have discussed a range of existing animals diseases in the continent especially Foot and Mouth Disease (FMD) rabies and Rift Valley Fever (RVF).

The session also assessed various projects aimed at strengthening health and animal contributions including the World Bank, the contribution of veterinary paraprofessionals and their role in strengthening animal health services

in the continent, the statement noted. On May 16 last year, it was reported

that Tanzania's cattle population had increased to 30.5 million (cows) in 2016/17 compared with 25.8 million recorded in the previous financial year, on the basis of preliminary findings of a survey presented by the National Bureau of Statistics. NBS director general Dr Albina

Chuwa said Tanzania was the second country in Africa with the largest population of livestock. "In building an industrial economy,

it's evident that Tanzania has a great potential for meat processing and export it as well as other products from livestock," she said. The large number of livestock

provides an opportunity for local and foreign investors to invest in the meat and leather processing industries, the minister, Luhaga Mpina declared.

The survey showed that Tanzania has 18.9 million goats, 5.56 million sheep and 38.59 million traditional chickens by 2016/17.

Regions with larger share of livestock in Tanzania Mainland include Tabora (8.7 per cent), Mwanza (7.9 per cent), and Manyara (7.2 per cent), which basically implies that livestock rearing is evenly distributed across the country.

Zanzibar had 175,314 cows, 107,993 goats, 517 sheep and 1.75 million chickens at the time of the survey, it was noted.



In building an industrial economy, it's evident that Tanzania has a great potential for meat processing and export it as well as other products from livestock





Zanzibar Chief Sheikh Saleh Omar Kabhi signs a declaration yesterday committing his office to sensitising Muslim faithful on the importance of implementing the national agenda on improving water, sanitation and hygiene. The declaration was signed after a one-day meeting involving four organisations operating under the umbrella of Tanzania Interfaith Alliance for Children, which chiefly crusades for the rights of children. The meeting was organised by the Tanzania Interfaith Partnership with technical support from UNICEF and attended by representatives from the national Muslim Council, the Tanzania Episcopal Conference, the Christian Council of Tanzania and the Zanzibar Chief Sheikh's Office. P

Govt embarks on a grand plan for sewerage expansion project

By Correspondent George Sembony, Tanga

THE government has embarked on a grand plan to look for funds to implement sewerage expansion project the country's major urban areas.

Minister for Water, Prof Makame Mbarawa unveiled the plan recently when winding-up his four-day working tour to inspect various water projects in Tanga Region.

He said that sewerage coverage in major urban areas was still low, citing the Dar es Salaam's sewerage coverage was at a pathetic low of 10 per cent.

Prof Mbarawa also said that in Tanga Region where water supply coverage had exceeded the set target for major towns by two percent (97 per cent); its sewerage coverage was nine per cent.

"We want to raise sewerage coverage in Dar es Salaam from the current 10 per cent to between 30 and 40 per cent and raise coverage in other urban areas to cover more areas," he said.

Prof Mbarawa said currently there are major expansion projects in Arusha, Lindi and Sumbawanga and the government is looking for funds to implement such projects which include construction of disposal ponds to avoid use of the ocean in disposing

He, however commended Tanga Urban Water Supply and Sanitation Authority (Tanga UWASA) for using its own funds to execute a project to expand sewerage

According to the Tanga UWASA Managing Director, Geoffrey Hilly, sewerage coverage in Tanga stands at 9.7 percent and the sewer network length reached just 35.79 kilometers by January 2019 of various sizes laid from

He said that with a population of over 300,000 people, the number of sewerage connections in the city were 2,778 by January

The Chairman of the Tanga UWASA Board of Directors, Salum Shamte revealed that the water utility has prepared a hefty 300bn/sewerage coverage but also to construct disposal ponds at Utofu and Machui where sewerage would be treated before being released for use in other activities such as agriculture.

Shamte said the utility's plans for the future include improving and increasing sewage coverage from 9.7 to 30 percent by the year 2030.

Equatorial Guinea to host AfDB's 2019 annual meetings

By Guardian Reporter

EQUATORIAL Guinea will host the African Development Bank (AfDB)'s next annual meetings in June 2019, following the signing of a memorandum of understanding (MoU) between the two parties.

A statement released yesterday by the bank said the annual meetings will take place from 11th to 14th June, 2019 in the country's capital city, Malabo.

"The government and people of Equatorial Guinea are ready and look forward to hosting the African Development Bank's flagship event in 2019," said Bernardo Abaga

Ndong, general coordinator of the National Technical Committee in charge of the annual meetings.

"We are determined to make the annual meetings in our country a most resounding success that will definitely bolster our national prestige, because an event with over 3,000 participants is not a small affair," Ndong emphasised.

An aide-memoire on the country's preparedness to host the event was signed on 27 February 2019. The signing took place on the sidelines of regional consultative meetings between the bank and its African shareholders, held in Abidjan from 25 Equatorial Guinea's finance minister Lucas Abaga Nchama.

Speaking at the signing, André Basse, the AfDB's Chief of protocol, who signed on behalf of the Bank, commended the host country for its commitment to the success of the annual meetings, returning this year to African soil after being held in Korea and India respectively.

The theme of the African Development Bank's Annual Meetings this year is 'Regional integration' - one of the bank's five strategic priorities, known as the High 5s: (Light up and power Africa, Feed Africa, Industrialise

February to 1 March, 2019, and attended by Africa, Integrate Africa and Improve the quality of life of the people of Africa).

> With 1 billion people, Africa has a combined GDP of more than USD3.4 trillion. Such a market could create huge opportunities for producers on the continent. But to make it a reality, African governments and regional economic communities should intensify efforts aimed at facilitating the free movement of goods, services, people and trade across borders.

> The Bank's annual meetings represent a unique opportunity to discuss challenges and ways to advance the continent's regional integration agenda.

Some 3,000 participants are expected in Malabo, including finance ministers, governors of central banks, policy makers, civil society groups, heads of international organisations and business leaders from the Bank Group's member states.

VACANCIES

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1. Rural Water Supply Specialist- Master degree in civil/ water engineering with minimum experience of 7 years.

Rural Sanitation Specialist - Master degree in social science with minimum experience of

3. Public Finance Management Specialist Degree in Accounting, business or finance with

minimum experience of 10 years

4. M&E and Data Systems Specialist - Maste degree in social science, economics of

5. Capacity Building Specialist - Master degree in social science, economics or management with minimum experience of 7 years. Communication Specialist – Bachelor's degree in social science with minimum experience of 5 years. 7. Regional WASH Facilitators - Bachelor's

degree in civil/ water engineering with

minimum experience of 7 years.

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Guardian

Husbands change their mindsets on gender equality, land ownership

By Correspondent Gerald Kitabu

THE response from women and married couples in Mahenge ward, Kilolo District, in Iringa Region has shown that most husbands had changed their mindsets towards women and their wives on land accessibility, utilisation and ownership.

In an interview with the Guardian recently, both women and men said that unlike in the past, currently some widows had started accessing land and owning it even in the event when their husbands passed away. But in the past, the parents and husbands used to land inheritance for their sons only.

They said that in the past, women did not understand their rights to access, distribute and use the land. In fact men dominated inheritance system in their respective communities.

According to Mahenge ward councillor, Shela Ngailo, some men had started to change after series of trainings conducted by Iringa Civil Society Organizations (ICISO) in collaboration with the Foundation for Civil Society (FCS).

Ngailo,who is also the victim of land ownership issues, explained that in the past things were so bad that as many women were poorer than men in the district. "At the capacity building meetings organised by the Iringa Civil Society Organizations (ICISO), women were complaining, they had no rights to land use because the land is owned by their husbands," she said.

Magana Village Executive Officer in Mahenge ward, Nenkondo Denis Kiama

explained that harmful traditional norms and customs have impacted negatively on the women rights to land.

"After training and education received from ICISO, both men and women have been empowered and have understood their rights.

According to the Assistant Land officer in Kilolo district, Azory Ponelo, the campaign on the rights to land access, use and ownership have borne fruits in many villages where both men and women have understood their rights to land access, distribution and ownership.

"Men have realized their mistakes and they are now willingly admitting, many have changed although the changes takes place very gradually.

"Women have acquired land in Irindi, Magana and Mahenge without any condition. In fact the cases of land disputes between women and husbands family had declined," he said.

Commenting on the women plight on land, Kilolo District Community Development Officer, Faraja Chaula explained that the project has helped the district to reach out many women in the rural areas acquire, use and own

Citing an example of Irindi village, she said the organisations had also educated the pastoralists and helped sensitise women and girls to participate in village meetings. Faraja who is also the coordinator for gender desk in the district said several communities from Maluninga, Mlowa Malinganga, Mafuluto, Kitisi and Kihanga had benefited from the project.



Inspector General of Police Simon Sirro pays his last respects to Deputy Commissioner of Police Renatus Matanga Mbushi during a requiem mass at Dar es Salaam's St Peter's Catholic Church on Monday. DCP Mbushi died at the weekend while on an official tour in Mbeya Region. Right is Director of Criminal Investigation Robert Boaz. Photo: Police Hqs

Minister stresses need for enhanced supply of seeds and pest control to improve agricultural productivity

By Guardian Correspondent, Mbeya

AGRICULTURE Minister Japhet Hasunga has underscored the need for enhanced supply of seeds and pest control to improve agricultural productivity for cereals, vegetables, fruits and oil seeds.

He made the remarks yesterday when launching the NAFAKA programme which aim at enhancing the distribution of seeds and pesticides in Tanzania's southern highland regions. The programme is being implemented by an international company-CORTEVA agriscience.

Hasunga said that timely distribution of agricultural inputs including control pests and seeds guarantee foods

security to farmers as well as their and to speed up agriculture gross introduction of crops insurance. incomes. He said the agriculture sector in Tanzania contributes 100 per cent of the available food stock, and employ 65 per cent of the population.

He said the sector guarantees supply of raw materials to various industries across the country by 66 per cent.

Hasunga said the government in collaboration with stakeholders is implementing the Agricultural Sector Development Programme (ASDP II) which is expected to bring about changes in the sector.

ASDP II is a ten years programme which gears at ensuring sustainable supervision of land and water resources and addressing critical constraints and challenges to the sector performance farms, maize flour fortification and stakeholders and investors as a whole.

domestic product. Improve growth of smallholder incomes and ensure food security. It was launched by President John Magufuli in 2018.

"Collaboration between government and CORTEVA agricsience through its NAFAKA programme is an indication that the agricultural sector will keep improving ", said Hasunga.

The minister commended the support from the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) in various agricultural projects including the NAFAKA programme.

He said that USAID is also supporting projects for crop's value come with better arrangement that addition, establishment of illustration will benefit farmers, businesspeople,

He said the ministry is also working to launch the National Agriculture Act and to register all the small, medium and large scale farmers across the country. He said the ministry also aims at enhancing sugar production, establishment of irrigation schemes and investing in production of oil seeds.

NAFAKA guarantees availability of seeds and pesticides especially those for killing 'Fall Armyworms' in invaded areas within the southern highland zone", he noted. On markets, the minister asserted that plans are under way to



REQUEST FOR EXPRESSION OF INTEREST FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF **REPLACEMENT HOUSES.** REF. 0010005749

TOTAL East Africa Midstream B.V. (Company), an Oil and Gas company, invites experienced and reputable contractors to express their interest in construction of replacement houses under the East African Crude Oil Pipeline (EACOP), Project Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) implementation.

The Republic of Uganda, through the Uganda National Oil Company (UNOC), the United Republic of Tanzania through Tanzania Petroleum Development Corporation (TPDC), as well as the International Oil Companies(IOCs), partaking in the development of Exploration Areas 1, 1A, 2 and Kingfisher Discovery Area in the Albertine Graben in Uganda or their affiliates will participate in the implementation of the EACOP Project (Potential Pipeline Participants). The EACOP Project development involves the engineering, construction, operation and maintenance of a crude oil export pipeline crossing Uganda and Tanzania and an onshore Marine Terminal in Chongoleani, near Tanga Port in Tanzania.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SCOPE OF THE **WORKS:**

Construction of a maximum of 54 No. replacement residential houses, for Project Affected People (PAPs) displaced by the pipeline project Early Works Priority Areas on different sites in Kagera, Tabora, Geita and Singida Regions of Tanzania.

The Project will provide a replacement house(s) at the agreed replacement land to eligible physically displaced households. The project will determine the replacement structures to be provided and the location for each PAP. The house designs are based on standardized, flexible house layouts. Replacement houses will generally be between two and five rooms, and between 25 and 75 m2 in total area and have ancillary amenities like kitchens and toilets. Replacement housing will be of an adequate standard of construction. The houses will be constructed using modern locally sourced materials according to the Tanzania national building codes.

MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS:

- Tanzanian National Contractors (Building) Registration minimum Class 2. (Submit copy)
- Building construction experience in Kagera, Tabora, Geita and Singida Regions of
- Financial capability to undertake the proposed
- Suitable HSE, Social and Quality policy;
- Commitment to developing local / national content value.
- Registration with EWURA Local Content LSSP

Interested companies that meet the minimum requirements and have the capacity to undertake the works mentioned above should express their interest by sending together with a copy of their Contractor Registration Certificate, an email to EP.EACOP.PREQUALIFICATION@TOTAL.COM (max. email size 10Mb) on or before 17:00 hours East African Time (EAT), on 19th March 2019.

Companies that satisfactorily meet the above minimum requirements will receive, subject to the signature of a Non-Disclosure Agreement (NDA), a detailed pre-qualification questionnaire for further evaluation by Company.

Note: Only pre-qualified companies will receive an invitation to submit their bid in furtherance of the Call for Tender process.

DC for Kisarawe assures private schools of government support

KISARAWE District, in the tragic history because of truancy a thing of the past, the cooperation between the encourage pupil to embrace government and the private science subjects and score

Thanking private schools for positive contributions in making students perform successful students can

to the district's stepped up well in science subjects, I am highly in the subjects.

educational performance, taking this opportunity to the District Commissioner, encourage other schools in the past disregarded pupil Jokate Mwegelo, said here our district to do the same," truancy and poor academic recently that the leadership she told the first Form Four performance, is fast changing is working hard to make graduation ceremony of Christon Boys' Secondary School.

She called on students to study hard and go for "We recognise your efforts science subjects so that

third division should be the lowest score in all examinations. "Our collective duty is to ensure the government and private sector work together to produce students who will make meaningful contributions

in the nation's agro-

industrialisation drive to

make Tanzania a middle-

income economy by 2025.

In a speech read on

her behalf by the Sungwi

Divisional Officer, Casmir

Kombo, the DC appealed

to schools in the district

to score highly in national

examinations and ensure

in the future," she said. The school celebrated the first graduation with impressive performance in Form Four results and

to the national economy

topping in the district. school's The headmaster, August Minja appealed to parents to support efforts of the school's leadership in maintaining students' discipline while the

students are on leave. He also appealed to parents to ensure students use gainfully social platforms and the internet. He also appealed to the government to connect the school with the national power grid, saying that energy was costing the school

operations dearly. He appreciated the support and cooperation the school had been receiving from the district and village administration, parents and neighbours since the establishment of the school. One of the graduates, Enerk Msuya, promised to use the skills and education he gained at the school to become

self-reliant.



Embassy of Ireland

The Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade of the Government of Ireland is the Department with responsibility for promoting Ireland's interests and values abroad. The Department has over 80 Embassies and Missions around the world including 11 Embassies in Africa. Most of the Embassies in Africa have overall local responsibility for the management of an Overseas Aid Budget. A division of the Department - Development Co-operation Division (DCD) has overall responsibility for management of the €500 million (2018) aid budget.

The Embassy of Ireland Dar es Salaam implements the Department's foreign policy in a number of areas which include consular services, trade, political and development, all of which are guided by the 'Global Island, Ireland's Foreign Policy for a Changing World' and other relevant policies. The Embassy of Ireland Dar es Salaam is responsible for delivering the objectives of the Embassy Strategy and Business Plan. This plan includes Ireland's development commitments to Dar es Salaam and the provision of consular services. The Embassy Dar es Salaam Strategy reflects and supports the Dar es Salaam national growth and development strategy through projects fully funded by Irish Aid or jointly funded with other donors. Ireland also supports a number of programmes managed by international and local non-governmental organisations (NGOs), government, and pooled funding with other development partners. Bilateral agreements exist between the Government of Ireland and Government of Dar es Salaam to support development in the country. Irish Aid supports development interventions in a number of areas, all of which align with Ireland's 'One World One Future' Policy on International Development.

The Embassy wishes to invite qualified audit firms to send their Expression of Interest (EoI) for the provision of statutory audit services for a period of 3 years (2018 – 2020).

Interested firms should send their EoI to the address below by 27 March 2019, 1630 hrs. In addition, firms will be required to obtain bidding documents from the Embassy offices at a non-refundable fee of Shs 50,000, upon submission

> Embassy of Ireland Toure Drive, Plot No. 353 P O Box 9612 Dar es Salaam Email: daressalaamembassy@dfa.ie Tel: +255222602355 Fax: +255222602363



Parliamentary Budget Committee chairman George Simbachawene (2nd-R) makes remarks when members of the committee toured Arusha-based Tanelec Limited factory yesterday, with Energy minister Dr Medard Kalemani (4th-L) looking on. Photo: Correspondent Cynthia Mwilolezi

By Correspondent Crispin Gerald

GENDER activists have suggested the need for the government to allocate enough funds in the next fiscal year budget to empower more women in socio-economic development.

The suggestion came ahead of this year's International Women's Day, which is to be market on Friday, this week.

They were speaking at the one day meeting held over the weekend in Dar es Salaam to discuss the status, challenges and way forward for implementation of the Beijing declaration to end discrimination to

Organised by Tanzania Gender and Network Programme (TGNP), the meeting brought on board over 50 participants from different Nongovernmental organisation to discuss the achievement made so far since the Beijing conference was held in 1995.

Jane Guninita, executive director

Activists want more budget allocation on women empowerment endeavours

for Equality for Growth said currently, there is a promising achievement that has been reached basing on the fact that awareness and understanding of women's rights is at large percentage.

She cited women in the rural areas who are now able to identify their own rights and what can contribute to the national economy.

Guninita said section 13 of the country Constitution has clearly stated that there will be no any kind of discrimination including sexual and political to women, but that is contrary to the current situation because violence to women still on the increase.

She added that the society needs to understand the importance and contribution that women had in enhancing production and contributing to the national development.

"We appreciate the current change that has started to occur in the society where by several women in the rural areas are now aware of their rights and value their contribution to stimulate development," she said.

Held in 1995, the Beijing conference mentioned 12 priorities that needs to be worked upon to enhance women's across the world.

More than 17,000 participants attended the conference including 6,000 government delegates at the negotiations, along with more than 4,000 accredited NGO representatives.

Since the Beijing Conference on women's right to date, there have been several improvements including education trainings to the public about women empowerment and development. "But also there are several women who have been motivated to engage in election processes like voting and contesting for different positions in the government. This shows how great the achievement is," she added.

According to director, the situation is common because the development policy had been demanding for direct involvement of women in the development activities.

The existing political system does not provide equality to women as there are minimal implementation of the policies and laws to make sure that women's rights are provided.

Another activist, Demere Kitunga said the movement needs a collaborative efforts for both women and men in order to attain gender equality in the society.

Create self-employed jobs, minister tells Zanzibar youth

By Guardian Correspondent, Zanzibar

CURRENTLY Zanzibar has many opportunities and avenues awaiting innovative and entrepreneurial young people to use them, create jobs for themselves and employ counterparts, the Minister for Labour, Empowerment, Elders, Women and Children, Maudline Castico said here yesterday.

Officiating the Career Fair 2019, which is part of the Youth and Employment Programme (Vijana na Ajira -VNA), organised by Voluntary Service Overseas (VSO) Tanzania, the minister said with abundance of opportunities in Zanzibar awaiting exploitation by resourceful minds, it was no point for young people stay idle in search of employment in the formal sector. "You should not wait for government jobs," she told students and graduates during the one-day event held at State University of Zanzibar,

She called on the trainees to make good use of what they had learnt and become competitive in the labour market.

The minister said entrepreneurship was the best option for job creation in Tanzania because of the conducive and pro-business environment, urging the participants to emulate successful local investors, citing Salim Bakhresa and Dr Reginald Mengi, because, she said, the pair had a humble beginning.

"It can be done, just play your part. You can establish your companies, employ yourselves and employ fellow youths," the minister told a quasistunned audience of young people. She explained that the logic behind the government's emphasis on diversified the economy, was to hasten job creation for young people, including graduates.

Nonetheless she urged the companies, which participated at the fair to employ young people without hindrances. She warned against bribes,

particularly sexual favours at work

The minister said self-discipline was paramount in transforming the society and warning against laziness and the business as usual behaviour among government workers. She said some young people preferred government jobs because of the existing weak supervision.

She thanked the event organiser and sponsors for giving their priorities on employment particularly for the youth, saying the government commended the initiative.

44

Our key stakeholders come from hotels, construction sectors, financial institutions and entrepreneurial groups. We are proud of them all

The senior social performance advisor shell exploration and production Tanzania Limited, Msomisi Mbena, urged participants to form enterprises and become self-reliant. Shell Tanzania has been main sponsor of this programme since 2016 and hadorganised three career fairs since them

Mbena said the programme helps young people to meet labour market requirements, while exposing them to potential employers.

The VSO Tanzania programme manager, Frank Jirabi, said the scheme had benefited over 5000 youths since 2015 when it was started and over 100 companies taking part during the period. "Our key stakeholders come from hotels, construction sectors, financial institutions and entrepreneurial groups. We are proud of them all."



INVITATION FOR REQUEST FOR QUOTATION

RFQ 2019/02-140

FOR THE SUPPLY OF PHARMACEUTICALS FOR STI PPT

Jhpiego (pronounced "ja-pie-go"), is an international non-profit health organization affiliated with the Johns Hopkins University.

For more than 40 years and in over 40 countries, Jhpiego has empowered front-line health workers by designing and implementing effective, low-cost, hands-on solutions to strengthen the delivery of health care services for women and their families. By putting evidence-based health innovations into everyday practice, Jhpiego works to break down barriers to high-quality health care for the world's most vulnerable populations. Jhpiego focus is on training and support for health care providers-including doctors, nurses, midwives and health educators working in limited-resource settings throughout Africa, Asia, the Middle East, Latin America and the Caribbean.

Jhpiego program management strategy recognizes the technical complexity and geographical, cultural, socio-economic and political diversity among our programs. We develop global program initiatives and technical interventions that can be adapted for country-specific applications. In support of this field-driven philosophy, Jhpiego uses a decentralized organizational structure that consists of a global "delivery system" designed to implement the entire portfolio of Jhpiego awards with assistance from key technical, programmatic and administrative staff.

Jhpiego Tanzania office hereby invites for submission of sealed bids from bidders for the supply of pharmaceuticals for STI PPT study.

A prospective bidder having any question regarding this RFP shall send an email 3 days prior to the due date and time for submission of offers to the following addresses: **TZ-Jhpiegobids@jhpiego.org**. All proposals in one original plus one copy, properly filled in, and enclosed in plain envelopes must be delivered to the address given below before **Wednesday**, **20th March 2019 at 11:00 a.m**. Offers must be submitted to the Jhpiego Offices where the bidding documents were collected from and must be addressed to:

The Country Director Jhpiego Tanzania P.O. Box 9170, Dar es Salaam, Tanzania.

ROADS FUND BOARD



VACANCY ANNOUNCEMENT – RE-ADVERTISED

The Roads Fund Board (RFB) is a Government Institution under the Ministry of Works, Transport and Communication established by the Road and Fuel Tolls Act, CAP 220. The Board invites applications from suitably qualified Tanzanians to fill the following vacancies.

1. CHIEF INTERNAL AUDITOR (1 Post)

(i) DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

- To evaluate internal controls, risks management and governance in relation to collection, disbursement and utilisation of roads fund;
- b) To conduct internal audit activities to implementing agencies on matters related to Roads Fund;
- c) To conduct internal audit activities in relation to RFB operations;
- d) To determine RFB audit scope and prepare annual audit plan;e) To liaise with external auditors to ensure completion of audit on time in order to meet reporting requirements;
- f) To prepare summary of Controller and Auditor General audit findings and recommendations of RFB and Implementing
- Agencies for presentation to the Board;
 g) To prepare quarterly and annual internal audit reports for submission to Internal Auditor General and RFB audit committee;
- h) To develop audit procedures to facilitate compliance with National/International standard;
- i) To follow up on the implementation of recommendations made by the Controller and Auditor General, Parliamentary committee, Board and Internal Audit report;
- j) To review and advise on conformity with financial and operational procedures laid down in any legislation or any regulation or instructions for control over the expenditure of the Board;
- k) To review and advise on the adequacy of controls built into computerized system in place in the Board;l) To perform any other related duties as may be assigned.

(ii) QUALIFICATION AND EXPERIENCE

Holder of Master's Degree in Business Administration (MBA) with Certified Public Accounts (CPA) (T) or equivalent qualification from recognised Institutions and registered by the National Board for Accountants and Auditors in the category of Associate and/or above. He/she must have a working experience of not less than ten (10) years in which five (5) years must be in a managerial level.. Knowledge on IT Audit will be an added advantage.

(iii) TERMS OF ENGAGEMENT

Terms of engagement for this post will be five years contract (renewable). Age limit for the applicants **should not be more than 50 years as at 30/06/2019.**

2. PERSONAL ATTRIBUTES

He/she should be able to work diligently during and after office hours, promote team work, comprehend and communicate, effectively prioritize and execute tasks in a high pressure environment.

3. REMUNERATION

Attractive salary and fringe benefits will be paid depending on qualifications and experience.

4. MODE OF APPLICATION

Application letters accompanied by a typed CV, Certified copies of Academic Certificates, academic transcripts, Names of three Referees, Current postal address, Phone Number and E-mail address, should reach the undersigned not later than **17th March**, **2019.** The Board will verify all information contained in the application and documents submitted. Public Servants should channel their applications through their employers. **Only shortlisted candidates will be contacted.** The Roads Fund Board is an equal opportunity employer, hence women are highly encouraged to apply. Those who applied in the first advertisement need not re-apply.

5. APPLY TO:

Roads Fund Manager, Roads Fund Board, P.O. Box 993, DODOMA



HEAD OFFICE 4th Floor, LAPF House Makele Road P.O Box 2857, Dodoma, Tanzania Tel: +255-26 2329002-3; Fax: +255-26 2329005

Employment Opportunities

The Energy and Water Utilities Regulatory Authority (EWURA) is an independent, world class regulatory authority responsible for licensing, tariff regulation and quality of service regulation of the electricity, water, petroleum and Natural gas sectors. EWURA has the following vacancies for which suitably qualified Tanzanian are invited to apply.

1. PETROLEUM DIVISION

Post Title: Commercial Manager - Petroleum Duty Station: EWURA Head Office - Dodoma Reports to: **Director of Petroleum**

Commercial Manager - Petroleum will be responsible for coordinating and monitoring the demand and supply of petroleum products to ensure that the country always has adequate petroleum products for consumption and ensure the availability of the required technical data or information in the computation of petroleum products prices.

Duties and Responsibilities:

- Deliver on the Petroleum Commercial deliverables/targets as set in the Authority's Strategic and Annual plan through effective performance management and development of Commercial team in the Petroleum Division.
- Formulate the strategy and work plan in the regulation of downstream petroleum industry and implement after endorsed by the Director of Petroleum.
- To always ensure that the commercial interests of the consumers and efficient suppliers are protected in the downstream industry.
- iv) To monitor demand and supply to ensure that the country always has adequate petroleum products for consumption as required by the law through monitoring daily stocks and distribution across the country.
- To supervise collection of the required technical data or information in the computation processes of petroleum products prices and participate in review of computed prices to ensure accuracy in the computations.
- To monitor the behaviour of service providers with regard to anti-competitive practices as a way of ensuring a level playing field in the downstream petroleum industry.
- vii) To oversee the effective implementation of Bulk Procurement System (BPS) by working closely with Petroleum Bulk Procurement Agency (PBPA).
- viii) To closely work with responsible Division in development of petroleum products price Setting Rules by providing the required inputs.
- Monitor licensee compliance with applicable laws, regulations and license terms and Conditions and prepare periodic reports for the Director of Petroleum on licensee compliance and performance.
- Monitor and analyse domestic market price of petroleum products and make comparison with world prices and prepare reports for public information.
- To develop good relationship with key stakeholders in the downstream petroleum industry.
- Carry out any additional duties as may be assigned from time to time by the Director of Petroleum.

Academic Qualifications and Experience

The ideal candidate for this position should have the following qualifications and experience.

- Possession of University Degree in Engineering in Petroleum, Chemical and Process, Mechanical or Petroleum Geoscience from a recognized University.
- Masters qualifications in Engineering or Business Administration.
- Knowledge and Competence in Information and Communications Technology (ICT) application.
- Where the candidate is an Engineer, must be registered with Engineering Registration Board (ERB).
- Minimum of seven (7) years' experience in senior positions (at least principal or equivalent) in the petroleum industry in the field of marketing with direct involvement in the business financial performance management (profit and loss analysis).

Personal Attributes

In addition to the above skills and qualifications, applicants for the above positions are required to have the following attributes:

- i) A very high level of integrity, honesty and sense of responsibility;
- Ability to work under pressure and produce expected results;
- Ability to work in a dynamic team;
- Ability to self-manage, achieve results and meet deadlines; and
- Willingness to work beyond the call of duty.

Tenure and Remuneration

- A competitive salary will be offered to the right candidates for the posts.
- EWURA is an equal opportunity employer.
- Women are encouraged to apply.
- iv) Staff will be employed on permanent and pensionable terms.

Mode of Application

- a) Application letter with Curriculum Vitae (CV) including e-mail address or day time contact telephone number, together with photocopies of certificates, one passport size photo and names and contacts of three referees should be addressed to reach the under-mentioned by 20th March 2019.
- b) Those with certificates from the overseas universities, the same MUST be verified by Tanzania Commission for University (TCU).
- Only short-listed candidate meeting the above criteria will be invited for interview. Lobbying and canvassing for employment will not be entertained and may work to the candidate's disadvantage.
- All applications through emails shall not be accepted and considered
- Application letter should be addressed to:

The Director General Energy and Water Utilities Regulatory Authority (EWURA) 4th Floor, LAPF House Makole Road P.O Box 2857, Dodoma, Tanzania.

Power supply blues threatening Rukwa's industrialisation drive

Sumbawanga

RUKWA Region is likely to miss the government's industrialisation target due to lack of reliable power–an important cornerstone for Tanzania to become an industrialised middle-income sized nation by 2025.

Rukwa Regional Commissioner, Joachim Wangabo expressed the concerns recently when speaking at the regional development council held in Sumbawanga town-the headquarters of Rukwa Region. He said that there are power projects

whose implementation were underway, but the pace is not encouraging, making the region meet the target as a 'daylight dream'. Citing examples, RC Wangabo said

the contractor 'Nakuroi Investment' who was to connect power to 111 villages under the Rural Electrification Agency (REA) Phase III had only con-

Correspondent, nected 23 villages.

He was concerned that the contractor may fail to connect the remaining villages as the contract is about to ex-

Under REA Phase Three a total of 7,873 villages will get power. The project will cover 25 regions countrywide.

"We can hardly achieve our industrialisation target if we do not have reliable electricity supply. Factories need power to operate", said the RC noting the contract for Nakuroi Investment expires in June, this year.

Wangabo said the regional authority is unwilling to extend the contract since he had an ample time to execute the job. He said the contractor was given the job in November 2017, but he has been able to connect power to 23 villages only.

"We can no longer continue working with the company, we are going to look for another contractor to complete the job as per the government directives", he said.

RC Wangabo said the government aims at improving provision of social services including electricity services to enable Tanzanians in rural areas establish income generating activities.

Nkasi North MP, Ally Keissy said the contractor does not have the capacity to implement the job. He said that the contractor-Nakuroi Investment has been awarded similar tenders in more than four regions hence becoming difficult for him to concentrate in Rukwa Region.

Acting manager of the Tanzania Electric Supply Company Limited (TA-NESCO) responsible for procurement and supply in Rukwa, Eng Gilles Daniel said the contractor had been facing a number of challenges including delayed disbursement of funds from the central government.

Eng Daniel said that some equipment including electricity poles were below standards. He said that out of the 960 electricity poles, 240 were below standards.



Entrepreneurs follow a presentation at a business development seminar in Shinyanga municipality yesterday. Photo:

NHIF card holders to be served at AKHS hospitals and health centres countrywide

By Getrude Mbago

Services Tanzania (AKHS) has said that it was discussing with the National Health Insurance Fund (NHIF)

THE Aga Khan Health card holders access medical services at its hospitals and health centres available in the country.

Currently, the Aga Khan AKHS director of medical to come up with special Hospital doesn't offer medi-services Dr Ahmed Jusa-

ple like Members of Parliament (MPs).

yesterday in Dar es Salaam,

reporters

Addressing

frame-work programme cal services to all NHIF card bani said that the hospital which will allow the Fund's holders but only to few peo- was also offering services to NHIF card holders at its health centres available in up country regions whereby at last 300,000 patients received such services last year alone.

He said when briefing journalists on the inauguration of its new building worth 192bn/- which will be launched by the Prime Minister Kassim Majaliwa on Saturday, this week at the Aga Khan hospital in Dar es Salaam.

"It is not that we do not offer services to NHIF members, no but we provide to few people due to conditions set by the hospital but with the ongoing discussion with NHIF, we will see more people accessing the services," he said.

He said that under the plan, Aga Khan will be receiving referral patients with NHIF cards from various hospitals in the country.

According to him, Aga Khan is the only Tanzania and the second hospital in East African to attain the 'Gold Seal' from the Joint Commission International Accreditation (JCIA) so the public should remember that it offers services also at international levels.

The move is expected to increase access to specialised treatment in the private hospital and reduce the burden on the few public referral hospitals.

Speaking on the newly completed building, Dr Jusabani said that the move was part of the AKHS's expansion plan that will see the hospital develop into a fully fledged world-class health care institution by next year.

FARM AFRICA

JOB OPPORTUNITIES:

Three (3) Field Associate (Field Officer), (1- Kondoa, 1- Mpwapwa/ Kongwa and 1- Bahi/ Chamwino)

Duration: All positions are full time, fixed term contract ending in 14th September 2019.

Salary: Attractive salaries & benefit packages

Farm Africa is currently recruiting three staff to implement our expected project, "sorghum Value Chain" in Dodoma region. Field associates (Field Officers) will take lead in facilitating, training and linking sorghum farmers to the market. This role will involve supporting smallholder farmers under Sorghum Pilot project in Dodoma to access quality seeds, support farmers on climate smart agriculture approaches and methods, provide training on Postharvest Handling and Storage (PHHS) and Good Agronomic Practices (GAP), and crop aggregation for commercial buyers.

For further details of any of the positions, please visits our website on www.farmafrica.org/jobs/jobs If you believe you have the skills and experience required for any of the above positions, please submit a CV (maximum 3 sides of A4) and a covering letter (maximum 1 side of A4) that explains how you meet the job requirements, clearly stating which position you are applying for, to **Tanzaniarecruitment@farmafrica.org** by 12:00 noon (EAT), Thursday, 14th of March 2019.

Farm Africa is an equal opportunities employer and we welcome applications from a diverse range of candidates.





REF: PPR/19 - 03/1

PUBLIC NOTICE ON CAP PRICES FOR PETROLEUM PRODUCTS EFFECTIVE WEDNESDAY, 6th MARCH 2019

The Energy and Water Utilities Regulatory Authority (EWURA) hereby publishes Cap Prices for petroleum products, applicable in Tanzania Mainland. These retail and wholesale prices are applicable effective **Wednesday**, **6th March 2019**. Hereinafter, kindly take note of the following:

- (a) Retail and wholesale prices for Petrol, Diesel and Kerosene imported in the country through Dar es Salaam port have changed compared to prices that were published on 6th February 2019. For the month of March 2019, retail prices of Petrol have decreased by TZS 23/litre (equivalent to 1.07%) while those of Diesel and Kerosene have increased by TZS 51/litre (equivalent to 2.44%) and TZS 50/litre (equivalent to 2.47%), respectively. Similarly, compared to the publication of last month, wholesale prices of Petrol have decreased by TZS 22.68/litre (equivalent to 1.14%) while those of Diesel and Kerosene have increased by TZS 50.68/litre (equivalent to 2.59%) and TZS 50.30/litre (equivalent to 2.62%), respectively. The change in local prices of petroleum products imported through Dar es Salaam port is mainly due to changes in the world oil market prices and BPS premiums as shown in Table C.
- (b) Retail and wholesale prices for Petrol and Diesel imported through Tanga have also changed compared to prices that were published on 6th February 2019. Kerosene prices in the Northern regions shall remain unchanged because there was no new consignment of Kerosene received through Tanga port in the month of February 2019. For the month of March 2019, retail prices of Petrol and Diesel for the Northern regions have decreased by TZS 64/litre (equivalent to 2.91%) and TZS 104/litre (equivalent to 4.65%), respectively. Similarly, compared to the publication of last month, wholesale prices of Petrol and Diesel have decreased by TZS 63.86/litre (equivalent to 3.08%) and TZS 103.86/litre (equivalent to 4.90%), respectively. The change in local prices of petroleum products imported through Tanga port is mainly due to changes in the world oil market prices as shown in Table C.
- (c) Retail and wholesale prices for Petrol and Diesel imported through Mtwara port have also changed compared to prices that were published on 6th February 2019. For the month of March 2019, retail prices of Petrol and Diesel for the Southern regions have increased by TZS 31/litre (equivalent to 1.50%) and TZS 147/litre (equivalent to 7.09%), respectively. Similarly, compared to the publication of last month, wholesale prices of Petrol and Diesel have increased by TZS 31.32/litre (equivalent to 1.59%) and TZS 146.73/litre (equivalent to 7.52%), respectively. The change in local prices of petroleum products imported through Mtwara port is mainly due to changes in the world oil market prices and BPS premiums. Since there is no Kerosene at Mtwara storage terminals, Petrol Station Operators in Mtwara, Lindi and Ruvuma regions are advised to source the product from Dar es Salaam and therefore, the retail prices of Kerosene for those regions is based on the cost of the product received through Dar es Salaam port and bridging cost to the regions.

Mara (Musoma)

- (d) It is worth noting that, the variations in changes of prices of petroleum between Dar es Salaam, Tanga and Mtwara is mainly due to differences in applicable world oil market prices following differences in timing of importation of petroleum products between the ports and differences in BPS premiums as shown in **Table D.**
- (e) EWURA would like to remind the public that these cap prices can be accessed through mobile phones by dialling *152*00# and then following the provided instructions. This service is free of charge and is available in all mobile phone service providers in the country.
- (f) In line with the prevailing sector legislation (Petroleum Act, 2015, section 166), prices of petroleum products are governed by rules of demand and supply. EWURA shall continue to encourage competition in the sector by making available petroleum products pricing information including cap prices. This information on prices is intended to enable stakeholders make informed decisions on petroleum prices at any particular time.
- (g) Oil Marketing Companies are free to sell their products at a price that gives them a competitive advantage provided that, such price does not exceed the price cap for the relevant product as it is computed using the approved formula, which was gazetted through the Government Notice No. 163 published in April 2018 and Government Notice No. 269 published in June 2018.
- (h) All petrol stations are required to publish petroleum product prices on clearly visible boards. The price boards should clearly show prices charged, discounts offered as well as any trade incentives or promotions on offer. Consumers are encouraged to purchase from stations that sell products at the most competitive prices and offer better services. It is an offence not to have prices published on boards located in clearly visible places in front of petrol stations. Failure to adhere to this directive will attract punitive measures from EWURA.
- (i) Retailers must issue receipts printed from an Electronic Fiscal Pump Printer (EFPP) with respect to all sales that they make and consumers are required to demand and keep those receipts that clearly show the name of petrol station, date on which such purchase was made as well as, the type of petroleum product (fuel) and price per litre for every purchase they make. This can be used as an exhibit in case of a complaint lodged in the event that the selling price is above the cap price or in case the products sold do not meet the approved specifications and also, provide an assurance that appropriate government taxes on sales of petroleum products are fully accounted for recovery from the Retailers.

2,275

	Cap Prices						
Town	Petrol (TZS/Litre)	Diesel (TZS/Litre)	Kerosene (TZS/Litre)				
Dar es Salaam	2,098	2,131	2,096				
Arusha	2,191	2,195	2,286				
Arumeru (Usa West)	2,191	2,195	2,286				
Karatu	2,209	2,213	2,304				
Longido	2,202	2,206	2,297				
Monduli	2,196	2,200	2,291				
Monduli-Makuyuni	2,201	2,205	2,296				
Ngorongoro (Loliondo)	2,276	2,280	2,371				
Coast (Kibaha)	2,102	2,135	2,101				
Bagamoyo Chalinga Jungtion	2,109	2,142	2,107				
Chalinze Junction	2,112	2,145	2,111				
Chalinze (Msata) Kibiti	2,116 2,118	2,149	2,115 2,117				
Kisarawe	2,118	2,151 2,138	2,117				
Mkuranga	2,108	2,140	2,104				
Rufiji	2,125	2,158	2,124				
Dodoma	2,157	2,189	2,155				
Bahi	2,164	2,197	2,162				
Chamwino	2,152	2,185	2,150				
Chemba	2,183	2,183	2,180				
Kondoa	2,189	2,222	2,188				
Kongwa	2,154	2,187	2,150				
Mpwapwa	2,158	2,191	2,150				
Mtera (Makatopora)	2,175	2,208	2,174				
Geita	2,263	2,296	2,262				
Bukombe	2,252	2,285	2,25				
Chato		2,317	2,283				
	2,284						
Mbogwe	2,301	2,334	2,300				
Nyang'hwale	2,278	2,311	2,27				
Iringa	2,162	2,195	2,161				
Ismani	2,167	2,200	2,166				
Kilolo	2,166	2,199	2,165				
Mufindi (Mafinga) Kagera (Bukoba)	2,172	2,205	2,17				
	2,313	2,346	2,312				
Biharamulo Karagwe (Kayanga)	2,288 2,330	2,320 2,363	2,286				
Kyerwa (Ruberwa)	2,335	2,368	2,334				
Muleba	2,313	2,346	2,312				
Ngara	2,301	2,334	2,300				
Misenyi	2,322	2,355	2,320				
Katavi (Mpanda)							
	2,306	2,339	2,304				
Mlele (Inyonga)	2,288	2,320	2,280				
Mpimbwe (Majimoto)	2,298	2,331	2,29				
Kigoma	2,329	2,362	2,328				
Uvinza (Lugufu)	2,341	2,374	2,340				
Buhigwe	2,318	2,351	2,31				
Kakonko	2,286	2,319	2,28:				
Kasulu	2,315	2,348	2,314				
Kibondo	2,293	2,326	2,292				
Moshi	2,181	2,185	2,270				
Hai (Bomang'ombe)	2,184	2,188	2,279				
Mwanga	2,174	2,178	2,269				
Rombo (Mkuu)	2,197	2,201	2,29				
Same	2,167	2,171	2,26				
Siha (Sanya Juu)	2,187	2,191	2,28				
Lindi	2,141	2,236	2,15				
Lindi-Mtama	2,146	2,240	2,17				
Kilwa Masoko	2,165	2,259	2,13				
Liwale	2,177	2,271	2,17				
Nachingwea	2,161	2,256	2,18				
Ruangwa	2,167	2,262	2,18				
Manyara (Babati)	2,225	2,229	2,320				
Hanang (Katesh)	2,236	2,240	2,33				
Kiteto (Kibaya)	2,240	2,244	2,333				
Mbulu	2,238	2,242	2,33				
1120 414							

TABLE A: RETAIL PRICES

Mara (Musoma)	2,276	2,309	2,275
Musoma Vijijini (Busekela)	2,317	2,350	2,316
Rorya (Ingirijuu)	2,285	2,318	2,284
Rorya (Shirati)	2,320	2,353	2,319
Bunda	2,268	2,300	2,266
Butiama	2,273	2,306	2,272
Serengeti (Mugumu)	2,322	2,355	2,321
Tarime	2,287	2,320	2,286
Tarime (Kewanja/Nyamongo)	2,292	2,325	2,291
Mbeya	2,205	2,238	2,204
Chunya	2,214	2,247	2,213
Chunya (Makongolosi)	2,229	2,262	2,227
Kyela	2,221	2,254	2,219
Mbarali (Rujewa)	2,189	2,222	2,188
Rungwe (Tukuyu)	2,214	2,247	2,213
Morogoro	2,123	2,156	2,121
Mikumi	2,138	2,171	2,137
Kilombero (Ifakara)	2,161	2,194	2,159
Kilombero (Mlimba)	2,183	2,216	2,182
Kilombero (Mngeta)	2,172	2,205	2,171
Ulanga (Mahenge)	2,171	2,204	2,170
Malinyi	2,182	2,214	2,180
Kilosa	2,141	2,174	2,140
Gairo	2,141	2,174	2,140
Mvomero (Wami Sokoine)	2,133	2,166	2,132
Turiani	2,148	2,181	2,146
Mtwara	2,127	2,222	2,169
Nanyumbu (Mangaka)	2,164	2,258	2,218
Masasi	2,144	2,238	2,195
Newala	2,148	2,243	2,201
Tandahimba	2,141	2,236	2,194
Nanyamba	2,141	2,236	2,194
Mwanza	2,248	2,281	2,247
Kwimba	2,266	2,299	2,264
Magu	2,256	2,289	2,255
Misungwi	2,242	2,275	2,241
Sengerema	2,280	2,313	2,279
Ukerewe	2,307	2,340	2,306
Njombe	2,190	2,223	2,189
Njombe (Kidegembye)	2,211	2,244	2,209
Ludewa	2,228	2,261	2,227
Makambako	2,182	2,215	2,181
Makete	2,221	2,254	2,220
Wanging'ombe (Igwachanya)	2,188	2,221	2,187
Rukwa (Sumbawanga)	2,271	2,304	2,269
Sumbawanga Rural (Mtowisa)	2,271	2,304	2,269
Kalambo (Matai)	2,278	2,311	2,277
Nkasi (Namanyele)	2,284	2,317	2,283
Ruvuma (Songea)	2,213	2,308	2,220
Mbinga	2,226	2,320	2,253
Namtumbo	2,204	2,299	2,249
Nyasa (Mbamba Bay)	2,251	2,346	2,264
Tunduru	2,178	2,273	2,279
Shinyanga	2,227	2,260	2,225
Kahama	2,240	2,273	2,239
Kishapu	2,255	2,288	2,254
Ushetu (Nyamilangano)	2,258	2,291	2,257
Simiyu (Bariadi)	2,268	2,301	2,267
Busega (Nyashimo)	2,261	2,294	2,260
Itilima (Lagangabilili)	2,271	2,304	2,270
Maswa	2,260	2,293	2,258
Meatu (Mwanhuzi)	2,267	2,300	2,265
Singida	2,188	2,221	2,187
Iramba	2,201	2,234	2,199
Manyoni	2,173	2,206	2,172
Manyoni Ikungi Mkalama (Nduguti)	2,173 2,184 2,213	2,206 2,217 2,246	2,172 2,183 2,212

Songwe (Vwawa)	2,214	2,247	2,213
Songwe (Mkwajuni)	2,221	2,254	2,220
Ileje	2,218	2,251	2,217
Momba (Chitete)	2,223	2,256	2,222
Tunduma	2,218	2,251	2,217
Tabora	2,252	2,285	2,251
Igunga	2,206	2,239	2,205
Kaliua	2,271	2,304	2,270
Ulyankulu	2,265	2,298	2,26
Nzega	2,217	2,249	2,21
Sikonge	2,264	2,297	2,26
Urambo	2,265	2,298	2,26
Uyui	2,253	2,286	2,25
Tanga	2,134	2,138	2,22
Handeni	2,155	2,159	2,25
Kilindi	2,170	2,174	2,26
Korogwe	2,146	2,151	2,24
Lushoto	2,156	2,160	2,25
Mkinga (Maramba)	2,141	2,145	2,230
Muheza	2,139	2,143	2,23
Pangani	2,141	2,145	2,23

Wholesale Prices-DSM	Petrol	Diesel	Kerosene
	(TZS/Litre)	(TZS/Litre)	(TZS/Litre)
Cap Prices	1,974.16	2,006.58	1,973.03
Wholesale Prices - TANGA	Petrol	Diesel	Kerosene
	(TZS/Litre)	(TZS/Litre)	(TZS/Litre)
Cap Prices	2,010.62	2,014.35	2,105.56
Wholesale Prices - MTWARA	Petrol	Diesel	Kerosene
	(TZS/Litre)	(TZS/Litre)	(TZS/Litre)
Cap Prices	2,003.80	2,097.85	

TABLE C: CAUSES FOR CHANGES IN LOCAL PRICES FOR PRODUCTS DAR ES SALAAM PORT

	Petrol	Diesel	Kerosene
World Oil Market Prices	Decrease by US\$/MT	Increase by	Increase by
World Oil Market Prices	23.601	US\$/MT 15.017	US\$/MT 0.944
BPS premiums	Increase by	Decrease by US\$/MT	Increase by
	US\$/MT 6.663	4.423	US\$/MT 4.470

TANGA PORT			
	Petrol	Diesel	Kerosene
World Oil Market Prices	Decrease by US\$/MT 69.511	Decrease by US\$/MT 80.197	n/a
BPS premiums	Decrease by US\$/MT 1.880	Decrease by US\$/MT 1.120	n/a

WII WARA I OKI			
	Petrol	Diesel	Kerosene
World Oil Market Prices	Increase by US\$/MT 2.134	Increase by US\$/MT 27.229	n/a
BPS premiums	Increase by	Increase by US\$/MT	n/a

TABLE D: P	RODUCT	WORLD	MARKET	REFERENCE PR	ICES

	Port	Petrol	Diesel	Kerosene
Product received on:	DSM	February 2019	February 2019	February 2019
	Tanga	February 2019	February 2019	February 2019
	Mtwara	February 2019	February 2019	n/a
Weighted average FOB price for the month of:	DSM	January 2019	January 2019	January 2019
	Tanga	January 2019	January 2019	January 2019
	Mtwara	January 2019	January 2019	January 2019
The above Weighted average FOB prices are		December 2018	December 2018	December 2018
compared to the preceding prices for the month of:	Tanga	November 2018	November 2018	November 2018
	Mtwara	December 2018	December 2018	n/a

Nzinyangwa E. Mchany ACTING DIRECTOR GENERAL EWURA

Guardia.com

WEDNESDAY 6 MARCH 2019

Taking A New Look At The News **ESTABLISHED IN 1995**

Marking of international Women's Dar must serve the cause of justice

is celebrated on March 8 every year. It is a focal point in the movement for women's rights.

After the Socialist Party of America organised a Women's Day on February 28, 1909 in New York, the 1910 International Socialist Woman's Conference suggested a Women's Day be held annually. After women gained suffrage in Soviet Russia in 1917, March 8 became a national holiday there. The day was then predominantly celebrated by the socialist movement and communist countries until it was adopted in 1975 by the United Nations.

Today, International Women's Day is a public holiday in some countries and largely ignored elsewhere. In some places, it is a day of protest; in others, it is a day that celebrates womanhood.

The earliest Women's Day observance, called "National Woman's Day," was held on February 28, 1909 in New York, organised by the Socialist Party of America at the suggestion of Theresa Malkiel. Though there have been claims that the day was commemorating a protest by women garment workers in New York on March 8, 1857, researchers have described this as a myth.

Tanzania's ambitions to become a middle income economy by 2025 can be achieved if plans leading to it focus on eradicating harmful practices against women who play a key role in economic growth as portion of the population, a United Nations official has declared. UN Resident Coordinator for Tanzania, Alvaro Rodriguez, who is also the local representative of the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) said in an interview that this relationship comes from the fact that women are the majority in the population. "Leaving them behind in the economic growth process can deter plans because that means almost more than half of Tanzanians have been left behind," he pointed out.

Speaking on the sidelines of activities to mark the UN Women's Week ahead of the World Women's Day on 8th

"NTERNATIONAL Women's Day March to be held nationally in Mwanza. "Countries that have succeeded in achieving their plans managed to provide women with basic necessities such as education and health, therefore these women became assets in the economy building process. Failure to do so they become liabilities," he said.

He explained the week as aimed at highlighting the role of women in economic growth, saying that there is a huge number of women who feel they have been isolated, and mostly they are in remote areas.

The UN believes there are various opportunities in Tanzania for women to excel, but the main concern was Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) and child marriage among other harmful practices against women. "The business to bring those isolated on board is for all, however the main task now is to end the practices especially in male dominated societies," he asserted.

He said harmful practices against women can delay the economic growth process in one way or another. Empowerment should start at the level of birth, growth and into adulthood, he observed.

The UN envoy said Sustainable Development Goals are an opportunity to pool our efforts together and develop coherent, mutually effective and supporting policies for the economic lives of all women and girls.

"In line with Agenda 2030 for Sustainable Development, achieving gender equality at work is an essential precondition to translate our ambitions into actions," he stated.

The International Women's Day is a time to reflect on progress made, to call for change and to celebrate acts of courage and determination by ordinary women who have played an extraordinary role in the history of their countries and communities.

The day also offers time to reflect on the progress made, and celebrate acts of courage and determination by ordinary women, who have played an | body decays, his libido rages on. Mind the extraordinary role in the gender rights

The Guardian Limited Key Contacts

Managing Editor: WALLACE MAUGGO **Circulation Manager: EMMANUEL LYIMO**

Newsdesk

News Editor: LUSEKELO PHILEMON 0757154767 General line: 0745700710 E-mail: guardian@guardian.co.tz

Advertising

Manager Sales and Marketing: KAUTHAR DSOUZA 0767223311 E-mails: advertise@guardian.co.tz

epaper.ippmedia.com



By AbdulYassar Abdulhamid

HIS week reminds me of 'the great Japanese novelist, Junichiro Tanizaki's 1965 novel "Diary of a Mad old Man". This may not be unconnected with unbroken flows of information from different sources, perhaps, as the 2019 general elections were postponed by a week and as accusations and counter-accusations are being made by the two major political parties: the All Progressives Congress (APC) and the Peoples Democratic Party (PDP) on why the election was postponed are shaping the minds of electorates.

To take a sip from "Diary of a Mad Old Man", perhaps to draw analogy between the topic under discussion, which is the decline of true activism, and the said novel, it tells of a 77-year old man of refined tastes, who falls in love with his fleshy dancer daughter-in-law. As his opposing sides.

This week alone I read tens of commentaries on the 2019 elections postponement few hours to its commencement. As some of those commentaries sadden, others gladden. The two things I have noticed are the parallel lines drawn by the two mega political parties. The All progressives Congress (APC) and its supporters on one hand; and the Peoples Democratic Party (PDP) and its supporters on the other; and in the middle is an equivocal presence of some sold-out activists, who pretend to belong to neither of the political parties; but overtly working for the downfall of this great nation.

It is true that new technologies have opened up never-thought-before ways of communicating with people from far and near. People can, with ease, send pictorial or orthographic messages. A practical example is how in some hours the news

Adieu to 'true activism'

of the postponement of the elections, and uncountable reactions that greeted it saturated the air. Theories after theories followed. It gladdens me to see ideas that

will move this country forward being discussed. That is why when they talk of, for example, reducing maternal and child mortality, and or localizing tomato production, creating jobs, etc; we greet the initiatives with ovation. However, one cannot hide his hatred for those who are borrowing ideas from only-God-knows where to destroy this nation, wearing the garb of activism against possible attacks.

One thing we all have to put in our minds and embrace so dear to our chests Nigeria exist; and this nation will weather all forms of evil machinations against it, God willing.

Sadly, some self-appointed activists take such opportunities offered by technology for granted. They utilize it. They will coat their pseudo-intellectual narratives with sugared words to deceive their naïve readers/followers as though they are speaking the truth on the contemporary issues in this country. Their plan is to eat or spend not from their sweat. And the only way to do so is to borrow a deceptive air of a messiah.

When names like Martin Luther King Jr., Muhammad Ali, Mandela, Mahatma Gandhi, Cesar Chavez, Arvin Kajriwal, Baba Amte, etc, are mentioned, some of those pseudo-activists conditioned their mind into believing that they are taking a clue from those historic men, not knowing, or better not minding, that those men were not money-grubbing or

they had no intention, whatsoever, of to today's activism that sees fault in and riding upon the back of their people to greatness. What is "true activism" then? On "true activism" Bill Button wrote: "I see the word 'activist' used a lot these days. There are as many activists as there are causes, from 'Black Lives Matter' to 'Blue Lives Matter,' from refugee support groups to anti-immigration crusaders. But who among us truly knows the costs and rewards of activism? I also hear a lot of about 'civil liberties,' but there is little said about 'civil responsibility'".

For example, one of the leading figures in activism was Martin Luther King Jr. an Africa-American Baptist minister and activist. Despite being influential and the is the idea that political party or not, loudest voice then, king had to pay the utmost sacrifice. He was gunned down in 1968. This is the cost after years of shouldering civil responsibility.

To test to his loyalty to the movement he led, Baba Amte, known for empowering people suffering from leprosy, had to take bacilli injection to prove to his people that leprosy is not that very contagious. Even though trained as a lawyer and was leading a successful legal practice, Baba Amte died in one of the shelters meant for lepers.

I am not asking the so called activists to commit suicide; rather it is a question of how true are they to the cause. In Nigeria today what makes most of the activists, is neither 'civil responsibility' nor the cost; but the reward which the "activists" capitalize on. That is why, perhaps, the word activist is used deceptively by even people with questionable characters to accumulate wealth. In those days true activists had the audacity to tell the one, the younger generations will mistake selfish. They are out of their sweat and truth directly to the people. In contrast it for a career.

considers those in the corridor of power as the only people that count, activism of the olden days bent so low as to speak to the masses. It tells them the truth.

Civil societies are assumed to have possessed several potentials for ensuring effective management of common resources, have sound relationship with the constituents they said to be representing, and be filling the gap where government fails to take up its responsibilities or refuses to respond to people's demands or calls.

Alas! The assumed safe haven for the less privileged and the exploited have been hijacked by demagogues that appeal to the desires and prejudices of the ordinary people to achieve sinister political goals or accrue richness to themselves.

However, one may ask to where goes the grant those rabble-rousers receive from international organizations? And why the funding? Demagogues do not only imperil their country in the eyes of the world; but their rise poses a great danger. For instance, Northern Nigeria is gradually transforming into feardriven society as a result of the rise in demagogues. The impulses of declaring a war against a people perceived by those demagogues and minions is looming.

Sadly, demagogues are in the media today. They are the first to cry blue murders when their pay masters lose. They are everywhere polluting the ordinary people's mind with their giddily plummeting popularity. What next? Until we separate "true activism" from fake

help us move towards enhanced growth

We need to ensure education continues to

THE human mind makes possible all development achievements, from health advances and agricultural innovations to efficient administration and private sector growth. For countries to reap these benefits fully, and Tanzania is no exception, they need to unleash the potential of the human mind. And there is no better tool for doing so than education.

Twenty years ago, government officials and development partners met to affirm the importance of education in development-on economic development and broadly on improving people's lives-and together declared Education for All as a goal. While enrolments have risen in promising fashion around the world, learning levels have remained disappointingly and many remain left behind. Because growth, development, and poverty reduction depend on the knowledge and skills that people acquire, not the number of years that they sit in a classroom, we must transform our call to action from Education for All to Learning for All.

First, foundational skills acquired early in childhood make possible a lifetime of learning. The traditional view of education as starting in primary school takes up the challenge too late. The science of brain development shows that learning needs to be encouraged early and often, both inside and outside of the formal schooling system. In the primary years, quality teaching is essential to give students the foundational literacy and numeracy on which lifelong learning depends. Adolescence is also a period of high potential for learning, but many teenagers leave school at this point,

lured by the prospect of a job, the need to help their families, or turned away by the cost of schooling. For those who drop out too early, second-chance and nonformal learning opportunities are essential to ensure that all youth can acquire skills for the labour market.

Second, getting results requires smart investments—that is, investments that prioritise and monitor learning, beyond traditional metrics, such as the number of teachers trained or number of students enrolled. Quality needs to be the focus of education investments, with learning gains as the key metric of quality. Resources are too limited and the challenges too big to be designing policies and programs in the dark. We need evidence on what works in order to invest smartly.

Third, learning for all means ensuring that all students, and not just the most privileged or gifted, acquire the knowledge and skills that they need. Major challenges of access remain for disadvantaged populations at the primary, secondary and tertiary levels. We must lower the barriers that keep girls, children with disabilities, and ethnolinguistic minorities from attaining as much education as other population groups. "Learning for All" promotes the equity goals that underlie Education for All and the SDGs. Without confronting equity issues, it will be impossible to achieve the objective of learning for all. Achieving learning for all will be challenging, but it is the right agenda for the next decade. It is the knowledge and skills that children and youth acquire today-not simply their school attendance-that will drive their employability, productivity, health, and well-being in the decades to come, and that will help ensure that their communities and nations thrive.

By Dr. Hanif Hassan Ali Al Qassim HE defeat of ISIS in Middle East and North African battlefields is now a reality. The terrorist group - which brought bereavement to the populations of the Arab region - has been defeated militarily in Iraq and in Syria.

Mosul, Raqqa, Tikrit and Ramadi - once considered as ISIS bastions in the Middle East - are now liberated and an era of brutality, cruelty and violence has come to an end. Although off-shoot factions still exist in countries such as Libya, Yemen, Egypt and in small pockets of Syria, the military defeat of ISIS marks a new era for Arab countries in their endeavours to rebuild societies ravaged by violence and armed conflict. Nonetheless, the "real work" to defeat ISIS and its heinous ideology lies in de-radicalizing returning militants and addressing the root-causes that initially provided fertile ground to the rise of radicalism.

Radicalism is not a new phenomenon. All regions of the world have witnessed the rise and fall of extremist forces at one

De-radicalisation and the defeat of ISIS: Radicalisation will not disappear by itself far-right apocalypse prior to and during the Second World War. Radicalism and violent extremism later became the trademarks of nationalist, radicalist Marxist and fundamentalist groups during the Cold War. In order to counter the invasion of Soviet Union and the "red threat" in Afghanistan radicalization was used as a "weapon of war" to mobilize radical movements to counter the Soviet sphere of influence. The trauma inflicted upon the Middle East and North Africa by relentless foreign invasions which have been occurring since the beginning of the 2000s - have once again given rise to extremist violence. The result: a generation of radicals with ultra-conservative views motivated to carry out attacks on societies and governments which do not comply with their ideologies.

"Once the genie is out of the bottle, who can force it back in?" One would assume that the adverse effect of Cold War radicalization would serve as lessons learned for decision-makers in their endeavours to address and roll-back

time or another. Europe was the scene of radicalization. However, it appears that politicians and policy analysts presume that radicalization will disappear by itself as was initially thought with the collapse of the Iron Curtain.

Governments worldwide are now worried by the surge of ISIS fighters set to return to their home societies. And they have good reasons to remain disturbed. In a rushed attempt to identify solutions to counter radicalism, legislation criminalizing the involvement of individuals in extremist movements has been introduced for purposes of enhancing security. But will legislation alone prevent individuals - and in particular youth - from joining or remaining in extremist movements?

Imposing legislation is a step in the right direction, but it must be complemented by a full-fledged analysis of the genesis of violent extremism and radicalism. Inequality, marginalization, xenophobia, unemployment, ignorance, poverty, social exclusion and political marginalization as well as foreign intrusions, among other factors, contribute to the rise of radicalism.

Ignoring these factors - and relying solely on criminalizing radicalism - is equivalent to "treating the symptom rather than the problem." Every country must look into its own characteristics and the interplay between the push and pull factors of radicalization to address its adverse

Every society must have an open discussion about the root causes that incite youth to head to the battlefields of Aleppo, Raqqa or Mosul to fight for causes that starkly contradict the true values of humanity. Extremist violence is here to stay for some time. In order to roll it back, a long-term strategy that will go beyond security reinforcements is desperately needed. It will require political, cultural and sociological explanations.

Another factor which demands the urgent attention of decision makers worldwide is Internet radicalization. The United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime has repeatedly warned against the phenomenon of Internet radicalization and urging Member States to work towards "a proactive and coordinated



A collaboration with U.S. DoD



Henry Jackson Foundation Medical Research International (HJFMRI) In Support of the U.S. Military HIV Research Program (MHRP)is an international non-governmental organization working in several countries providing care and treatment to people affected by HIV/AIDS and conducting research studies and has been actively involved in HIV and AIDS programming for over 30 years.

HJFMRI implements PEPFAR funded HIV prevention, care and treatment activities in the Southern Highlands, providing resources, personnel and services to the Zone. The program has expanded from supporting the Mbeya Zonal Referral Hospital in becoming a hub for anti-retroviral treatment in the Southern Highlands zone; to community support through decentralized services, with the overall objective of implementing research, clinical HIV, prevention, care and treatment services in Mbeya, Rukwa, Katavi, Ruvuma and Songwe regions in the zone.

In collaboration with the Ministry of Health, Community Development, Gender, Elderly and Children (MoHCDGEC) and community NGOs, HJFMRI has been leading a comprehensive HIV and AIDS care and support program in the Southern Highlands of Tanzania since 2004. The program, which is sub-contracting with Regional Health Management Teams (RHMTs) and 14 community outreach partners, extends to 25 district councils in the five regions. Collectively, the zone, which has one of the highest HIV prevalence rates in Tanzania, represents a catchment area with close to 6 million people (13% of the population of Tanzania mainland). Despite remarkable achievements made over the past ten years, the expansion of HIV care and treatment interventions remains critical both at the facility as well as the community level.

HJFMRI is seeking qualified candidates to fill the position below. Cover letters and resumes should be sent by mail through post/EMS/DHL/ or any reliable Courier to the Human Resources and Administration Manager, P.O. Box 6396, Mbeva or transmitted by email to; recruitment@wrp-t.org NOTE: to be considered, applicants must put the TITLE OF THE JOB in the SUBJECT LINE, hand delivery applications are not accepted. Deadline for submission of the application is March 21st, 2019. Those who do not meet the minimum requirements as detailed below should not submit applications. "CVs should not include any reference to marital status, birth place, as well as tribal and/or religious affiliations. Any CVs containing this information will not be considered for employment.

JOB DESCRIPTIONS

Job Title: **HJFMRI** Continuous Quality Improvement Officer

Regional Program Manager Reports to:

Location: HJFMRI regional office (Mbeya, Songwe, Ruvumu,

Rukwa/Katavi)

General Overview:

Reporting to the Regional Program Manager and receiving technical guidance from the technical advisor for CQI, the CQI Officer will ensure that quality improvement initiatives are carried out across the region, making certain that activities are based on gaps and challenges identified through ongoing supportive supervision visits and other assessments of HIV services, while adhering to the Tanzanian Quality Improvement Framework in Health Care. The Continuous Quality Improvement Officer will be part of the regional team at HJFMRI, with close links to the CQI advisors and other technical staff and with the main focus on improving the quality of HIV services provided by the organization, as well as HIV services provided by supported health facilities and outreach partners. Quality of program activities will be measured and analyzed and feedback to his/her direct supervisor on a regular basis is expected .S/he will be based at one of the regional offices (Mbeya/Songwe, Ruvuma or Rukwa/Katavi) with frequent (50%) travels to the districts and occasional travel to Mbeya and Dar Es Salaam for different program activities.

Primary Duties and Responsibilities

- Coordinate HIV related Quality Improvement (QI) activities within the region amongst health facility staff, program staff and R/CHMTs.
- Work in close collaboration with CQI coordinators at the Regional Medical Office, and assure consistency of HIV care and treatment services in supported sites as per established national guidelines
- · Collaborate with HJFMRI technical leads and regional teams, as well as R/ CHMTs to implement and maintain an effective and coordinated approach to supportive supervision
- Plan and organize the comprehensive quarterly supportive

- supervision visits and provide appropriate schedules for staff distribution, vehicle use and facilities visited
- Support the coordination and implementation of supportive supervision, mentorship and remediation visits at regional and district level, in close collaboration with the Regional Program Manager, the CQI Advisor and the Remediation and Mentorship Advisor
- Effectively collaborate with field based WRP/HJFMRI clinical team and health facilities CQI teams to analyse gaps and challenges identified during supportive supervision visits and subsequently provide technical assistance for remediation/action plans
- Monitor the activities of CQI teams at health facility and outreach partner level and communicate with the teams on a regular basis
- · Receive QI reports from facility based and outreach partners with QI teams on a monthlybasis, analyze the reports and provide feedback to the direct supervisor and the CQI team.
- Ensure that the electronic reporting tool for selected CQI indicators is filled in timely manner and provide technical assistance to complete the monthly reports where necessary
- · Conduct regular coaching sessions for CQI at facility level, targeting the facility CQI teams
- · Facilitate and participate in site visits to assess the progress in CQI implementation at partner level and identify ways forward to deal with challenges
- · Work with field based clinical teams to provide on-site QI consultations and coaching to supported sites, using information gathered during assessments, so that results are used to effect changes in HIV clinic practice.
- Any other duties to support the program as assigned from time to

Secondary Responsibilities:

- Support the regional HJFMRI technical team to include CQI in their day to day activities and monitor the implementation of these activities.
- Ensure that the regional and district HJFMRI teams include quality improvement activities on program, R/CHMT and facility/outreach partner levels
- · Ensure availability and use of the national and international policies, guidelines, training manuals, recording and reporting tools and information, education and communication materials that relate to the Quality Improvement Program/Initiative
- · Periodically measure and improve the quality of HIV/AIDS and related care, be it through supportive supervision and / or other available means
- · Be involved in the development of clinical program quality indicators and track them over time, using the results for remediation of gaps and challenges
- · Support the facilitation of QI meetings at regional and district levels, notably for program staff and representatives of medical and outreach partners
- Collaborate with RHMT and CHMT to identify CQI implementation gaps and support the development of evidence based interventions to rectify and maintain quality HIV &AIDS services.
- Communicate best practices and updates to ensure consistency in the program application and to maximize effectiveness in overall program implementation and management
- Participate in QI meetings at local and national level

Required Skills, Knowledge & Experience

- MD or equivalent
- At least 1year of experience in clinical medicine
- Previous exposure to the planning and implementing HIV/AIDS care and treatment programs is an added advantage
- · Prior experience in CQI or mentorship activities is an added advantage.
- Clear understanding of Tanzanian health structure and system
- Strong interpersonal, oral and written communication skills
- Fluency in the English language
- Computer skills in basic applications such as Microsoft Office
- · Basic understanding of monitoring and evaluation and data analysis is an added advantage

Job Title: **Procurement Officer**

Reports to: **Procurement and Logistics Director** Location:

General Overview

The procurement officer is responsible for assisting Procurement and Logistics Director in managing the flow of procurement activity to implement the HJFMRI HIV and TPDF Programs in the country.

Primary Duties or Key responsibilities:

- Develop Procurement Plan and Manage its execution
- Perform vendor pre qualifications process including vendor's due diligence and maintain a pool of competent, reliable service providers
- · Ascertaining program demand and ensure efficiency delivery of procurement services.
- Receiving and analyzing purchase requests from user departments in Mbeya, TPDF (DSM) and Regional offices to determine the appropriate method of procurement i.e. quotation, tender or RFP and forward them to senior management for approval.
- Liaise with technical team to establish technical specifications for the items to be procured.
- Sourcing quotes, tenders from potential and preferred vendors.
- Issue addendum to quotations, tenders and proposals as required • Perform bid analysis, technical evaluations and award procurement opportunity to the best vendor while considering
- overall value addition to the Program Supply Chain Process purchase order approvals for TPDF and HJFMRI HIV programs requests
- Follow up with vendors and expedite where necessary to ensure timely delivery of requested goods/consignment
- · Verification of the documents received from vendors for authenticity and accuracy before payment processing
- · Prepare payments requests with fully documentation and forward them to Finance for further processing to vendors
- · Process and follow up advertisement of program positions and RFPs/ITBs
- · Maintain an up-to-date knowledge of the supply market for all HJFMRI-T supplies and services
- · Manage constructive business relationship with suppliers and other Supply Chain stakeholders
- Manage supply risk by anticipating demand, review supply market and developing supplier's contingency plan.
- Perform costs benefit analysis on procurement of equipments versus leasing option and provide proper advice to Procurement and Logistics Director on economic model to adopt.
- · Prepare weekly reports and any other highlights as may be requested
- Develop and manage contracts for recurring procurement services to improve efficiency on service delivery
- Negotiate best deals with the vendors for program costs control and costs management. Perform suppliers performance appraisal in order to maintain best
- performers and delist non performing vendors Work as liaison officer between HJFMRI Mbeya office and key
- supply chain stakeholders like TRA, TFDA, US Embassy and other service suppliers residing in DSM.
- Process/file Tax exemptions/reimbursement with relevant authorities including VAT and import duties for imported goods and local supplies.
- Manage TPDF and DSM office logistics to ensure efficient movement of staffs and supplies for proper management of Program activities.
- Perform other related duties and responsibilities as may be assigned from time to time by supervisor.

Qualification and Experience:

- · A minimum of a Bachelor Degree or its equivalent from a recognized institute of higher learning in the field of Procurement and Supplies Management, Business Administration, Economics, or related field.
- · Registration with Procurement and Supplies Professionals and Technicians Board (PSPTB) will be an added advantage.
- A minimum of three years of working experience at comparable level in a large organization or an NGO with significant experience in procurement Management.

Key Competencies:

- Must be of high integrity.
- Possess good report writing skills.
- Ability to provide, technical advice to management.
- Excellent computer skills in Microsoft office programs and ability to employ computerized systems to schedule work.
- Capable of exercising good and individual judgments
- Possess good organization and planning skills
- Insightful, organized, diligent, analytical, ability to produce results, trustworthy, assertive.
- · Ability to take initiative and work under pressure with limited supervision.

HJFMRI is an equal opportunity employer; women are highly encouraged to apply.

Is mob violence out of control in South Africa?

BY LIZETTE LANCASTER

T least two people a day die as a result of vigilante or group attacks in South Africa. One such incident recently went viral on social media. In the disturbing video, 28-year-old Thoriso Themane is dragged, assaulted and stoned by a mob that allegedly includes pupils from Capricorn High School in Limpopo. By 1 March, nine people had been arrested for the murder. Themane's death traumatised family and friends, and those who witnessed his brutal attack.

National Police Commissioner General Khehla Sitole condemned the incident, saying 'any act of vigilantism is as much criminal as the action of the person accused of committing a crime'.

Violence is so normalised in society that 'ordinary' people commit horrific acts, at times in response to high levels of crime and perceptions that police and government crime-reduction strategies are ineffective.

In their analysis of the 2017/18 crime statistics, the South African Police Service (SAPS) associated at least 846 of the 20 336 murders with mob justice. The true figure is probably far higher because motives cannot be established in all murder cases, and the SAPS doesn't formally quantify vigilante violence.

Protest research by the Institute for Security Studies (ISS) shows that many largely peaceful crime-related protests as well as vigilante attacks take place in South Africa every year (see map). Incidents mapped as part of the ISS' public violence monitor are by no means exhaustive as the mainstream media tend to report only the most serious cases.

It is difficult to determine whether vigilantism and mob attacks are increasing because comprehensive statistics are not readily available. But vigilantism and group violence have occurred in South Africa for centuries in the absence of just and equitable law alight.

enforcement under colonial and apartheid governments.

Crime statistics suggest that many communities experience high levels of violence and crime. Public confidence in the criminal justice system is often low and people don't trust the police to protect them. In fact, the latest Afrobarometer Survey for 2018 reveals that 66% of people mostly don't trust the police and 46% don't trust the courts.

Those who can, invest in private security and measures such as burglar bars, alarms, dogs and firearms for protection. The 2018 National Victims of Crime Survey by Statistics SA shows that 52% of households nationally use such measures to protect their homes. Eleven percent of households employ private security services, with Gauteng and the Western Cape usage being the highest at roughly 18%. Even with these measures, many still feel vulnerable.

Those who can't afford security measures often feel neglected by the police and alone in protecting their families and homes. The crime survey also shows that 3.5% of households belong to self-help groups. These include self-defence classes or organised or semi-organised local groups.

Research shows that young men are most at risk of becoming both the victims and perpetrators of crime. It is therefore likely that they are also most at risk of becoming victims and perpetrators of 'mob justice'.

In most instances when people intervene to stop crimes in progress, suspected offenders are caught and handed over to the police or traditional authorities. The problem comes when suspects are not only caught but also 'punished'.

The cases that usually make it into the media are those in which suspects are killed. Death normally happens through beatings or stoning, but the most notorious method is apartheidstyle 'necklacing', where a car tyre is placed around the suspect and set



Vigilantism is both a symptom and cause of a society where violence has become nor-

All types of mob or vigilante action run the risk of targeting innocent people who are in the wrong place at the wrong time. Despite their well-documented shortcomings, criminal justice systems in democracies are designed to be fair, with separate law enforcement and prosecutorial functions.

Importantly, the accused is allowed the opportunity to respond to the allegations and face the accusers in a safe environment. Most, if not all, of these principles fall away when an emotional crowd takes the law ence severe insecurity and trau-

into their own hands.

The inevitable consequence of vigilantism is that sections of the community transition from largely law-abiding people into criminals. Once on this path, the state becomes secondary and private groups - be they gangs, militia or local businesses - become the alternative to government. They rule localities through the often arbitrary use of violence and fear.

People in these situations, particularly children exposed to violence often meted out on the whim of local warlords, experi-

The normalisation of violence that results increases the likelihood that violence is used to deal with stress and conflict in personal relationships and elsewhere in their lives. Violence then becomes a regular part of daily life, with few boundaries.

South Africa desperately needs effective, professional and responsive policing in high-violence communities. When there are clear violations of the law, the state must be seen to respond swiftly and fairly.

The country needs strong

community leaders to condemn violence and take concerns of community members seriously. Children must be raised in supportive environments by parents who demonstrate other ways to resolve conflict besides violence. Social cohesion and tolerance of all people irrespective of nationality, sexual orientation and other qualities is needed.

But as long as South Africans feel the state cannot keep them safe, they are likely to seek their own justice, often with horrific repercussions.

China to slash taxes, boost lending to prop up slowing economy

BEIJING

HINA sought to shore up its slowing economy through billions of dollars in planned tax cuts and infrastructure spending, with economic growth at its weakest in almost 30 years due to softer domestic demand and a trade war with the United

The government is targeting economic growth of 6.0 to 6.5 percent in 2019, Premier Li Keqiang said at Tuesday's opening of the annual meeting of China's parliament, less than the 6.6 percent gross domestic product growth reported last vear.

Sources told Reuters earlier this year that China would cut its 2019 growth target to 6.0 to 6.5 percent from the 2018 target of around 6.5 percent as both global and domestic demand ebbed and the U.S. trade war heightened economic risks.

Speaking in Beijing's Great Hall of the People, Li warned of the challenges the world's second-largest economy faced and pledged to keep it on a safe footing with an array of stimulus measures.

"The environment facing China's development this year is more complicated and more severe," he said. "There will be more risks and challenges that are either predictable or unpredictable and we must be fully prepared for a tough battle."

Li said China's fiscal policy would become "more forceful", with planned cuts of nearly 2 trillion yuan (\$298.3 billion) in taxes and fees for companies.

Those tax cuts are more aggressive than the 1.3 trillion yuan delivered in 2018 and include reductions aimed at supporting the manufacturing, transport and construction sectors.

China's GDP last year expanded at its slowest pace since 1990 due to the trade war and Beijing's crackdown on financial risks, which raised corporate borrowing costs and hurt investment.

Analysts say Beijing's move to adopt a GDP target range, rather than a single growth figure, gives policymakers room to maneuver. But the increase in planned fiscal stimulus marks an explicit acknowledgement that authorities remain concerned about growth.

"If you are not sick you will not take so many medicines at one time," said Iris Pang, Greater China Economist at ING Wholesale Banking. "It means the head-



winds have not gone away, they are still

A longer-term campaign to curb polluting and low-value industries also slowed China's vast manufacturing sector.

China has ramped up the propaganda in the run-up to parliament, with state media releasing English-language videos and even a rap song praising the event as an exercise in Chinese democracy, though the legislature never rejects laws and its members are chosen for their loyalty to the Communist Party.

The annual gathering in the capital includes more than 3,000 delegates, who

Chinese **President Xi** Jinping and **Chinese Premier** Li Keqiang arrive for the opening session of the National People's Congress (NPC) at the Great Hall of the People in Beijing, China, March 5, 2019. **REUTERS/Jason** nic minorities showing up in colorful traditional outfits.

To support growth, Li said China would closely monitor employment at exporting companies heavily exposed to the U.S. market and cut the value-added tax (VAT) for the manufacturing sector to 13 percent from 16 percent. VAT for the transport and construction sectors will be cut to 9 percent from 10 percent.

China aims to create more than 11 million new urban jobs this year and keep the urban unemployment

come from all over China, with eth-rate within 4.5 percent, in line with its 2018 goals. At the same time, it will cut the social security fees paid by companies.

DEEPER TAX CUTS, SUPPORT

TO SMES In a push to ramp up infrastructure investment, China's finance ministry raised the special bond issuance quota for local governments to 2.15 trillion yuan (\$320.8 billion)

from 1.35 trillion yuan last year. The lower tax revenue and higher government spending push

China's budget deficit target for this year up to 2.8 percent of GDP from last year's 2.6 percent.

The government has also set a consumer inflation target of around 3 percent despite a recent softening in price rises to less than 2 percent, which gives Beijing some room to stimulate consumption.

Over the past year, China's central bank has cut the reserve requirements for commercial lenders five times to spur loans to small and private companies - vital for growth

icy would be "neither too tight nor too loose" and that the government would not resort to a flood of liquidity. Growth targets for M2 money supply, which includes cash in circulation and deposits, and total social financing this year would be in line with nominal GDP growth.

Li said on Tuesday monetary pol-

To support private and smaller firms, Li said Beijing will step up targeted cuts in the reserve requirement ratio for smaller and mediumsized banks with an aim to boost lending to small companies by large banks by more than 30 percent.

The government must also continue reforms to hand more power to market forces, Li said, including steps to reduce red tape so that companies can "spend more time doing business and less time chasing approvals."

TRADE RISKS

Addressing one of the biggest challenges China's economy faces, the government's work report to parliament said it would continue to promote Sino-U.S. trade negotiations and was committed to safeguarding economic globalization and free trade.

Li's work report also said China will further improve market access for foreign investment and create an environment in which Chinese and foreign firms are "treated as equals and engage in fair competition."

Separately, China's top banking regulator said on Tuesday Beijing could "absolutely" reach an agreement with the United States on opening up its financial sector, even as the country's commerce minister admitted talks with Washington had been difficult.

In recent weeks, the United States and China appear to have moved closer to a trade deal that would roll back U.S. tariffs on at least \$200 billion worth of Chinese goods.

U.S. Secretary of State Mike Pompeo said on Monday he thought both nations were "on the cusp" of a deal to end their trade war.

AGENCIES

TALIRI project to improve livestock production

By Guardian Correspondent, Dodoma

TANZANIA Livestock Research Institute (TALIRI) is in line to introduce Multiple Ovulation and Embryo Transfer (MOET) programme as part of retooling biotechnology laboratory at its Mpwapwa Centre, a move that will help increase livestock production in

According to the Director General of TALIRI, Dr Eligy Shirima, the timely

project aims to produce over 5,000 pure Mpwapwa cattle breed and their respective crossbreeds by the end of the third year (2020) after the project's phases out.

"The retooling of biotechnology laboratory will provide the key tools for developing and enhancing sustainable livestock production in Tanzania," Dr Shirima expressed.

He added that, the Taliri-Mpwapwa biotechnology laboratory is expected to enhance rapid multiplication of quality livestock (dairy and beef cattle) that can stimulate the growth of dairy and meet processing industries through increased production of raw materials needed by the

He said the rate of livestock genetic improvement is very low coupled with inadequacy of improved livestock, saying only 2 per cent of 25 million cattle have been genetically improved in the country.

Dr Shirima said different strategies have been arranged to provide not only inclusiveness, but also sustainability room for the technology, pointing

out among the strategies as open nucleus breeding scheme.

"The strategy will be used to deliver these services to stakeholders particularly farmers, public and private farms, franchised distributors, research institutions and universities," he said.

Moreover, he detailed, the state -of the -heart lab will be linked with different potential partners including Sokoine University of Agriculture (SUA), Tanzania National Artificial Insemination Centre (NAIC) and Massey University in New Zealand through memorandum of understanding MoU.

He said the MoU between TALIRI and Massey University will support the activities to be provided by this lab in terms of training of staff and joint research

On the other hand, the TALIRI's chief boss said the laboratory will not only be used to produce livestock semen and embryos, but also ex-situ conservation of livestock germplasms to prevent the risk of losing livestock genes of economic importance.

"It will also help to enhance animal genetic gain and improve their reproductive performances and productivity," he added.



August Minja (2nd-R), headmaster of Kisarawe District's Christon Secondary School, briefs Sungwi division officer Casmir Kombo (2nd-L) at graduation ceremony held at the school at the weekend. The latter was the chief guest. Photo: Guardian

Correspondent

AfDB calls for strong responses to migration-related challenges

Abidjan

THE third annual Africa Resilience Forum opened here on Monday with African Development Bank (AfDB) Senior Vice President Charles Boamah outlining the benefits that safe, controlled migration bring to countries of origin, transit and destination.

"I can attest that migration enriches our lives while allowing us to learn and contribute," he told delegates, among them government ministers, members of the diplomatic corps and AfDB staff and senior management.

Boamah (pictured) commended the choice of the conference's theme on migration issues, saying: "This year's theme of fragility, migration and resilience could not be more pertinent because we are going to focus on several issues, including the relationships between migration, humanitarian issues and security; youth and job creation; migration and gender; and climate change and the impact on the environment."

Policy makers, representatives of international organisations, researchers, members of civil society and businesspeople at the forum were scheduled to continue to consider migration in the context of fragility and resilience in six plenary sessions and eight parallel workshops yesterday and today.

In 2017, Africans accounted for 10 per cent of the 258 million people who migrated worldwide.

"Understanding migration is therefore important for the African Development Bank because this work provides options to support programmes that will reduce migration flows at the same time as increasing yields," said Boamah.

He added: "While most of the discourse on African migration focuses on the Mediterranean, it is important to stress that general intra-African migration accounts for 70 per cent. This rises to 80 per cent for sub-Saharan

A plenary dedicated to "innovative solutions in the field of migration", including financial solutions, was ex-



pected to highlight how poverty and low employment prospects become powerful drivers of migration and in-

The 'Migration-Security-Development' triangle was, meanwhile, at the heart of discussions at another plenary session as participants reviewed migrant-smuggling and the impacts of tightened border controls with the goal of exploding popular myths about migration.

Migration within the African continent was discussed during a parallel ina is a member of the high-level pansession on 'Intra-African migration: challenges and policies', while another workshop focused on 'climate change, migration and building resil-

A single platform for discussion and debate, the Forum was organised by the Transition States Coordination Office with support from the Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation and the participation of the International Organisation for Migration, the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, the International Labour Organisation and the Making Finance Work for Africa initiative.

The debates held at the Forum were expected to benefit from the new Country Resilience and Fragility Assessment (CRFA) tool, which uses the concept of the internal and external pressures on countries and their rican countries categorised as fragile. capacity to address the challenges.

"Migration challenges require bold responses. In this regard, the bank has developed tools. The CRFA... is an excellent tool to build resilience in our regional member countries," said

AfDB is also working on migration in collaboration with the African Union, the United Nations Economic Commission for Africa, African civil society organisations and African businesses.

AfDB President Dr Akinwumi Adesel on migration, which is chaired by former Liberian President Ellen Johnson Sirleaf.

AfDB provided substantial assistance to Libyan refugees in Tunisia in 2011 and in 2015 it extended its aid to refugees in Djibouti as well as similar projects in Burundi, Mali, Nigeria, Senegal and Zimbabwe.

The bank has also launched the 'Jobs for Youth in Africa' programme, which offers young Africans employment, particularly in the agricultural sector as part of a strategy to prevent youth from succumbing to the temptations of migration.

Over 400 participants from around the world are taking part in the Forum, which is expected to propose concrete actions to address the challenges posed by migration and to help build resilience within the 21 Af-

300 stakeholders in 4 regions trained in management and leadership skills

By Guardian Reporter

MORE than 300 private health care stakeholders (PHCS) from Dar es Salaam, Mbeya, Rukwa and Njombe regions have benefited from basic businesses and management skills training thanks to the initiatives made by Afya Microfinance (AMiF)

AMiF is a social enterprise established in 2012 by the association of private health facilities in tanzania (APHFTA) for the purpose of improving health services in Tanzania by providing affordable loans to accredited drug dispensing outlets (ADDOs), hospitals, dispensaries, clinics, health centres, pharmacies, laboratories and any other private providers of health care services. .

In less than ten years, AMiF managed to support over 300 businesses in 10 regions of Tanzania empowering health sector entrepreneurs to improve their businesses by accessing loans, expanding the type of services offered, and their businesses to serve more people. Agnes Nyasebo, a nurse-midwife working in a peri-urban area of Dar es Salaam is AMiF beneficiary, whose small beginnings of selling medicines informally from her house has expanded to a registered business with its own premises.

AMiF provided guidance and advisory

support that enabled her to receive an initial loan of 1m/- that helped her register her business, renovate the shop to meet the ADDO standards, and increase her inventory. "AMiF linked me with a reputable supplier and negotiated a lower price for drugs and supplies. In no time I was able to repay my loan and received additional financing for 3m/- to scale up my business," said Agnes. According to Agnes, her through her business she was able to employ an assistant as she invests more time in exploring opportunities to expand her business.

"Over the course of the two loans, Agnes' income had risen from 15,000/- per day, with three clients to 150,000/- per day with over 40 clients," said Fares Kapinga head of credit

Kapinga said that AMiF plans to access providers of private health care services and ensure quality, access and affordable healthcare services across the country, focusing on lower end facilities especially those based in disadvantaged areas.

The human development innovation fund (HDIF) provided funding to the association of private health facilities in Tanzania (APHFTA) to develop a customised loan products for an underserved micro-lending market while improving access to first line health services.



INVITATION FOR TENDER

Save the Children is the world is leading independent organisation for children. We work in 120 countries. We save children's lives; we fight for their rights; we help them fulfil their potential. We work together, with our partners, to inspire breakthroughs in the way the world treats children and to achieve immediate and lasting change in their lives. We have over two million supporters worldwide to reach more children through programmes in health, nutrition, education, protection and child rights, also in times of humanitarian crises.

Save the Children Tanzania is inviting applications for pre-qualification and registration of suppliers. We also seek to establish Framework agreements for a period of Two (2) years as per the categories of Goods and Services listed below.

S/N	Ref. No	Category
1	ITT/SCITZ/2019/003	Office Supplies (IT Equipment & Accessories)
2	ITT/SCITZ/2019/004	Printing & Branding of Visibility Material
3	ITT/SCITZ/2019/005	Vehicle Maintenance & Repair Services
4	ITT/SCITZ/2019/006	Non-Food Items (NFI)
5	ITT/SCITZ/2019/007	Contractors (Building and Civil Works)
6	ITT/SCITZ/2019/008	Transport Services (Car hire & Taxi)
7	ITT/SCITZ/2019/009	Vehicle Fuel (Diesel, Petrol & Lubricants) services

Bidders are at liberty to bid one or both categories.

All eligible bidders are requested to send an email with the above tender reference in the subject line to tanzania.logsshared@savethechildren.org to access complete tender documents with detailed technical specifications and other details.

Please submit a complete and sealed Tender Documents marked either of the three or both Reference numbers above (ITT/SCITZ/2019/003, ITT/SCITZ/2019/004, ITT/SCITZ/2019/005) to be submitted to Save the Children International Tanzania Country Office at the address below latest by 27th March 2019 at or before 1430hours (2.30pm). Any received document after the indicated time shall be rejected.

> Address to: **Tender Committee**

Save the Children International – Tanzania Office Plot No. 257 Kiko Avenue, Mwai Kibaki Road, Mikocheni P. O. Box 10414, Dar es Salaam

Further clarification could be sought through email: tanzania.logsshared@savethechildren.org

Save the Children reserves the right to accept or reject any application or part thereof, and is not bound to give reasons for its decision. Applicants who will not hear from us after 60 days should consider their application unsuccessful.

Minimum wage: How applicable is it actually to workers' welfare?

By MUHARRAM MACATTA

QUIVALENTLY, it is the price floor below which workers may not sell their labour. Although minimum wage laws are in effect in many jurisdictions, differences of opinion exist about the benefits and drawbacks of a minimum

Supporters of the minimum wage say it increases the standard of living of workers, reduces poverty, reduces inequality, and boosts morale.

In contrast, opponents of the minimum wage say it increases poverty, increases unemployment (particularly among unskilled or inexperienced workers) and is damaging to businesses, because excessively high minimum wages require businesses to raise the prices of their product or service to accommodate the extra expense of paying a higher wage and some low-wage workers "will be unable to find work... [and] will be pushed into the ranks of the unemployed."

In an economy with a central bank, the bank may therefore attempt to keep an eye on asset price appreciation and take measures to curb high levels of speculative activity in financial asset. This is usually done by increasing the interest rate (that is, the cost of borrowing money). (Historically, this is not the only approach taken by central banks.

It has been argued that they should stay out of it and let the bubble, if it is one, take its course.)

Possible causes: In the 1970s, excess monetary expansion after the U.S. came off the gold standard (August 1971) created massive commodities bubbles. These bubbles only ended when "the U.S. Central Bank (Federal Reserve) finally reined in the excess money, raising federal funds interest rates to over 14%."

The commodities bubble popped and prices of oil and gold, for instance, came down to their proper levels. Similarly, low interest rate policies by the U.S. Federal Reserve in the 2001-2004 are believed to have exacerbated housing and commodities bubbles.

The housing bubble popped as subprime mortgages began to default at much higher rates than expected, which also coincided with the rising of the fed funds rate.

It has also been variously suggested that bubbles may be rational, intrinsic, and contagious. To date, there is no widely accepted theory to explain their occurrence. Recent computer-

in causing financial bubbles.

Puzzlingly or strangely for some, bubbles occur even in highly predictable experimental markets, where uncertainty is eliminated and market participants should be able to calculate the intrinsic value of the assets simply by examining the expected stream of dividends.

Nevertheless, bubbles have been observed repeatedly in experimental markets, even with participants such as business students, managers, and professional traders. Experimental bubbles have proven robust to a variety of conditions, including shortselling, margin buying, and insider trading.

While there is no clear agreement on what causes bubbles, there is evidence to suggest that they are not caused by bounded rationality or assumptions about the irrationality of others, as assumed by greater fool theory.

It has also been shown that bubbles appear even when market participants are well-capable of pricing assets correctly. Further, it has been shown that bubbles appear even when speculation is not possible or when over-confidence is absent.

More recent theories of asset bubble formation suggest that they are likely sociologically-driven events, thus explanations that merely involve fundamental factors or snippets of human behaviour are incomplete at best.

It may be argued that market speculation is driven by culturally-situated narratives that are deeply embedded in and supported by the prevailing institutions of the time.

They cite factors such as bubbles forming during periods of innovation, easy credit, loose regulations, and internationalized investment as reasons why narratives play such an influential role in the growth of asset bubbles.

One possible cause of bubbles is excessive monetary liquidity in the financial system, inducing lax or inappropriate lending standards by the banks, which makes markets vulnerable to volatile asset price inflation caused by short-term, leveraged spec-

For example, the former experienced German Banker has argued that "The past has shown that an overly generous provision of liquidity in global financial markets in connection with a very low level of interest rates promotes the formation of asset-price

According to the explanation, excessive monetary liquidity (easy credit, generated agency models suggest ex- large disposable incomes) potentially cessive leverage could be a key factor occurs while fractional reserve banks



Employees carry placards bearing various messages during past May Day celebrations

are implementing expansionary monetary policy (i.e. lowering of interest rates and flushing the financial system with money supply); this explanation may differ in certain details according to economic philosophy.

Those who believe the money supply is controlled exogenously by a central bank may attribute an 'expansionary monetary policy' to said bank and (should one exist) a governing body or institution; others who believe that the money supply is created endogenously by the banking sector may attribute such a 'policy' with the behaviour of the financial sector itself, and view the state as a passive or reactive factor.

This may determine how central or relatively minor/inconsequential policies like fractional reserve banking and the central bank's efforts to raise or lower short-term interest rates are to one's view on the creation, inflation and ultimate implosion of an economic bubble.

Explanations focusing on interest rates tend to take on a common form, however: When interest rates are set excessively low, (regardless of the mechanism by which it is accomplished) investors tend to avoid putting their capital into savings accounts.

Instead, investors tend to leverage their capital by borrowing from banks and invest the leveraged capital in financial assets such as stocks and real estate.

Risky leveraged behaviour like speculation and "Ponzi Schemes" can lead to an increasingly fragile economy, and may also be part of what pushes asset prices artificially upward until the bubble pops.

just a series of unrelated accidents. Instead, what we're seeing is what happens when too much money is chasing too few investment opportunities.

Simply put, economic bubbles often occur when too much money is chasing too few assets, causing both good assets and bad assets to appreciate excessively beyond their fundamentals to an unsustainable level.

Once the bubble bursts, the fall in prices causes the collapse of unsustainable investment schemes (especially speculative and/or "Ponzi investments", but not exclusively so), which leads to a crisis of consumer (and investor) confidence that may result in a financial panic and/or financial crisis. If there is monetary authority like a central bank, it may be forced to take a number of measures in order to soak up the liquidity in the financial system or risk a collapse of its currency.

This may involve actions like bailouts of the financial system, but also others that reverse the trend of monetary accommodation, commonly termed forms of 'contractionary monetary policy'.

Some of these measures may include raising interest rates, which tends to make investors become more risk averse and thus avoid leveraged capital because the costs of borrowing may become too ex-

measures that may be taken pre-emotively top price for the overvalued asset and can during periods of strong economic growth no longer find another buyer to pay for it at include having the central monetary authorauthorauthor- a higher price.

But these [ongoing economic crisis] aren't ity increase capital reserve requirements and attempting to implement regulation that checks and/or prevents processes leading to over-expansion and excessive leveraging of

> Ideally, such countermeasures lessen the impact of a downturn by strengthening financial institutions while the economy is strong.

> Advocates of perspectives stressing the role of credit money in an economy often refer to (such) bubbles as "credit bubbles," and look at such measures of financial leverage as debt-to-GDP ratios to identify bubbles.

> Typically the collapse of any economic bubble results in an economic contraction termed (if less severe) a recession or (if more severe) a depression; what economic policies to follow in reaction to such a contraction is a hotly debated perennial topic of political economy.

> The importance of liquidity was derived in a mathematical setting and in an experimental setting. Social psychology factors: Greater fool theory states that bubbles are driven by the behaviour of perennially optimistic market participants (the fools) who buy overvalued assets in anticipation of selling it to other speculators (the greater fools) at a much higher price.

According to this explanation, the bubbles continue as long as the fools can find greater fools to pay up for the overvalued asset.

The bubbles will end only when the greater Others may include certain counter- fool becomes the greatest fool who pays the

Easier for China to face tariffs than bend to US pressure

BEIJING

HINA will acknowledge concessions made in any trade deal with the United States for the sake of stabilizing shaky relations, but is unlikely to yield to demands it alter its economic model even if faced with continued tariffs, many trade experts believe.

U.S. President Donald Trump has warned he could walk away from a China deal if it were not good enough, even as his advisers touted "fantastic" progress toward an agreement to end a dispute that has put tit-for-tat tariffs on hundreds of billions of dollars worth of each others'

Such optimism has taken a different shape in Beijing, where the delay on a once "hard" March 1 deadline for a U.S. tariff hike reinforced views that Trump's appetite for tough measures has weakened as the 2020 presidential election draws closer and a strong U.S. economy shows initial signs of flagging.

Chinese concessions in any deal are likely to fall short of U.S. demands for deep change in the way the world's second-largest economy works.

Revamping decades of state planning will not happen overnight, Chinese experts argue.

And President Xi Jinping faces political realities at home, where being seen as kowtowing to Trump would be less palatable than navigating the near-term impact continued trade tensions might have on China's own slowing economy,

One Chinese official told Reuters that China's domestic reform was a long-term process

"If the United States carries out overall restrictions or pressure based on its own interests, China will not accept it," the of-



ficial said.

Tu Xinquan, a trade expert at Beijing's University of International Business and Economics, said it would be difficult for Xi to agree to U.S. demands that China revamp the role of state-owned enterprises

and other core industrial policies. Xi would likely be prepared to go as far as to give "visible, politically influential commitments" to Trump, such as to buy more American goods and improve protection of intellectual property rights

The United States has long complained

Balapu Waduge Mendis, a Sri Lankan asylum seeker, right, with Swami **Advavananda** Sarasvati at his ashram in Le Port, Reunion [Malavika -Vyawahare/Al **Jazeeral**

that Beijing has systematically obtained American companies' intellectual property through coercion and outright theft. But improving copyright and trademark enforcement is seen by hardliners in Washington as a practical and self-interested move for China, now that it has innovative companies of

China verifiably cracking down on the more existential threat of forced technology transfer - which but that details of an enforcement officials deny actually occurs - or mechanism to ensure Beijing fol-

substantially curbing the influence of state-owned companies in the economy is seen as less likely.

"The core features of the Chinese model - these issues will be left to the future," Tu said.

'MAR-A-LAGO ACCORD'?

Sources have suggested that the two sides are getting closer to a deal that could roll back some tariffs and set forth agreements on structural issues in China's economic model,

been announced, there is widespread speculation in trade circles that Xi could travel to Trump's Mara-Lago resort in Florida to hammer out a final deal in late March, on the tail end of a planned trip to Europe. Some in U.S. diplomatic and busi-

lows through on policy pledges are

still not set. While no plans have

ness communities, concerned that Trump could rush into accepting weak Chinese commitments, have been for weeks referring, with mock grandiosity, to a possible deal as the "Mar-a-Lago Accord".

China's willingness to make smaller commitments is driven by a desire to stabilize U.S.-China relations and prevent the trade dispute from spreading, which has become more salient as Washington pressures its allies to jettison cooperation with Chinese tech champions, including Huawei Technologies.

"We are afraid this conflict will be extended to other areas, even affecting the relationship between China and the West. So we want to control it. Maybe not solve all the problems, but control it and calm it down," Tu said. China hopes commitments to purchase more U.S. goods, along with pledges to improve its reporting of subsidies at the World Trade Organization and IPR enforcement can clinch an interim deal, according to Chinese trade experts. Trump has delayed the threatened hike in tariffs on some \$200 billion in Chinese imports to 25 percent from 10 percent, which was due to kick-in on

Friday. U.S. Trade Representative Robert Lighthizer has signaled that tariffs would remain an important tool to push China to address U.S. concerns over Chinese industrial policies, saying in written testimony at Congressional hearings last week that trade issues with China were too serious to be resolved merely through stepped-up pur-

Zhang Huanbo, a researcher at the China Center for International Economic Exchanges (CCIEE), a well-connected think-tank in Beijing, said China would not agree to abolish subsidies but it would correct market-distorting subsidies so they were "in-line with WTO

Xi, who fundamentally believes in a strong role for the state and the ruling Communist Party in the economy, does not want to, and cannot, quickly dismantle decades of state planning, political analysts say. But he still has room to give the United States more market access in the service industry and for agricultural products. Shi Yinhong, director of the Center for American Studies at Renmin University, said beyond those types of openings China had to attend to its "own basic dignity and authority".

"If China makes too big a concession to the United States, it might create domestic economic disorder. And also how would you explain it to Communist Party members and the Chinese people?" said Shi, who has advised the government on diplomatic

matters.

AGENCIES

Guardian www.jopnedic.com

BUSINESS

CONSERVATION

Artisanal fishermen bask in 'Operation Sangara' success as fish stocks quadruple

By Beatrice Philemon

ARTISANAL fishermen on Lake Victoria have seen their daily catch increase from 15 to 60 kg per traditional fishing boat per day thanks to 'Operation Sangara' which was spearheaded by Minister for Livestock and Fisheries, Luhaga Mpina between 2017 and

Speaking to The Guardian last week, one of the fishermen, Tawfiq Sharif said that fish stocks for both Sangara (Nile perch) and other species have become more abundant since the operation which which saw the confiscation of thousands of illegal fishing gear and the ernest of many culprits.

Sharif said legitimate artisanal fishermen were suffering shortage of popular species including Sato (Tilapia) because illegal fishing methods meant that juvenile fish was also caught which impacted on multiplication of stocks.

"Right now, one can get as much as 150-200 kg of Nile Perch per day if they have multiple traditional fishing boats which was impossible before Operation Sangara," Shariff said backed by his peers.

He commended Ministry of Livestock and Fisheries for the 2017 operation which received strong opposition even among lawmakers who



added noting that on a heyday, fishermen can catch up to 80kgs.

Official statistics by Lake Victoria's Fisheries Resource Protection (FRP) Unit in Kagera Zone, indicated that from January to November last year, illegal fishing activities had declined from 60 percent to 25 percent.

Principal Assistant Fisheries Officer for FRPU in Kagera Zone, Gabriel Mageni said it is true that availability of fish on Lake Victoria has improved tremendously in the past year. "Currently, availability hailed from the Lake Zone. "We hope of Sangara and Sato which are the main species on

that this situation will prevail for a long time," he the lake is improved," Mageni said over the phone hence significantly arresting the vice. from Bukoba.

> He said as a result of the improvement, fishing processing factories are operating regularly while new ones have come up as the raw material is now readily available.

> "We are very glad for the operation which involved patrolling, monitoring and surveillance conducted last year to curb illegal and over-fishing on

> Lake Victoria has brought good results," he added. During the operation, some 1,069 people were arrested for conducing illegal fishing activities on the lake and were fined over 1.49bn/- by magistrates

According to a Lake Victoria Fisheries Organization in 2016, Tanzania's Nile Perch stock dropped from 651,353 tonnes in September 2014 to 417,936 tonnes in August 2016 while sardines (Dagaa) declined by almost 50 percent largely due to illegal fishing and pollution of the lake.

The LVFO report further noted that Uganda's Nile Perch production dropped from 513,133 tonnes in 2014 to 393,353 tonnes while Kenya production reduced from 1,230,247 tonnes to 851,461 tonnes. The survey did not involve Sato which was also badly af-

INVESTMENT

Safaricom upgrading backbone network to 400G

BARCELONA

SAFARICOM is planning a major upgrade of its backbone network to meet the growing data consumption needs of its customers.

Kenya's leading telecom operator announced its plans for the upgrade at a press briefing at Mobile World Congress (MWC) 2019 in Barcelona, Spain. It announced it would use Huawei's end-to-end 400G solution for its next-generation backbone net-

Safaricom said the 400G backbone will replace its existing 100G backbone, increasing the capacity of network traffic carried between Mombasa, Nairobi and Kisumu

"Today we use only 100G, meaning 100 gigabit per second (Gbps) per port of our routers in our data centers.

Now with this new technology we are able to have a much denser and much higher capacity network with four-times that capacity per port through 400G," Safaricom CTO Thibaud Rerolle told ITWeb in an interview after the announcement.

"This will definitely enable the growing demand in both mobile and fixed broad-



band in Kenya," he said.

Huawei and Safaricom claim it will be the world's first commercial 400G project, advancing backbone network deployment to-

wards the 400G era. "We have a plan for a two-year roll-out.

Phase one has begun already in the eastern part of the country and as soon as we have completed that we will move on to phase two. So by the end of the next financial year, end of March 2020, we will already be beyond phase one," Rerolle told ITWeb.

He said 400G will play a major role in increasing the capacity of backbone networks. "Huawei's end-to-end 400G solution coordinates router and WDM planning and maximises network value. It will help us fully utilise network resources, and optimise the forwarding cost per bit while ensuring high reliability."

Capacity building

Through the solution, Safaricom seeks to meet growing data needs due to the expansion of its fibre-to-the-home (FTTH) and enterprise fibre networks. The firm has also been experiencing a year-on-year doubling of mobile data usage on its network.

"It's about long term investment into the capacity of the network. As people increase their use of digital products in their lifestyle. they need higher speeds and better latencies," Rerolle said.

Safaricom is the leading service provider in Kenya with 65% market share, over 29.5 million subscribers, 22 million mobile money customers, 17.6 million data subscribers, 15 000 enterprise customers and over 220 000 FTTH connections.

In 2018, Safaricom's broadband users grew

2.5-fold, and its mobile and fixed network traffic is estimated to increase by 6-fold and 5-fold, respectively, over the next three years. Because of this, the operator needs to modernise the existing equipment to accommodate capacity requirements.

The IP+optical 400G network will be built using Huawei's backbone router and optical transport network (OTN) platform. The OTN with 400G technologies doubles the transmission capacity per fibre, reducing fibre rental costs on the backbone.

"With fast reroute (FRR) and automatically switched optical network (ASON) technologies, the 400G solution can enable protection switching in milliseconds, guaranteeing the network reliability required by delay-sensitive services like mobile money," Huawei said.

"Huawei has played an active role in advancing the 400G industry, and has invested heavily high-speed optical digital signal processors (ODSPs), and backbone network standards and products," said Jeffrey Gao, president of Huawei router and carrier Ethernet product line. Huawei said its backbone routers serve multiple industry-leading operators in over 100 countries and regions.





Barrick CEO Mark Bristow.

REBUFF

Newmont's 'no' to \$17bn bid means end for creation of world's largest gold producer

NEW YORK

ducer.

NEWMONT Mining rejected Barrick Gold's \$17.8 billion unsolicited takeover bid, a deal that would've created the world's largest gold pro-

The board unanimously rejected the proposal, saying it would not be better than Newmont's previously announced takeover of Goldcorp, the Colorado-based company said on Monday. Instead, Newmont submitted a joint venture proposal to Barrick that would encompass the two companies' Nevada operations.

Newmont had raised serious doubts about Toronto-based Barrick's proposal - a hostile all-share no-premium bid - from the day it was publicly announced February 25.

Newmont said its previously announced agreement to take over Goldcorp offered better benefits, and chief executive Gary Goldberg called "desperate" and "bizarre."

"The combination with Goldcorp is significantly more accretive to Newmont's shareholders on all relevant metrics compared to Barrick's proposal, even when factoring in Barrick's own synergy esti-

mates," Mr Goldberg said. Barrick has no intention of raising its offer, a source said last week.

The top end of the gold industry has been in a state of transformation - in September, industry leader Barrick agreed to buy Randgold Resources for \$5.4bn.

Three months later. Newmont announced its plan to purchase Goldcorp for \$10bn, which would leapfrog it into the leading gold-producer spot.

A spokeswoman for Barrick had no immediate comment on the rejection.

"Since previous merger discussions terminated in 2014, Newmont has sig-Barrick on almost every

Barrick's takeover offer metric," Mr Goldberg said in a letter on Monday to Barrick CEO Mark Bristow and Barrick executive chairman John Thornton.

> "Our management team has a consistent, longstanding track record of delivering superior execution," he wrote.

> "In contrast, Barrick's underperformance highlights its ineffective operating model, poor record on delivering stockholder returns, and significant jurisdictional risk."

> "Mark has never run a global portfolio," Mr Goldberg said last month, referring to Mr Bristow, who until January 1 ran Africafocused Randgold.

"In fact, I'd say none of his team have run a global portfolio like what we have in place.'

On the same day, Mr Bristow said his team could do a better job running his rival. "I have spent a lot of time in Nevada, and I have no doubt that I can do a nificantly outperformed better job than Newmont," Mr Bristow said.

BUSINESS NEWS

Guardian

PROMOTION

Exim bank launches 'work today for tomorrow' campaign

By Guardian Reporter

EXIM Bank has launched a campaign dubbed 'Exim at work today for tomorrow,' which is the bank's commitment to its customers and further cementing its connection with the local market.

The 12-month campaign which builds on the Exim tagline 'Innovation is life,' will see the bank showcase an array of tailor-made products that suit requirements of different customers and bring to life Exim bank objectives of financial inclusion, developing a savings culture, creating investment value, customer satisfaction and growth.

Speaking at the launch of the campaign, the bank's Head of Mar-

keting, Stanley Kafu said that the campaign has been designed for all of its customers in the country and has already seen success with some of its programs such as 'Deposit utokelezee,' which enabled customers to earn attractive interests.

Kafu said Exim has been in existence for more than 20 years providing innovative solutions to its customer base for today and tomorrow ever growing and dynamic needs.

"For many years, Exim Bank has been part of an exciting journey driven by innovation and has remained committed to pursue a better tomorrow for our esteemed customers and communities that support and surrounds us," the Marketing Head noted.



Exim Bank Tanzania's Head of Marketing, Stanley Kafu. File photo.

"Exim through innovation con- and our primary mission is to remain committed to our tinues to aim at transforming lives customer's prosperity, growth and transformation," he

He further pointed out that by the end of the campaign, the bank hopes to have re-affirmed its commitment to the masses, changed the perception of Exim Bank to stakeholders and communicated the brand positioning in the market.

"It will also re-introduced the bank as an original Tanzanian Bank with both retail and corporate services, available throughout the week at all times to offer a variety of products to cater for every lifestyle and business, eliminating any other sentiments and nevertheless emphasizing our promise of being at work today for the better tomorrow of our customers," Kafu

The bank celebrated 21 years of success last year with growth and pioneering into new markets across the continent and expanded its reach by opening subsidiaries in Comoros (2007), Djibouti (2011) and Ugan-

OPTIMISM

Woolworths CEO Moir gets under pressure as Australian dream fades

JOHANNESBURG

THE head of the South African seller of organic food and designer clothing has to use Thursday's first-half earnings day to convince investors that his plan to create a southern hemisphere retail giant can succeed, even after a spate of resignations at its troubled Australian departmentstore chain David Jones.

Woolworths bought David Jones for \$2bn in 2014, but the move turned sour when a revaluation of the almost 200-year-old business led to a 2018 writedown of 712.5m Australian dollars (\$510m).

That contributed to the retailer's first annual loss since at least 2002. The rot has continued with the resignation of two Australian non-executive directors last week, hot on the heels of the month before. David Jones CEO David Thomas, the third head of that business to leave in five years.

Cape Town-based Woolworths said Moir, 60, will work directly

with management in Australia while a replacement is found. "This is bad timing," said Charles Allen, an analyst at Bloomberg Intelligence. "You can't run a company like David Jones remotely from South Africa and they will urgently need to find replacements. Actually there needs to be a clearer route for succession planning for the company as a whole."

Sluggish MarketLast month, Woolworths reported that the unit's comparable store sales rose less than 1 percent as growth from new stores was offset by disruptions at existing outlets, notably from refurbishments at its flagship Elizabeth Street store in Sydney. Meanwhile the Australian market is sluggish, with retail sales growth slowing to 2.1 percent in December from 3.3%

"There is room for a luxury department store in Sydney, but the best plan for next tier down is not nearly so obvious," Allen said.

The troubles in Australia have been compounded by travails in Woolworths' home market, where clothing and home-retail sales have declined amid weak South African consumer confidence. The stock has slumped more than 10% this month, heading for its worst monthly drop since November 2016.

At the company's annual general meeting in November, the Woolworths board expressed full confidence in Moir. Chairman Simon Susman said at the meeting that the company had come to the end "of a very large and complex implementation program, particularly in David Jones, which now needs to start bearing fruit."

The Australian unit's major changes include transforming its merchandising and finance systems and online platform. Moir said at the AGM that Woolworths should have not done so much in such a short time-frame as the execution was difficult, pro-



CRISIS

Mozambique debt restructuring set to continue as scandal grows

MAPUTO

MOZAMBIQUE will continue with restructuring talks over \$2 billion of defaulted loans, the Ministry of Finance said, even as an international scandal around

the debt intensifies.

The \$2 billion comprises three loans, one of which was converted into a eurobond, and another two that are guaranteed by the state. Mozambique in November announced an agreement in principal with

that would see debt-holders paid a portion of future revenues from gas projects planned for the north of "The government is monitoring the latest legal de-

velopments nationally and internationally and, while always protecting the interests of the state, will continue with negotiations to the conclusion of the process that has been underway since 2016," the ministry said in a statement on its website. "These negotiations are very important for the reintegration of Mozambique into the international financial markets and to strengthen the confidence of economic agents."

investors to restructure its \$727 million eurobonds

Last week, the southeast African nation's attorneygeneral filed a legal claim in London against Credit Suisse Group, which arranged the bulk of the debt, including a \$622 million loan to state-owned ProIndicus. The claim seeks to revoke the government guarantee for this loan.

Mozambique's eurobonds due January 2023 rose 0.8% to 87.58 cents on the dollar by 9:37 am in Lon-

The government announced in 2016 it couldn't afford to service the eurobond, the ProIndicus debt, as well as the third loan to state-owned Mozambique Asset Management, and that it sought to restructure them.

A US indictment in December claimed the tunafishing and maritime security projects the loans funded were a front to pay at least \$200 million in bribes and kickbacks to people involved.

Three former Credit Suisse workers have been arrested in the UK on warrants from the US, while Mozambique's ex-finance minister, Manuel Chang, was arrested in South Africa as part of the same case.



Central Bank Governor John Mangudya

CAUTION

Zimbabwe's Reserve Bank on security alert

HARARE

THE Reserve Bank of Zimbabwe has cautioned local banks and payment companies to be extra vigilant amid a spike in the volume of internet and mobile payments, fuelled by the ongoing cash shortage in the country.

Central Bank Governor John Mangudya urged businesses to be on their guard against cyber security breaches as consumers head online rather than use traditional channels like ATMs to secure cash.

"Financial institutions and individuals are increasingly being exposed to cyber-attacks which have become more sophisticated, frequent, targeted and difficult to identify," said Mangudya. He added that Zimbabwe's payment systems recorded positive growth with the exception of cheques and ATM transactions during the 52-week period to the end of December 2018.

An excerpt from the 2019 Monetary Policy Statement reads: "Mobile financial services transactional activities went up by 145% to US\$44-billion from

US\$18-billion whilst volumes increased by 121% to US\$1.7-billion from US\$755million in 2017. Internet transactions increased by 8.63% to US\$13-billion in

Financial institutions have been mandated to update cyber security policies, strategies and frameworks and submit these to the Central Bank by 31 March 2019. They have also been instructed to migrate to Euro Mastercard Visa (EMV) Technology platforms by the end of the month. This is understood to be aimed at further enhancing cyber security owing to the increased usage of digital payments.

"Further to the cyber security guidance, market participants are required to migrate to Euro MasterCard and Visa (EMV) standards to ensure enhanced card security features to curb cyber related activities. Currently, over 80% of the card infrastructure in the country is now EMV compliant.

"Financial institutions should therefore ensure that all cards issued in the market are EMV compliant by 31 March 2019," notes the central bank.



Mozambique's ex-finance minister, Manuel Chang sits in a South African court.

EQUALITY

Iceland and Sweden treat female workers the best, says PwC

LONDON

ICELAND and Sweden retained their positions as the best developed countries for female workers, with the US and UK lagging behind many Nordic countries and Canada, a study by professional services company PwC showed.

Iceland, Sweden and New Zealand, took the first three places in that order in PwC's annual ranking of female labour force participation and welfare of women in the workplace, across 33 Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development countries.

Nordic countries held five of the top 10 places, coming above the two largest English-speaking economies of the UK and US, which ranked 13th and 23rd, respectively. Canada came in 12th in the ranking.

The UK improved its position only slightly from the previous year's index, moving up from 14th position.

Its female labour force participation rate of 57 per cent lags significantly behind Sweden's 69 per cent, the study showed.

Progress in the UK is held back by a "stubbornly persistent" gender pay gap, which will

require concerted government policy and business action to address, PwC said in a report published on Tuesday with the index.

"Women in the OECD still face significant challenges and inequalities in the workplace,"

"The pay gap persists and women are still under-represented in corporate leadership, with women accounting for only one in five board seats in the largest publicly-listed companies in the OECD."

Improving female participation in the work across the OECD could boost its collective gross domestic product by \$6 trillion, while closing the gender pay gap could boost OECD GDP by \$2tn, according to PwC.

Since 2000, Luxembourg and Poland have made the largest improvements on the index while Portugal, the US and Austria have dropped the most in rankings over the period.

There was a substantial rise in the pay gap in Portugal, while there was a decline in female participation in the labour force and full-time employment in the US and Austria, respectively. The US fell two positions in the latest ranking.

The report said that China and India are mak-



More work needs to be done to grow the female labour force worldwide, a PwC report said.

ly empowering millions of women, but said there was still room for improvement. Had

ing a significant contribution to economical- they both been included in the index, China would be placed last, after Korea, in 33rd would have been placed in between Slovakia in 26th place and Japan at 27th, while India

place. The 2019 index examines data from 2017, compared with the previous year.

RELEASED

Former Nissan head Carlos Ghosn granted bail for a billion yen

TOKYO

CARLOS Ghosn, the former chief executive of Nissan and Renault who has been detained for more than 100 days, was granted bail for ¥1 billion (Dh32.8 million), the Japanese media reported.

Meanwhile, Japanese prosecutors have appealed the Tokyo District Court's decision to approve the executive's request for release from detention, the court said on Tuesday, said Reu-

Mr Ghosn, who has been in prison since November 19, had two earlier bail applications rejected. In February, the executive who led Nissan for two decades, changed his lawver and hired one of Japan's top de-Lebanese citizenship, could be released as early as today.

The car industry veteran, who oversaw the Nissan-Renault-Mitsubishi alliance that produces about 11 million cars annually, was arrested for understating his earnings and misusing Nissan funds to purchase properties in four cities outside Japan. Mr Ghosn has denied any claims of wrongdoing. In his first court appearance in January, the former chief executive said he was a target and victim of corporate politics.

"I have been wrongly accused and unfairly detained based on meritless and unsubstantiated accusations," he said. "I have acted hon-

orably, legally and with the knowledge and approval of the appropriate executives inside the company - with the sole purpose of strengthening Nissan."

In January, Mr Ghosn said his removal was a result of objected to a closer tie-up with Mitsubishi and France's

The fall of Mr Ghosn and fence advocates. Mr Ghosn, Nissan is unhappy with 64, who holds French and what it perceives as a junior Japanese media.

The French government French partner.



Nissan Motor Co Chief Executive Ghosn, speaks at the 44th Tokyo

CONTAGION

with China economic slowdown

China's economic slowdown persists, according to Stephen

Mr Jen said the common currency could slump to \$1.05 later this year if stress emanating from China bleeds further into Europe's economy and prevents the European Central Bank from normalising policy, while the US "continues to outperform." Fiscal stimulus and slowing structural reforms in China probably won't be sufficient to spark a "V-shaped recovery" in the first half of 2019 for the Asian nation, ac-

"plot and treason" by colleagues at the company who Renault, under a new holding company.

the speed at which Nissan chief executive Hiroto Saikawa turned on his mentor raised speculation by the French and Japanese media of an orchestrated coup to remove him and set the stage for a power struggle between Nissan and Renault, over control of the world's biggest car alliance. partner status, according to

owns about 15 per cent of Renault, which in turn controls 43.4 per cent of Nissan. Nissan holds only a 15 per cent non-voting stake in its

The prolonged detention of Mr Ghosn has brought attention to Japan's judicial system, which allows indefinite detention of people. Mr Ghosn was not allowed to meet or communicate with family members, and his repeated requests for bail were denied by Japanese authorities. Mr Ghosn had also offered to wear an ankle tracking device and personally pay for security.



Motor Show in Tokyo last year.

Euro could slip to \$1.05 this year

THE euro could weaken to levels last seen in early 2017 if Jen, chief executive officer of Eurizon SLJ Capital.

cording to Mr Jen.

MONDAY - FRIDAY STARTING 7:30 PM

SATURDAY 23 Feb SATURDAY O2 March

- 5:30 Uwanja wa Mazoezi
- 6:00 HABARI
- 6:40 Kumekucha
- 7:00 Habari 8:00 Al Jazeera
- 9:00 Watoto wetu 10:00 Mjue Zaidi rpt
- 11:00 Jungu kuu rpt 11:30 Usafiri wako
- 12:00 Shamba Shape up
- 12:30 Telenovela rpt: Destiny (Des-
- 14:45 Igizo rpt: Riziki 15:15 Igizo rpt: Elininyo
- 15:45 Igizo rpt: Mizengwe 16:00 Igizo rpt: Kimya Milele
- 16:30 Igizo: Mtego rpt
- 17:00 Shamsham za Pwani 18:00 Jiji Letu
- 18:15 Mapishi
- 18:30 Igizo: Riziki
- 19:00 Sanaa na wasanii 19:30 Jungu Kuu
- 20:00 Habari
- 21:00 Igizo: Kimya Milele 21:30 Hawavumi lakini wamo
- 22:30 Isidingo rpt
- 01:00 CNN International

SUNDAY 03 March

- 5:30 Uwanja wa Mazoezi 6:00 HABARI
- 6:40 Kumekucha
- 7:00 Habari 8:00 Aljazeera
- 09:00 Watoto Wetu
- 10:00 Isidingo
- 11:45 Aibu Yako 11:50 Hawavumi lakini wamo
- 12:50 Bongo Movie rpt: Kisasi cha
- 14:00 Tamasha la Michezo
- 15:00 Mwangaza
- 16:00 Korean drama: The great aueen Seonduk
- 16:45 Mjue zaidi 17:30 Kipindi cha kikristo
- 18:00 Jiji Letu

21:05 Mizengwe

- 18:15 Mapishi
- 18:30 Mizengwe rpt
- 18:45 Matukio ya wiki
- 19:30 Igizo: Mtego
- 20:00 Habari
- 21:00 Bongo Movie: Kisasi cha utata 2
- 22:00 Telenovela rpt: Destiny (Des-
- MONDAY 04 March 5:30 Uwanja wa Mazoezi
- 6:00 Habari

- 6:40 Kumekucha
- 7:30 HABARI
- 8:00 Kumekucha Michezo Habari za saa
- 9:00 Kumekucha Kishindo
- 9:30 Isidingo
- 9:55 Habari za saa
- 10:00 Watoto wetu
- 10:30 Igizo: Hatua 10:55 Habari za saa
- 11:00 Kimya Milele
- 11:55 Habari za saa
- 12:00 Al Jazeera
- 12:30 Jungu kuu rpt 12:55 Habari za saa
- 13:00 Mjue Zaidi
- 13:55 Habari za saa
- 14:00 Telenovela: Destiny (Des-
- 14:55 Habari za saa 15:00 Meza Huru
- 16:30 Watoto Wetu 17:00 The Base
- 18:00 Jiji Letu
- 18:10 Aibu yako rpt 18:15 Huduma ya kwanza
- 18:30 Shamba shape up
- 19:30 Isidingo 20:00 Habari
- 21:05 Dakika 45 22:00 Telenovela: Destiny (Destino)
- 23:00 Habari
- 23:30 The Base
- 00:30 Al Jazeera 02:00 CNN International
- TUESDAY 05 March
- 5:30 Uwanja wa Mazoezi 6:00 Habari
- 6:40 Kumekucha 7:30 HABARI
- 8:00 Kumekucha Michezo Habari za saa
- 9:00 Kumekucha Kishindo
- 9:30 Isidingo Habari za saa
- 10:00 Watoto wetu 10:30 Hawavumi lakini wamo
- 10:55 Habari za saa 11:00 Hawayumi lakini wamo
- 11:15 Igizo: Mtego 11:55 Habari za saa
- 12:00 Al Jazeera 12:30 Afya ya jamii rpt
- 12:55 Habari za saa 13:00 Uchumi na biashara
- 13:30 Kipindi Maalum rpt : TFDA 13:55 Habari za saa 14:00 Huduma ya kwanza
- 14:15 Telenovela: Destiny (Destino) 14:55 Habari za saa

15:00 Meza Huru

16:30 Watoto wetu

- 17:00 The Base
- 18:00 Jiji Letu 18:15 Korean drama rpt: The Great
- Queen Seonduk
- 19:00 Jarida la wanawake
- 19:30 Isidingo
- 20:00 Habari
- 21:00 Kipindi maalum: 22:15 Telenovela: Destiny (Destino)
- 23:00 Habari 23:30 The Base
- 00:30 CNN International
- WEDNESDAY 06 March
- 5:30 Uwanja wa Mazoezi
- 6:00 HABARI
- 6:40 Kumekucha
- 7:30 HABARI
- 8:00 Kumekucha Michezo
- 8:55 9:30 Isidingo
- 9:55 10:00 Watoto wetu
- 19:00 Afya ya Jamii Seonduk 11:55 Habari za saa 12:00 Al Jazeera
 - 13:00 Dakika 45 13:55 Habari za saa

 - 15:00 Meza Huru
 - 16:30 Watoto Wetu
 - 18:00 Jiji Letu 18:15 Mapishi rpt
 - 19:00 Kipindi Maalum: TFDA 19:30 Isidingo
 - 21:00 Aibu Yako! Hata
 - 23:30 The Base 00:30 Al Jazeera
 - 6:00 HABARI
 - 8:55 Habari za saa

- 10:00 Watoto wetu
- 11:00 Igizo: Elininyo 11:15 Usafiri wako
- 11:55 Habari za saa
- 12:30 liue Sheria
- 12:55 Habari za saa 13:00 Sanaa na wasanii rpt
- 13:55 Habari za saa

- Habari za saa 18:00 Jiji Letu 9:00 Kumekucha Kishindo
 - Habari za saa
- 10:30 Shamba shape up 10:55 Habari za saa 11:00 Korean: The Great Queen
- 12:30 Jarida la wanawake rpt 12:55 Habari za saa
- 14:00 Telenovela rpt: Destiny (Des-14:55 Habari za saa
- 17:00 The Base
- 20:00 Habari
- 21:10 Kipindi Maalum : Uongozi 21:40 Kipindi Maalum: Tanesco 22:15 Telenovela: Destiny (Destino)
- 2:00 CNN International THURSDAY 07 March
- 7:30 HABARI 8:00 Kumekucha Michezo

- 18:30 liue Sheria
- 23:00 Habari
- 5:30 Uwanja wa Mazoezi 6:40 Kumekucha
- 9:00 Kumekucha Kishindo 9:30 Isidingo

- 9:55 Habari za saa 10:30 Igizo: Elininyo
- 10:55 Habari za saa
- 12:00 Aljazeera
- 13:30 Junau Kuu
- 14:00 Telenovela rpt: Destiny (Des-
- 14:55 Habari za saa 15:00 Meza Huru
- 16:30 Watoto Wetu 17:00 The Base
- 18:15 Igizo: Riziki 9:00 Usafiri wako
- 19:30 Isidingo 20:00 Habari 21:00 Malumbano ya hoja
- 23:00 Habari 23:30 The Base 00:30 CNN International
- FRIDAY 08 March 5:30 Uwanja wa Mazoezi

6:00 HABARI

- Kumekucha 6:40 7:30 HABARI 8:00 Kumekucha Michezo
- Habari za saa 9:00 Kumekucha Kishindo 9:30 Isidingo
- 9:55 Habari za saa 10:00 Watoto wetu 10:30 Hawavumi lakini wamo 10:55 Habari za saa
- 11:20 Usafiri wako 11:55 Habari za saa 12:00 Al Jazeera 12:30 Kipindi Maalum rpt: TCRA

11:00 Hawayumi lakini wamo

12:55 Habari za saa 13:00 Mjue Zaidi rpt 13:45 Kipindi Maalum rpt - Uongozi 13:55 Habari za saa

14:00 Kipindi Maalum rpt: Uongozi

14:15 Telenovela rpt: Destiny (Des-14:55 Habari za saa 15:00 Meza huru

16:30 Watoto wetu

- 17:00 The Base 17:30 Ibada ya kiislamu 18:00 Jiji Letu 18:15 Igizo: Mizengwe
- 18:30 Uchumi na biashara 19:00 Kipindi maalum: TCRA 19:30 Isidingo 20:00 Habari

- 21:05 Kipima joto 23:00 Habari
- 23:30 The Base 00:30 CNN International
- SATURDAY 09 March 5:30 Uwanja wa Mazoezi 6:00 HABARI
- 6:40 Kumekucha 7:00 Habari 8:00 Al Jazeera 9:00 Watoto wetu
- 10:00 Mjue Zaidi rpt 11:00 Jungu kuu rpt 11:30 Usafiri wako
- 12:00 Shamba Shape up 12:30 Telenovela rpt: Destiny (Des-
- 14:45 Igizo rpt: Riziki 15:15 Igizo rpt: Elininyo
- 15:45 Igizo rpt: Mizengwe 16:00 Igizo rpt: Kimya Milele 16:30 Igizo: Mtego rpt
- 18:00 Jiji Letu 18:15 Mapishi 18:30 Igizo: Riziki

19:00 Sanaa na wasanii

17:00 Shamsham za Pwani

20:00 Habari 21:00 Igizo: Kimya Milele 21:30 Hawavumi lakini wamo

19:30 Jungu Kuu

22:30 Isidingo rpt

- 01:00 CNN International SUNDAY 10 March 5:30 Uwanja wa Mazoezi
- 6:00 HABARI 6:40 Kumekucha 7:00 Habari 8:00 Aljazeera
- 09:00 Watoto Wetu 10:00 Isidingo 11:45 Aibu Yako

11:50 Hawavumi lakini wamo

- 12:50 Bongo Movie rpt: Kisasi cha utata 2 14:00 Tamasha la Michezo
- 16:00 Korean drama: The great queen Seonduk 16:45 Mjue zaidi 17:30 Kipindi cha kikristo

15:00 Mwangaza

18:00 Jiji Letu 18:15 Mapishi 18:30 Mizengwe rpt

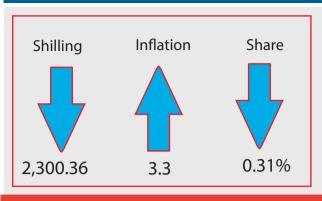
18:45 Matukio ya wiki

- 19:30 Igizo: Mtego 20:00 Habari 21:05 Mizengwe
- 21:00 Bongo Movie: Hard Price 22:00 Telenovela rpt: Destiny (Des-

Guardian

FINANCIAL MARKET

Compiled by Edward S. Ntwale & Elias S. Mpenzwa

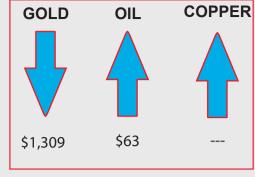


Total Market Capitalization TZS 20, Indices M TSI

Market Capitalization			7.0 = 1.0	TSH	/100KG
,106.40	bln (USD 8	3,820.86 mln)	Maize	50704.35	Finger Mil
/larch 4,	2019		Rice	186363.64	Whe
	3,540.28	-0.66	Sorghum	71789.47	Bea
	2,085.97	+3.97	Bulrush Millet	75071.43	Round potato
	2,085.97	+3.97	Bulrush Millet	75071.43	Round pota

AVERAGE PRICES FOR FOOD CROPS TSH/100KG							
<i>M</i> aize	50704.35	Finger Millet	140947.37				
Rice	186363.64	Wheat	123928.57				
Sorghum	71789.47	Beans	175000.00				
Bulrush Millet	75071.43	Round potatoes	71727.27				

Exchange	SE)	
Currency	Buying	Selling
EUR	2,591.28	2,617.65
USD	2,268.07	2,290.76
KES	22.38	22.56
GBP	2,947.82	2,977.52



Dar es Salaam Stock Exchange											
Date: Mar 4, 2	2019										
Company	Closing	Prev	Chg (%)								
ACA	6,500	6,550	-0.76								
CRDB	135	135	+0.00								
DCB	340	340	+0.00								
DSE	1,260	1,260	+0.00								
EABL	4,440	4,420	+0.45								
JHL	9,750	9,700	+0.52								
KA	140	140	+0.00								
KCB	960	950	+1.05								
MBP	490	490	+0.00								
MCB	500	500	+0.00								
MKCB	800	800	+0.00								
MUCOB	400	400	+0.00								
NICO	150	175	-14.29								
NMB	2,340	2,340	+0.00								
NMG	1,440	1,380	+4.35								
PAL	400	400	+0.00								
SWALA	490	490	+0.00								
SWIS	2,340	2,340	+0.00								
TBL	11,800	11,800	+0.00								
TCC	17,000	17,000	+0.00								
TCCL	600	600	+0.00								
TICL	385	385	+0.00								
TOL	660	660	+0.00								
TPCC	2,020	2,020	+0.00								
TTP	120	120	+0.00								
USL	15	15	+0.00								
VODA	800	800	+0.00								
YETU	600	600	+0.00								

	WENT THE PARTY OF
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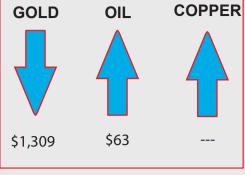












		0	
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SWALA	490	490	+0.00
SWIS	2,340	2,340	+0.00
TBL	11,800	11,800	+0.00
TCC	17,000	17,000	+0.00
TCCL	600	600	+0.00
TICL	385	385	+0.00
TOL	660	660	+0.00
TPCC	2,020	2,020	+0.00
TTP	120	120	+0.00
USL	15	15	+0.00
VODA	800	800	+0.00
YETU	600	600	+0.00

DSEI

DSE MARKET SUMMARY									
TSI	3,540.28	-0.66							
DSEI	2,085.97 +3.97								
TRADING	STATS								
Market Cap (bln) 20,106.40 Equity Turnover 1,593,440,550.00 Total Volume 187,458 Total Deals 69									
TOP MOV	ERS								
TBL VODA NICO	11,800 800 150	137,508 32,240 12,000							
GAINERS & LOSERS									
Company	Price	Change							
ACA	6,500 -0.76%								

150

960

4,440

9,750

1,440

-14.29%

+1.05%

+0.45%

+0.52%

+4.35%

NICO

KCB

EABL

JHL

NMG

Interbank Foreign Exchange Market (IFEM)

Date	Amount Traded (Mn USD)	High	High Low		
4/Mar/2019	4.65	2,313.80	2,298.85	2,300.32	
1/Mar/2019 28/Feb/2019	4.60 4.75	2,314.00 2,316.00	2,298.80 2,298.75	2,300.36 2,300.41	
27/Feb/2019	5.55	2,316.00	2,298.70	2,300.41	
26/Feb/2019	5.70	2,313.00	2,298.60	2,300.40	
25/Feb/2019	4.10	2,312.00	2,298.60	2,300.43	
22/Feb/2019	2.35	2,310.90	2,298.60	2,300.37	
Inter-bank	Local Mon	ey Markets			
Date (Volume million-TZS)	High	Low	Weighted Average Rate (WAR)	
4/Mar/2019	57,900	6.50	4.75	4.90	
1/Mar/2019	60,000	5.00	4.75	4.85	
28/Feb/2019	28,000	4.75	4.67	4.74	
27/Feb/2019	39,000	4.75	4.75	4.75	

Tanzania Shilling On Average bases

28,000

The USDTZS increased 2.0000 or 0.09% to 2.345,0000 on Tuesday March 5 from 2,343.0000 in the previous trading session. Historically, the Tanzania Shilling reached an all time high of 2343 in March of 2019 and a record low of 1014.30 in December of 2004.

4.75

Gold sags near five-week low as sturdy dollar and stocks dent appeal

- * SPDR Gold holdings fall to mid-Dec levels
- * U.S. dollar near two-week high

* Global equities near five-month peak LONDON, March 5 (Reuters) - Gold pric-

es held close to a more than five-week low on Tuesday as the dollar firmed and global equity markets held near a five-month crest, making bullion less appealing for

Spot gold fell 0.1 percent to \$1,284.63 an ounce by 1054 GMT, close to its lowest since Jan. 25 at \$1,282.50, hit in the previous session

U.S. gold futures fell 0.2 percent to \$1,285.50.

The dollar stood within striking distance of a two-week high against peers on uplifting signs from the U.S. economy and higher Treasury yields.

"We have seen some signs of dollar strength sapping the appetite (for gold)," said Saxo Bank analyst Ole Hansen.

"We have had such a strong rally (in gold) since last August and now we are having the first major setback. That has attracted some profit-taking and long liquidations both in futures and exchange-traded

Gold prices have fallen nearly 5 percent since hitting a 10-month high of \$1,346.73 on Feb. 20.

The primary driver to gold's downward momentum of late are expectations that the U.S. and China will soon agree a trade deal, said ActivTrades chief analyst Carlo Alberto De Casa

"This is boosting market sentiment and increasing investors' willingness to take on risk," he said.

U.S. Secretary of State Mike Pompeo on Monday said that he believed the United States and China are "on the cusp" of pulling the curtains on their trade dispute.

Global equities remained near a fivemonth high on Tuesday, reducing demand for non-yielding bullion.

"From a technical point of view, bullion is ... not too far from the \$1,280 threshold, which is the first major support area for bullion in this scenario," De Casa added.

Serving as an indicator of investor sentiment in bullion, holdings of SPDR Gold Trust, the world's largest gold-backed exchange-traded fund, rolled backed to mid-December levels with a 0.76 percent fall

Investors will be looking ahead to the European Central Bank's monetary policy meeting on Thursday and U.S. non-farm payrolls data on Friday.

on Monday.

Among the other precious metals, palladium slipped 1.1 percent to \$1,515.61 an ounce, spot silver was flat at \$15.08 and platinum traded 0.4 percent higher at \$838.38.

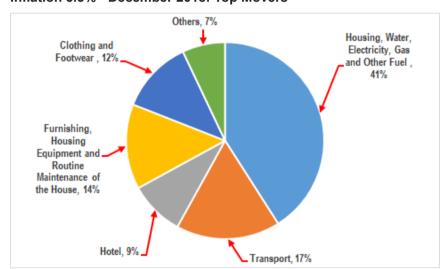
All Share Index :5 March 2019 Actual Change

Africa	Actual	Change	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Yearly
NSE-All Share	32227	97	0.30%	-0.89%	4.43%	-26.20%
JALSH-All Share	55973	244	-0.43%	-0.40%	2.64%	-5.45%
FTSE/JSE TOP 40	49742	153	-0.31%	-0.37%	3.03%	-4.74%
Egypt EGX 30	14,755	59.88	-0.40%	-0.88%	-0.08%	-7.91%
Casablanca CFG 25	11,185	7.90	-0.07%	-1.15%	-1.92%	-15.13%
Nairobi 20	2,913	3.49	-0.12%	-1.49%	-3.07%	-21.84%
NSE All Share	154	0.77	0.50%	-0.87%	-2.64%	-15.05%
DSEI	2,086	3.97	0.19%	-2.75%	-2.37%	-13.28%
TUN	7,090	40.57	-0.57%	-1.03%	-1.46%	5.24%
GGSECI	2,454	13.55	0.56%	-0.22%	1.66%	-25.54%
SEMDEX	2,204	2.68	-0.12%	0.15%	-0.16%	-3.36%
NSX Overall	1349	0	0.01%	-1.92%	0.18%	-7.67%
Gaborone	7,867	8.46	-0.11%	-0.09%	0.02%	-9.42%
Zimbabwe Index	488.82	6.55	-1.32%	-3.71%	-7.49%	68.49%
DOE! !	0.040/	0000				

DSEI decreased 6 points or 0.31% to 2086 on Monday March 4 from 2082 in the previous trading session. Historically, the Tanzania All Share Index DSEI reached an all time high of 3686.97 in January of 2019 and a record low of 1161.30 in December of 2010.

Inflation 3.3% - December 2018: Top Movers

26/Feb/2019



Fuel Wef. Wednesday, 6th Feb 2019

Fluctuation of a Shilling



Oil drops toward \$65 as Libya's biggest field restarts

Libya's biggest oilfield and on expectations for an increase in U.S. crude inventories.

Some wells at Libya's El Sharara oilfield have restarted and the aim is to reach initial output of 80,000 barrels per day, a field engineer said on Tuesday. The field had been closed since Decem-

Brent crude, the international benchmark, fell 26 cents to \$65.41 a barrel as of 1118 GMT. U.S. West Texas Intermediate crude slipped 7 cents to

"The main development has been the restart of El Sharara," said Olivier Jakob, analyst at Petromatrix. "It's a new input which is on the bearish side."

Oil also slipped on forecasts that the latest round of U.S. inventory reports will show rising crude stockpiles. Six analysts polled by Reuters estimated, on average, that crude stocks rose 400,000 barrels in the week to March 1.

The first supply report is due at 2130 GMT from the American Petroleum Institute (API), an industry group, followed by the government's official figures on Wednesday.

LONDON, March 5 (Reuters) - Oil fell toward \$65 Concern about a slowdown in oil demand growth, a barrel on Tuesday, pressured by the restart of especially in Europe and Asia, has weighed on prices. Still, Brent has risen 20 percent this year due to supply curbs led by the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries.

World shares tick higher on U.S.-China trade deal

optimism China's government said it is targeting economic growth of 6.0 to 6.5 percent in 2019, less than 6.6 percent growth reported last year. That raises the prospect of slowing fuel demand in the world's second-largest consumer.

"There are plenty of signs that the global economy is slowing - weak car sales and manufacturing data from China, flat growth in Europe, and a slowing GDP rate in the fourth quarter for the U.S.," said Matt Stanley, a broker at Starfuels in

To prop up the market, OPEC and its allies, an alliance known as OPEC+, have been cutting output by 1.2 million barrels bpd since the start of the

The actual cut has exceeded the pledged amount because of U.S. sanctions on Iran and Venezuela, plus unrest in Libya that had prompted the closure of El Sharara, giving additional tailwind to prices.

4.75

4.75

Foreign Exchange- Mar 5										
Town (TZ	Petrol S/Litre)	Diesel (TZS/Litre)	Kerosene (TZS/Litre)			3				
Dar es Salaam	2,120	2,080	2,046		Actual	Chg	%Chg			
Arusha	2,255	2,299	2,286		7101441	09	,001.g			
Kibaha	2,125	2,084	2,050	EURUSD	1.13345	0.00025	-0.02 %			
Dodoma	2,179	2,139	2,105	GBPUSD	1 31684	0.00176	-0.13 %			
Geita	2,286	2,245	2,211	ODI OOD	1.01004	0.00170	-0.10 /0			
Iringa	2,185	2,144	2,110	AUDUSD	0.70749	0.00171	-0.24 %			
Kagera (Bukob	2,336	2,295	2,261	NZDUSD	0.67933	0.00247	-0.36 %			
Katavi	2,329	2,288	2,254	NZDOSD	0.07933	0.00247	-0.30 %			
Kigoma	2,352	2,311	2,277	USDJPY	111.96	0.22	0.20 %			
Moshi	2,245	2,289	2,276	HCDCNIV	6 70000	0.00422	0.00.0/			
Lindi	2,110	2,089	2,105	USDCNY	6.70388	0.00132	-0.02 %			
Manyara (Babati)	2,289	2,333	2,320	USDCHF	1.00079	0.00199	0.20 %			
Mara	2,299	2,258	2,225							
Mbeya	2,228	2,187	2,153	USDCAD	1.33390	0.0037	0.28 %			
Morogoro	2,146	2,105	2,071	USDMXN	19.2695	0.0205	-0.11 %			
Mtwara	2,096	2,075	2,118							
Mwanza	2,271	2,230	2,196	USDINR	70.4700	0.43	-0.61 %			
Njombe	2,213	2,172	2,138	USDBRL	3.7750	0.0013	0.03%			
Rukwa	2,294	2,253	2,219	0000.12		0.00.0	0.0070			
Sumbawanga	2,294	2,253	2,219	USDRUB	65.7898	0.0583	0.09 %			
Ruvuma	2,182	2,161	2,169	US Dollar	96.70	0.02	0.02 %			
Shinyanga	2,249	2,209	2,175	OO Dollar	30.70	0.02	0.02 /0			
Singida	2,211	2,171	2,137	BTCUSD	3,721.47	23	0.62%			
Songwe	2,237	2,196	2,162							

Exchange Rates for 5 / March /2019 Currency in 100 UnitsSpot BuyingSpot Selling

2,278.46

2,296.65

56,421.88

156,605.79

EX-ID TZS /=3

204.28

EAST AFRICAN CURRENCIES

Kenya SHS

	Uganda SHS	58.03	62.19
ó	Rwandan Franc	252.72	255.82
	Burundi Franc	218.06	219.71
ó	071150 051 50750 01	IDDENIGIES	
	OTHER SELECTED CL	JRRENCIES	
ó	USD	227,754.46	230,032.00
,	Pound STG	300,544,78	303,642.24
ó	EURO	258,136.90	260,833.28
ó	Canadian \$	171,102.44	172,761.55
0	Switz. Franc	227,526.93	229,710.41
ó	Japanese YEN	2,035.70	2,055.88
U	Swedish Kronor	24,429.05	24,662.76
ó	Norweg. Kronor	26,434.82	26,697.31
0	Danish Kronor	34,601.04	34,941.75
ó	Australian \$	161,386.81	163,115.69
	Indian RPS	3,213.97	3,244.59
ó	Pakistan RPS	1,561.99	1,631.43
	Zambian Kwacha	18,789.74	19,089.79
ó	Malawian Kwacha	291.06	311.74
	Mozambique-MET	3,620.90	3,651.30
ó	Zimbabwe \$	42.62	43.48
	SDR	317,599.03	320,775.02
ó	Gold (T/O)	292,840,802.75	295,855,242.74
	S. African Rand	15,997.70	16,140.67
	UAE Dirham	62,011.12	62,619.30
	Singapore \$	168,146.52	169,777.84
	Honk Kong \$	29,017.00	29,306.80
	Saud Arabian Rial	60,731.28	61,335.32
ıh	Kuwait Dinar	750,624.40	756,634.43
20	Botswana Pula	21,181.16	21,600.00
0	Chinese Yuan	33,987.12	34,317.26

55,904.38

154,964.13

202.28

World Commodities (\$) 5 March 2019

World Comm	orld Commodities (\$) 5 March 2019 CROPS, PRICE PER 100KG MARCH 4,																					
Energy	Price	Day	Weekly	Monthly	Yearly	Region	Maize		Rice	9	Sorghum		Bulrush l	Millet	Finger M	illet	Wheat		Beans	1	lrish pota	atoes
							Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High
Crude Oil Brent	56.7351 65.6885	0.32% 0.18%	2.32% 0.93%	5.14% 4.98%	-9.29% 0.04%	Arusha	43500	44000	160000	200000	32000	35000	32000	35000	70000	72000	75000	78000	110000	155000	65000	68000
Natural gas	3	0.63%	0.88%	8.20%	4.77%	D'Salaam	55000	60000	160000	230000	60000	60000	60000	70000	110000	140000	130000	130000	200000	220000	75000	75000
Gasoline Heating oil	2 2	0.81% -0.31%	11.41% 0.89%	21.12% 5.45%	-8.58% 5.94%	Dodoma	44000	47000	150000	180000	30000	35000	30000	35000	60000	75000	160000	160000	150000	175000	53000	65000
Ethanol	1.3241	-1.34%	-0.97%	1.31%	-11.61%	Iringa	35000	35000	150000	200000	NA	NA	NA	NA	100000	100000	NA	NA	150000	180000	40000	50000
Naphtha Propane	519 1	1.39% 1.27%	4.35% 0.89%	9.32% 1.60%	-7.72% -11.02%	Kagera	55000	60000	136000	185000	90000	100000	100000	110000	120000	150000	NA	NA	95000	150000	65000	75000
Uranium	28	0.00%	0.18%	-3.11%	26.07%	Kilimanjaro	48000	48000	180000	180000	70000	80000	NA	NA	180000	180000	100000	100000	180000	180000	50000	65000
Madala	Dele		VA/ 1-1-	NA 41-1-	Vl-	Kigoma	54000	54000	140000	180000	70000	80000	60000	60000	130000	150000	140000	150000	120000	130000	90000	90000 s
Metals	Price	Day	Weekly	Monthly	Yearly	Lindi	60000	80000	160000	200000	120000	120000	NA	NA	150000	150000	NA	NA	160000	200000	100000	100000
						Mara	55000	75000	150000	150000	75000	75000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	180000	180000	80000	100000
Gold Silver	1,287 15.0951	-0.09% 0.13%	-3.19% -5.27%	-1.53% -3.62%	-3.59% -9.78%	Manyara	45000	51000	150000	200000	36000	42000	80000	100000	100000	120000	100000	120000	130000	150000	50000	50000 1.
Platinum	838.13	0.40%	-2.09%	4.37%	-13.49%	Mbeya	36000	40000	130000	150000	100000	105000	NA	NA	110000	120000	130000	130000	170000	210000	50000	50000 (N
Palladium Manganese	1,518.25 39.5	-0.96% 0.00%	-2.68% 0.00%	10.62% 0.00%	54.04% -3.66%	Morogoro	47000	49000	130000	170000	95000	100000	95000	100000	175000	180000	150000	150000	180000	180000	80000	80000 2.
Neodymium	390,000.00	0.00%	-2.01%	-2.01%	-13.33%	Mtwara	48000	50000	160000	190000	100000	100000	NA	NA	195000	200000	NA	NA	170000	180000	115000	115000
Rhodium	2,825.00	1.25%	3.67%	12.55%	51.07%	Mwanza	62000	62000	165000	180000	NA	NA	150000	150000	150000	160000	NA	NA	150000	160000	80000	80000 (T
Agricultural	Price	Day	Weekly	Monthly	Yearly	Njombe	35000	40000	150000	210000	NA	NA	NA	NA	120000	125000	80000	95000	135000	175000	35000	40000 3.
						Rukwa	40000	48000	120000	170000	70000	80000	NA	NA	125000	160000	100000	130000	90000	140000	60000	75000 (T
Soybeans Wheat	900.5888 445.3866	-0.36% -0.45%	-0.38% -3.23%	-2.33% -15.33%	-15.43% -11.28%	Ruvuma	32000	40000	170000	200000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	130000	150000	70000	70000 4.
Cotton	71.97	-1.05%	1.58%	-2.29%	-14.16%	Singida	48000	54000	150000	180000	48000	54000	48000	54000	NA	NA	NA	NA	150000	180000	60000	65000

65000 UTT - AMIS - 4 MARCH, 2019 UMOJA WEKEZA WATOTO JIKIMU LIQUID SUBJECT

FUND MAISHA

Malaysia Ringgit South Korea Won

00000																
50000	00 1. Net Asset Value															
50000	(MTshs.))	216,226	1,182	3,142	20,049	40,182									
80000	2.Net As	2.Net Asset Value per unit														
115000	(Tshs.)		567.5154	384.0300	330.4559	126.9617	204.2205									
80000	3. Sale I															
40000		nce per					004.0005									
75000	(Tshs.)		567.5154	384.0300	330.4559	126.9617	204.2205									
70000 65000	4. Reputchase Frice per Offic															
65000	(Tshs.)		561.8403	376.3494	327.1513	124.4225	204.2205									
196	67 1968		1969	1970	1971	1972	1973									
7.0	7.03		7.03	7.14	7.14	7.14	7.02									

-	ice 71.97	1.51%	3.37%	-2.75%	-15.24%	Sirigida	40000	54000 150000	100000	40000	54000 4600	0 54000	NA	NA NA	NA NA	150000 1600	60000	(Ts	hs.)	561.8403	376.3494	327.1513	124.4225	204.2205
Γ	Tanzanian																							
		Year	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973
	Ola IIII a	TZ/USD	7.14	7.14	7.14	7.14	7.14	7.14	7.14	7.14	7.03	7.03	7.03	7.03	7.03	7.03	7.03	7.03	7.03	7.03	7.14	7.14	7.14	7.02
	Shilling	Year	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
		TZ/USD	7.13	7.37	8.38	8.29	7.71	8.22	8.20	8.28	9.28	11.14	15.29	17.47	32.70	64.26	99.29	143.38	195.06	219.16	297.71	405.27	509.63	574.76
	History	Year	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	i iistoi y	TZ/USD	579.98	612.12	664.67	744.76	800.41	876.41	966.58	1,038.42	1,089.33	1,128.93	1,251.90	1,245.04	1,196.31	1,320.31	1,434.75	1574.35	1583.17	1599.22	1661.85	1977.63	2,188.24	2,240.26
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Guardian

WORLD

Hillary Clinton says she won't run for president in 2020

WASHINGTON

HILLARY Clinton says she won't run for president in 2020, but vows she's "not going anywhere".

The former secretary of state, senator and first lady ruled out another campaign during an interview posted on Monday by New York TV station

Clinton (pictured), who lost the 2016 presidential election to Donald Trump, says, "I'm going to keep on working and speaking and standing up for what I believe."

"What's at stake in our country, the kind of things that are happening right now, are deeply troubling to me," she

On Monday, the former Colorado governor John Hickenlooper joined the Democratic race for the nomination, citing an ability to bring people together in a time of "crisis"

He became the 14th candidate and second governor to join a historically diverse Democratic primary field. Other moderate candidates include

and Cory Booker (New Jersey). Sen Katal concerns.

mala Harris of California has made a strong start running to the left of centre.

Leading lights further left include the independent Vermont senator Bernie Sanders, whose 2016 presidential campaign helped energise the progressive movement and reshaped the Democratic party, and Elizabeth Warren of Massachusetts. Governor Jay Inslee of Washingsenators Amy Klobuchar (Minnesota) ton has announced a run based on environmen-

Montana's governor, Steve Bullock, and the former Virginia governor Terry McAuliffe are also considering running, as is the Colorado senator, Michael Bennet.

Clinton said she had spoken with several of the candidates seeking the Democratic presidential nomination, and told them "Don't take anything for granted, even though we have a long list of real problems and broken promises" from the Trump administration. Agencies



Challenges seen as China's legislature starts annual session

BEIJING

THE 13th National People's Congress (NPC), China's national legislature, opened its second session yesterday morning at the Great Hall of the People in Beijing.

Xi Jinping and other leaders of the Communist Party of China and the state were present at the opening meeting, which was attended by nearly 3,000 NPC depu-

Li Keqiang delivered the government's work report on behalf of the State Council to the legislature for deliberation.

Speaking at the opening meeting of the second annual session of the 13th National People's Congress, Premier Li Keqiang



(pictured) admitted that China faced severe challenges caused by the growing pains of economic transformation.

"Looking back on the past year, we can see that our achievements did not come easily," Li said while delivering the government work report to the annual legislative session yesterday.

"An interlacing of old and new issues and a combination of cyclical and structural problems brought changes in what was a generally stable economic performance, some of which caused concern,"

Li said that China also faced a profound change in its external environment in 2018. Setbacks in economic globalization, challenges to multilateralism, shocks in the international financial market, and es-

pecially the China-US economic and trade frictions, had an adverse effect on the production and business operations of some companies as well as on market expectations, according to the premier.

Moreover, China was facing a complicated terrain of increasing dilemmas, with multiple targets to attain, such as ensuring stable growth and preventing risks, as well as multiple tasks to complete, like promoting economic and social development.

The country also had multiple relationships to handle, including that between short-term and long-term interests, while the difficulty of making policy choices and moving work forward increased markedly,

China's Two Sessions draw global attention on foreign investment, BRI

BEIJING

EXPERTS worldwide are following closely China's annual Two Sessions, a window to help them understand where the world's second largest economy is heading and what it means to

The Two Sessions refer to the annual gathering of the National People's Congress, China's top legislature, and that of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, which is China's top political advisory body.

"Their annual meetings are important because they shed light on the future direction of the country's economic and social policies," said Khairy Tourk, an economics professor at the Stuart School of Business of the Illinois Institute of Technology in Chicago.

He said the new policies matter much to China's growth as well as its economic ties with both Western and developing nations.

FOREIGN INVESTMENT

One of the focuses is a draft law on foreign investment that has been submitted for a third reading at the legislative session. The draft law addresses "many

of Western concerns such as bolstering the protection of intellectual property and making it easier for foreign firms to do business in China," Tourk said.

Sotiris Petropoulos, an assistant professor at the Department panies to play a stronger role in



Foreign ambassadors and diplomats are present at the opening meeting of the second session of the 13th National People's Congress at the Great Hall of the People in Beijing yesterday. (Xinhua)

of Political Science and International Relations at University of the Peloponnese in Greece, echoed Tourk's opinion.

He said the draft law, once passed, is expected to decrease barriers to foreign investment and render foreign companies' operations within the country easier and more balanced than

According to Craig Allen, president of the U.S.-China Business Council, China is looking to a bigger role of foreign investment in its growth, which is a longtime engine driving the global econo-

"I think that the Chinese leadership is very wise, and that they realize that market-oriented competition will lead to greater growth. And one way to spur that growth is to allow foreign comChina." Allen said.

"And so it makes sense, from an economic perspective, to welcome that foreign investment,"

BELT AND ROAD

Much attention was also paid to the China-proposed Belt and Road Initiative (BRI), an international cooperation platform for common development that has brought tangible benefits to many other countries since 2013.

"The Belt and Road Initiative is inclusive and offers the greatest opportunity for both investment and development in decades," commented Keith Bennett, vice chairman of Britain's 48 Group Club, an advocate for closer Britain-China business relations.

and connectivity lays the best nomic zones," he said. possible foundations for promot-

ing all-round, comprehensive economic development and improvement of people's livelihood in the future," he said.

Recalling his visit to Pakistan a year ago to study the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor, a major BRI cooperation initiative, he said, "I could see how the many projects in Gwadar and elsewhere were already benefiting the local people and how well Chinese and Pakistani people were working together and respecting each other."

In the eyes of Tourk, "the Chinese style of growth is an inspiration to many developing nations." "Through the BRI, many of these nations are fortunate to enjoy Chinese funding and knowhow for the building of modern "Its emphasis on infrastructure infrastructure and industrial eco-

Ayad Al-Manaa, a political anagrows," he added. Xinhua

sor at Kuwait University, said BRI cooperation projects will support Kuwait's urban development and transformation into a financial and economic center, which are planned in Kuwait Vision 2035.

lyst and political science profes-

SHARED GROWTH

China, said Tourk, "is a major contributor to global growth" and a country "that has made the development of poor countries one of its top priorities."

"A growing Chinese economy is crucial to the prosperity in other regions of the world, especially in Asia and Africa," he added.

"The Chinese development has fascinated the world. It has made the country the workshop of the world," he said, noting that many developing nations "are grateful to China for its willingness to share its developmental expertise."

That view was shared by Mohammed Saqib, an Indian economist and secretary-general of India China Economic and Cultural Council, a nonprofit organization that works to enhance economic and cultural cooperation between the two countries.

"China will continue to play a very, very important role for industrialization of other backward or developing countries,"

"China is such a large, big economy and it has become an intrinsic part of so many countries' life that if China grows, everybody

London patient becomes second known man cleared of HIV

LONDON

A LONDON patient has become the second known man worldwide to be cleared of AIDS virus after receiving a bone marrow transplant from an HIV resistant donor, according to his doctor.

The patient has shown no trace of previous HIV infection since he underwent the transplant operation three years ago. "There is no virus there that we can measure.

We can't detect anything," said Ravindra Gupta, a professor and HIV biologist who co-led a team of doctors treating

However, Gupta described his patient as "functionally cured" and "in remission," rather than "cured." "It's too early to say he's cured," he said.

The first known patient to be functionally cured of HIV is an American man, Timothy Brown, who also underwent similar treatment in Germany in 2007.

Both patients received bone marrow stem cells from donors with a rare genetic mutation known as "CCR5 delta 32," which confers resistance to HIV.

Between Brown and the new London patient, scientists made several attempts to cure other AIDS patients using the same method, but failed in all of them. Gupta said the method used is not appropriate for all patients but offers hope for new treatment strategies.

The study is to be published Tuesday in the journal Nature. As of 2017, there were approximately 36.9 million people worldwide living with HIV/AIDS.

AIDS-related deaths have been reduced by more than 51 percent since the peak in 2004, according to the Joint United Nations programe on HIV/AIDS.

Kremlin derides discredited Congressional crusade to dig up 'Russian influence' on Trump

MOSCOW

ALL inquiries into the alleged influence Russia had on US President Donald Trump's policies afoot in Washington



have yielded nothing but laughable results, eventually discrediting themselves, Kremlin Spokesman Dmitry Peskov told the media yesterday.

"There have been so many investigations like these that their significance has been devalued," he noted. "In general, they look less and less serious. It is most important that none of the previously launched investigations have yielded any serious findings. All of them were laughable."

Asked for a comment about the start of yet another such inquiry, Peskov (pictured) said: "We have no opportunity or wish to make comments on each newly-launched investigation, initiated by whatever group of legislators in the United

By and large, this is perhaps none of our business. It is an entirely US affair."

On Monday, the House of Representatives' Judiciary Committee launched a new investigation of Donald Trump's election campaign, the activities of his team following the election victory and Trump's businesses, CNN reported.

The probe will focus on alleged obstruction of justice, 'collusion' with Russia and abuse of power. Any information obtained in this way may be used as a reason for launching potential impeachment procedures.

The Judiciary Committee began its probe at a time when another investigation, conducted by special counsel Robert Mueller is coming to an end.

For nearly two years, Mueller has been trying to dig up anything tangible behind the rumors of 'attempts' at swaying the US election in 2016 and whether the head of state committed any wrongdoing during his election campaign or presidency.

US to end preferential trade treatment for India, Turkey

WASHINGTON

THE United States intends to move India and Turkey out of a program under which a group of developing countries receive preferential trade treatment, the U.S. Trade Representative's (USTR) office announced Monday.

According to a statement issued by the USTR's office, India's termination from the Generalized System of Preferences (GSP) program "follows its failure to provide the United States with assurances that it will provide equitable and reason-

able access to its markets in numerous sectors." Turkey is kicked out because "it is sufficiently economically developed and should no longer benefit from preferential market access to the United States market," the statement said. In a letter to congressional leaders, U.S. President Donald Trump wrote, "I am providing notice of my intent to terminate the designation of India as a beneficiary developing country under the Generalized System of Preferences (GSP) programme."

Xinhua

UN says Burundi forced closure of human rights office

NAIROBI

BURUNDI'S government has forced the United Nations human rights office in the troubled East African country to close after 23 years, the UN rights chief announced with "deep regret" yester-

Burundi in December asked the UN office to leave, months after the outgoing UN rights chief called the country one of the "most prolific slaughterhouses of humans in recent times."

New rights chief Michelle Bachelet

said in a statement that human rights gains in Burundi have been "seriously jeopardized" since 2015. That is when President Pierre Nkurunziza announced he would run for another, disputed term, leading to months of violence that the UN has said killed more than 1,200 people. Burundi has been pulling back from

international criticism, making history in 2017 as the first country to withdraw from the International Criminal Court. The government has long been an-

gered by UN reports describing alleged



judges authorized an investigation into allegations of state-sponsored crimes including murder, rape and torture – a

decision unaffected by Burundi's withdrawal from the court.

The government strongly denies allegations it targets its own people, saying the charges are malicious propaganda spread by exiles.

Burundi suspended its cooperation with the UN rights office in October 2016, accusing it of "complicity with coup plotters and Burundi's enemies" after a report alleged the "involvement of the regime in systematic abuses and a risk of genocide."

In December 2017, the government

shut four regional offices of the UN man rights concerns in Burundi and rights office. And a team of experts mandated by the UN Human Rights Council to look into possible abuses was expelled in May despite Burundi's agreement to cooperate.

"I am disappointed by Burundi's lack of cooperation in recent years with UN human rights mechanisms, which even went so far as to include threats to prosecute" members of that commission of inquiry, Bachelet said in her statement.

She said her office would continue to explore other ways to expose hu-

that the government "has expressed its readiness" to work with her office. "We stand ready to engage constructively," she said.

The UN office in Burundi was established in 1995, two years after the assassination of President Melchior Ndadaye in 1993. His death sparked a civil war between the East African nation's two dominant ethnic groups, the Hutu and Tutsi, in which an estimated 300,000 people died.

Agencies

Guardian



Los Angeles Clippers' Montrezl Harrell (5) dunks between Los Angeles Lakers' JaVale McGee (7) and Rajon Rondo (9) during the first half of an NBA basketball game, Monday, March 4, 2019, in Los Angeles

Gallinari gets 23, Clips hold off slumping Lakers 113-105

LOS ANGELES

THE Los Angeles Clippers are rolling toward a playoff berth, even after a thorough upheaval over the past two years.

LeBron James and the injury-riddled Los Angeles Lakers weren't much of an obstacle when two teams going in opposite directions passed each other in the Staples Center hallway they share.

Danilo Gallinari scored 23 points, Lou Williams added 21 and the Clippers dealt another blow to the Lakers' fading playoff hopes with a 113-105 victory Monday night.

"That doesn't bother me or make me happy," Clippers coach Doc Rivers said of beating their fellow Angelenos. "I just want us to do well."

The Clippers did splendidly, despite the odds against them. Although they have broken up their successful core and further stripped the roster with several recent trades, they're still on target for a playoff return. Rivers dismissed the notion of tanking before the game: "I don't know that word," he said.

figures while they comfortably maintained a lead over their co-tenants down the stretch of their latest rivalry meeting. James and his few healthy teammates never threatened late as the Clippers (37-29) took sole possession of seventh place in the Western Conference standings with their sixth win in eight games.

"This is a critical time to win games, and we're locked in," Williams said. "Tonight I felt particularly good about our focus."

James scored 27 points and Rajon Rondo had

his 32nd career triple-double, but the Lakers took their ninth loss in 12 games since they beat the Clippers on Jan. 31.

While the Clippers' playoff run is a pleasant surprise for their fans, the Lakers (30-34) dearly want to reach the postseason after a five-year

Instead, the 16-time NBA champions have all but fallen apart in February and March. The Lakers are in 10th place in the West, sitting 5½ games behind San Antonio for the final playoff spot with 18 to play.

"You keep playing to the end and see what happens," James said. "I've been talking about it for a while now. Everyone has been talking about the postseason, (but) we should be worried about each and every game and how we can continue to get better with our process

and get better with our team." Two days after an embarrassing road loss to NBA-worst Phoenix put a huge dent in their playoff chances, the Lakers played without forward Brandon Ingram, who developed right shoulder soreness after the morning Gallinari led six Clippers scoring in double shootaround. Ingram had played in 50 straight games, averaging 18.3 points and 5.1 rebounds in

a strong first season alongside James.

Lonzo Ball was already out with his long-term ankle injury, leaving James without his two most important teammates. Kyle Kuzma then scored 13 points before he limped off the floor with an apparent ankle injury with 6:04 to play, and coach Luke Walton said he "would be surprised" if Kuzma's injury doesn't force him to miss the Lakers' next game.



Relegation battle: Who will stay, who will go down?

By Correspondent Michael Mwebe

WITH the battle to avoid relegation intensifying, we look at the reasons to be both optimistic and concerned for those 2018/19 Mainland Premier League sides hoping to beat the

With games fast running out and nerves jangling by a thread, it is still a toss-up as to who will kiss participation in the country's elite league goodbye.

However, much can change between now and the climax of the campaign, so who is currently looking in pole position to stay in the top flight, and whose time is looking up?

With roughly 10 rounds to, the table shows African Lyon and

Biashara United are in deep trouble. The two teams are 11 and eight points respectively from the

fellow strugglers. African Lyon in particular have played more matches than several teams that have over 10 points advantage in the relegation battle. It would be a miracle for African Lyon to avoid the drop.

When Amri Said was appointed as Biashara United's head coach there was a huge belief that he would turn it around and the Mara-based side will stay up and it was not a bad start from the former Mbao FC boss as well.

Biashara United managed to convert their losses into draws and there was a sure belief in the camp.

However, fast forward to March, Biashara United are still at

eight points behind Singida United.

Said has not done bad but it might be too late, too little and Musoma football lovers should start bracing themselves for First Division League football next season.

On the other side, at least eight clubs will be hoping to avoid the last route to their survival, the play-offs, as the top flight league enters the home stretch.

Mtibwa Sugar, JKT Tanzania, Mbeya City FC, Ruvu Shooting, Kagera Sugar, Mwadui FC, Stand United, Ndanda FC, Prisons have less than five points separating them and risk being subjected to a play-off against First Division League sides.

With African Lyon and Biashara United looking like already relegated, focus shifts to avoiding finishing in the 18th and 19th place. The competition is fierce and any unwelcome result for any of the other eight leaves them

Ndanda clearly have the experience in surviving relegation battles and despite being tipped for the drop every season they always manage to survive!

Kagera Sugar and Mtibwa Sugar have players

the very bottom, 24 points after 27 games and of undoubted quality and seem to be too good to go down.

> Striker Salim Aiyee has been a revelation this season and could help Mwadui FC stay up. However Stand United's experience of relegation fights may be vital, and I see them having a better chance of staying up once again.

> Singida United and Prisons are occupying the dreaded 18th and 17th positions respectively.

> Prisons looked like sure candidate for relegation but recent results show they will not go down easily.

> The change of coach has done them great favour. Singida United have also changed coaches but results are still a mixed bag. There is no guarantee.

> However, football is unpredictable. No one has the intuition to judge what will happen in the 90 minutes until the final whistle has gone. Every team is going to drop points, it is just the matter of who is going to drop the least.

> At the moment it looks like African Lyon and Biashara United will be automatically relegated and either Singida United or Prisons, together with either Stand United or Mwadui FC, will go into the play-offs.



Simiyu Regional Commissioner, Antony Mtaka, who is also the Athletics Tanzania president (2nd L), congratulates the 2019 Tigo Kili Half Marathon winner, Emmanuel Giniki, after



Diamond Trust Bank (DTB) Football Club defender, Omar Kunambi (R), shields the ball from Buyuni FC striker during the final match of the Super Six stage of the Dar es Salaam Regional League that took place at Mwananyamala Primary School ground yesterday. The match ended in a 1-1 draw. PHOTO: CORRESPONDENT

Rahul Dravid, a gift that keeps on giving

NEW DELHI

SEVEN years into his retirement and former test stalwart Rahul Dravid is still making silent and important contribution for India, shaping the next generation of cricketers who will form the core of the team.

For a significant part of his 16-year test career, Dravid was the bulwark in India's starstudded batting lineup that also included Sachin Tendulkar, Sourav Ganguly and V.V.S Laxman.

A classical batsman who built his game around a near-impregnable defence and an over-my-dead-body attitude, 'The Wall' was a purist's delight even though team mates often eclipsed his best efforts.

His 95 in his very first test innings was overshadowed by fellow debutant Ganguly's century in the 1996 match at Lord's. Three years later, Dravid hit 145 in a World Cup match against Sri Lanka but once again Ganguly's 183 was the talking point.

Dravid's 180 in the 2001 Kolkata test was crucial to India's stunning victory against Australia but still ended up being second fiddle to Laxman's epic 281.

Having quit international cricket with more than 24,000 runs against his name, Dravid has since taken charge of India's under-19 and A teams, overseeing the seamless transition of youngsters into the senior side.

Among his wards, Mayank Agarwal, Prithvi Shah and Hanuma Vihari have taken to test cricket like duck to water, all-rounder Vijay Shankar is staking World Cup claims, while Shubhman Gill broke into the ODI team in New

Zealand.

"He's been a great mentor for us," Agarwal, who impressed on his maiden tour in Australia, told Reuters

"We can always walk up to him, speak to him about our batting, about our thought process, the way we approach an innings or if there's any technical difficulty."

Shoehorned into the Indian side midway through the test series following an opening crisis, Agarwal impressed immediately with two 75-plus knocks in three innings.

The 28-year-old said Dravid helped him understand how to manage mental energy in the long format. "We had a few chats about my game and he

figured that part out," Agarwal added. "He said 'to do well in test cricket, you need to manage your mental energy because you are up and about for all five days'. That's something we

spoke about. "Also we figured out things we can control in the middle and focus on doing them."

Lokesh Rahul is another beneficiary of Dravid's deep understanding of the game accumulated over 164 tests and 344 ODIs - and batsmanship in particular.

Rahul, 26, was in crisis after a slump in form was followed by a brief suspension for inappropriate comments on a television chat

Sent home midway through the test series in Australia, Rahul joined the A team under Dravid and found his mojo back in the five matches against England Lions.

REUTERS

SPORTS NEWS

Guardian

Arsenal's Mustafi is the 'king of blunders' - Petit

UNAI Emery's management style is a "concern" while Arsenal defender Shkodran Mustafi is the "king of blunders," according to club legend Emmanuel Petit.

Emery sprang a surprise for Arsenal's 1-1 draw with Tottenham on Saturday, handing Mustafi a right-back role, and the defender conceded the penalty that allowed Harry Kane to rescue a point.

"I was surprised to see Mustafi picked for that game, because he is after all the king of blunders," Petit told RMC.

an offside, it's Mustafi who gives away the penalty again."

Alexandre Lacazette, who set up Aaron Ramsey's opener, was substituted in the second half and Petit, today." who won the double in 1998 during his three years at Arsenal, said this

was one of a number of decisions Emery has made that is open to

there are certain things in his management style that concern me," he

"I hope I am wrong."

After a draw that left Arsenal out of the top four following results elsewhere that weekend, Emery did not complain about the Kane penalty decision directly but suggested that VAR might prevent game-changing decisions going the wrong way.

"Today for me, the referees were "Even though it shouldn't have a big personality but it's not enough been a penalty because there was to make the best decision in difficult action in the box, for them and

them to be fair for one match like

(AGENCIES)

Quarter-finals or the exit door for Di Francesco?

AS Roma coach Eusebio Di Francesco could lead his team into the Champions League quarter-finals or be shown the exit door depending on the outcome of their round of 16 match off." at Porto today.

After a season of remarkable inconsistency, Italian media have reported that Di Francesco's job will be at stake when they defend a 2-1 lead away to the Portuguese champions at the Estadio do Dragao in Wednesday's second

Former Fiorentina coach Paulo Sousa is the favourite to replace Di Francesco should he be fired, according to Italian media, who said the Portuguese will be in the stands on Wednesday.

Another possibility for a replacement is former Roma defender Christian Panucci, who is currently coach of the Albanian national side.

The club has not made any official comment on the coach's situation.

Roma had just got over their 7-1 Coppa Italia drubbing by Fiorentina in January when they were thumped 3-0 by neighbours Lazio in their derby on Saturday, further stretching the patience of the fans and the club directors.

Di Francesco himself admitted it was not good enough and was especially angry at Lazio's first goal, scored from a move which began with a throw-in.

"You can't concede a goal through the middle from a throw-in - it was all

too easy for them. We got our marking wrong," he said. "It can happen to anyone but it's been happening a bit too often to us this season.

"We really must work on the mental side of things. We seem to be on and

The 49-year-old led Roma to third place in Serie A and the Champions League semi-finals last season - his first at the club - was rewarded with a new two-year contract.

Although there have been some impressive performances this season, especially from 19-year-old midfielder Nicolo Zaniolo, they have been overshadowed by Roma's tendency to col-

Roma have been beaten by Bologna, SPAL and Udinese - all teams in the lower half of the table - and also managed to blow a two-goal lead at home to bottom-of-the-table Chievo, when they were held 2-2.

Then, in the space of four days in January, they squandered a three-goal lead at Atalanta to be held 3-3 before suffering their seven-goal mauling at the hands of Fiorentina.

Di Francesco has been left fishing for explanations and there have been some unusual ones, such as the suggestion he made earlier in the season that striker Edin Dzeko is less effective in daylight.

"It seems he prefers playing at night," said Di Francesco.

needs to learn and it is good that

it has happened in this moment."

Sarri's most significant prematch

decision against Fulham was to re-

call Kepa, one week after the Spain

international refused to be substi-

tuted during extra time against City

Chelsea's club-record signing re-

paid Sarri's faith by making vital

stops to deny Aleksandar Mitrovic in

each half at Craven Cottage, and Ru-

diger said he believes Kepa's impres-

sive return to action has brought the

sad," the Germany international said.

"He made a mistake, he said sorry

and this thing is now [in the past] and

like this it's very good. He regained

the trust [of everyone]. He definitely

showed his quality. The goal we con-

ceded, he couldn't do anything about

that, but in the rest of the game he

saved us. That's why we have him."

Chelsea's win over Fulham was also

a big moment for Jorginho. The mid-

fielder heard his name sung by the

same travelling supporters who have

been vocal in their criticism of him

in recent weeks after scoring what

proved to be the winning goal, and

Rudiger said he is confident there is

more to come from his teammate.

(AGENCIES)

"Especially with performances

"Of course what happened was

at Wembley.

episode to a close.

that's good.

REUTERS

Sarri 'learned' from City humiliation - Rudiger Everyone needs to adapt, everyone

CHELSEA defender Antonio Rudiger said manager Maurizio Sarri has "learned" from Chelsea's 6-0 defeat against Manchester City after they continued their revival with a 2-1 win over Fulham on Sunday.

First-half goals from Gonzalo Higuain and Jorginho, coupled with some key saves from the recalled Kepa Arrizabalaga, saw Chelsea build on their midweek win over Tottenham to gain ground on Mauricio Pochettino's men, Manchester United and Arsenal in the race for a top-four finish in the Premier League.

Sarri's job was on the line after his game plan backfired spectacularly against City at the Etihad, but Chelsea have won three of their last four matches in all competitions and took Pep Guardiola's men to penalties in the Carabao Cup final with a more conservative tactical approach. "He learned from that game against Manchester City," Rudiger said of Sarri. "There we went high, we went to press, we wanted to win the ball and everyone knows what happened.

"In life, you need to adapt to things. This league is different to Italy; you have to adjust a bit -- I think everyone has adapted to new things, also the coach. "You saw the way we played against Tottenham and Manchester City. It was different to the way we played in the first three months.

"Emery steers the ship well but

for us," he said.

"I think VAR is coming to help

England bids farewell to World Cup-winning keeper Banks

STOKE-ON-TRENT, England

THOUSANDS of fans joined luminaries of English football for a final farewell on Monday to Gordon Banks, a steelworker's son who became one of the world's greatest goalkeepers and will forever be remembered for a miraculous save against Pele.

Team mates from England's 1966 World Cup win and members of former clubs Stoke City and Leicester rode in a cortege from the Stoke stadium to a church funeral for Banks who died aged 81 last month of cancer.

"As a goalkeeper, he's one of the few superstars of our position," Leicester and Denmark goalkeeper Kasper Schmeichel, who was a pallbearer at the funeral, told

"Great keeper; great man. It's an incredibly sad day."

Banks was best known for the stunning one-handed save from a Pele bullet header that bounced awkwardly in front of him during England's group-stage game against Brazil at the 1970 World Cup.

"With the luck of the gods, the angle at which I'd managed to lift that ball was perfect, and it ballooned in the air and over the bar," the genial and down-to-earth Banks said in one of the many recountings begged by fans and media.

Footage shows Banks chuckling afterwards, as England's Bobby Moore jokingly chides him for not catching the ball.

His achievements went far further than stopping Pele.

Banks won 73 national caps, played nearly 500 times for Leicester and Stoke, won two League Cups and was six times FIFA keeper of the year before a car crash blinded him in one eye.

He remained in Stoke, a former mining and pottery city, where he would watch games, attend charity events and take a weekly walk round Trentham Gardens.

"He donated his tie to a charity event I was involved in and we raised 200 pounds (\$265.56). Such a gentleman," reminisced Phillip Steele, 76, next to a statue of Banks moment of my football career," Hurst he worked as a coal packer and apprentice



People look at the statue of former England World Cup winning goalkeeper Gordon Banks surrounded with tributes outside the stadium at Stoke-upon-Trent, Britain on March 4. REUTERS

at the hilltop stadium decked in flags, scarves, footballs and flowers.

SIMPLER ERA

About 2,000 fans were at the Bet365 stadium to watch proceedings on a big screen. Others lined the route of the funeral procession, which paused outside the old Victoria Ground where Banks plied his trade before reaching Stoke min-

Goalkeepers Jack Butland and Joe Hart also helped to carry Banks's coffin into the church, where fellow 1966 World Cup winner and hat-trick hero Geoff Hurst gave one of the speeches.

"Gordon Banks contributed to the worst

quipped, recalling a penalty of his that Banks stopped in Stoke's 1972 League Cup semi-final against West Ham.

"He was a superstar on the field – but off the field he was an ordinary guy, no airs and graces.

In a largely working-class city obsessed with football, Banks was viewed as a reminder of simpler days before the Premier League's mega-millions.

Everyone had their favourite save.

Banks used to pick out a 1963 FA Cup semi-final when Leicester scored with their only shot on goal while he singlehandedly thwarted chance after chance for Liverpool.

Born in the northern city of Sheffield,

bricklayer as a teenager before an inauspicious start at Chesterfield's Reserves: he let in 122 goals in the 1954/55 season. After military service, he got a first-team contract at Chesterfield – for seven pounds (\$9.24) a week.

Anecdotes from Banks's life tell of a different era to that of today's cosseted play-

Before kickoff at the 1966 World Cup semi-final, he ran out of the gum he used to chew to generate spit for his hands – so the England trainer popped out of Wembley and down the road to buy some from a news kiosk, just in time to stave off Banks's

REUTERS

Young: Critics can dismiss United all they want

MANCHESTER, England

ASHLEY Young has said he is happy for critics to write off Manchester United's chances against Paris Saint-Germain but insists Ole Gunnar Solskjaer's attacking philosophy will make them a threat at Parc des Princes.

United will need to overturn a 2-0 deficit from the first leg to progress to the quarterfinals of the Champions League for the first time since 2014.

They will have to do it with a threadbare squad with 10 senior players missing through injury or suspension but Young says they are not heading across the Channel to make up the numbers. "We know what we're capable of," he

"People can write us off. People were writing us off at the start of the season and people are writing us off now. It's no different. Obviously it's going to be tough. It's not going to be easy.

"We've got to go over there, win the game and score goals. I've got every faith if we defend well and if we create the chances that I know we can do, we can win the game.

"We've got to go out there and win the game. We can't worry too much about them, it's all about us."

Solskjaer's injury list includes Ander Herrera, Nemanja Matic, Jesse Lingard, Juan Mata, Anthony Martial, Alexis Sanchez, Matteo Darmian, Phil Jones and Antonio Valencia while Paul Pogba is suspended.

Marcus Rashford and Romelu Lukaku could be the only senior players in an otherwise inexperienced front six but Young has backed the fringe players to step up.

"We've had that for the last couple of games," Young said.

"There have been players who have been missing and at this time of the season it's not ideal. "There are players who are ready to come in and fill their boots. Everyone has got to be ready and I'm sure whoever comes in will go and do their job the best they can."

United have come through a tough week unscathed after back-to-back wins against Crystal Palace and Southampton to keep themselves in the race for the top four.

And after their Champions League commitments in Paris on Wednesday,



Ashley Young

Solskjaer's side face another crucial test in cent best but it just shows where we've come the Premier League when they travel to Arsenal on Sunday.

"We've got injuries but we're still managing to get results," said Young. "[Against Southampton], we weren't at our 100 per-

from to where we are now -- grinding out performances, not being at our best, but get-

"It's never easy when you've got so many injuries but it shows the squad that we've got

"There are other people carrying knocks but we're getting through games. That's just how the team spirit is.

Meanwhile, Manchester United forward Alexis Sanchez is expected to be out for at least a month with a knee injury but there are fears he could spend as long as eight weeks on the sidelines, sources have told ESPN FC.

The Chile international damaged knee ligaments during the 3-2 win over Southampton on Saturday and was limping heavily as he left Old Trafford.

Initial scans on Sunday showed the 30-year-old will need at least a month to recover, ruling him out of the Champions League clash with Paris Saint-Germain on Wednesday and the trip to Arsenal on Sun-

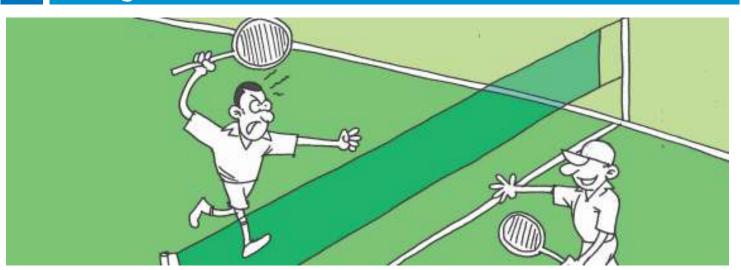
However, there are concerns he could be ruled out for as long as two months, raising the prospect that he may not play for United again this season.

United play their penultimate Premier League game against Huddersfield on May 4 before a home game against Cardiff on the final day of the campaign on May 12. The FA Cup final is scheduled for May 18.

With caretaker manager Ole Gunnar Solskjaer already dealing with a host of injuries, Sanchez would likely have started against PSG on Wednesday and at the Emirates four days later.

Meanwhile, Chile boss Reinaldo Rueda has said he is very concerned with Sanchez's form -- with the ex-Arsenal man contributing just one league goal all season. (AGENCIES)





Guardian www.ippmedia.com

SPORT

England bids farewell to World

Cup-winning keeper Banks

COMPREHENSIVE REPORT, PAGE 19



Coach Charles Laizer in a group photo with Rafiki Foundation tennis players before the latter's departure for Kenya to compete in the East Africa junior championship that will be played this week. PHOTO: COURTESY OF **RAFIKI FOUNDATION**

National junior tennis players leave for Kenya tourney

By Correspondent Joseph Mchekadona

TANZANIA's six junior tennis players left for Kenya yesterday buoyant of better performance against strong regional opponents in the East Africa championship, slated to take place in Nairobi later this week.

The players making the trip for the tournament, which starts today and ends on Saturday, are Morogorobased Selemani Mohamed and Hassan Mfalume while others are Hillary Ndosi, Nasha Singo, Irene Munishi and Eunice Kimario from Kilimanjaro.

They are accompanied by two coaches, Goodluck Mollel and Theresia Apolinary.

Three players from Kilimanjaro, Ndosi, Singo and Munishi, are training at Rafiki Foundation under the tutelage of Charles Laizer.

In a telephone interview from Moshi, Laizer disclosed he is confident that the players will perform well at the event.

He said Rafiki Foundation players have been training well ahead of the tournament.

Laizer said he is certain the Kenya tournament will offer important experience to the young players that will soon be carrying the country's national flag at international events.

"The team is in good shape, the morale is also high and I am sure they will perform well at the event, for my three players they are all ready as they have been training well," he said.

He, however, accepted that it won't be easy for the junior players to beat good challengers from the region but said the experience gained will be of great important to the local junior

"Our counterparts are well organized. They play many tournaments both local and international, the team is going there with the aim of winning medals and qualifying for continental events," Laizer noted.

"I, though, must admit it won't be easy to beat them, I think the good thing is that they will gain vital experience."



The players making the trip for the tournament, which starts today and ends on Saturday, are Morogoro-based Selemani Mohamed and Hassan Mfalume while others are Hillary Ndosi, Nasha Singo, Irene Munishi and Eunice Kimario from Kilimanjaro.

Firm provides free medical services to runners at Kili Marathon 2019

By Guardian Reporter

THE leading healthcare firm in Tanzania, AAR, has provided free medical services to more than 4,000 runners during this year's Kilimanjaro Marathon held in Moshi last Sunday.

The medical care included pre check-ups, first aid services and ambulance services for emergence care.

The AAR Arusha Health Centre Manager, Aggrey Mapunda, disclosed that most runners lack knowledge on pre checkups, which he said is crucial for guiding the runners on their pace during the marathon.

"Runners have to check their health before running for their health and safety, and as a healthcare player, we believe it is our duty to provide the runners with the required information and offer them free medical check-ups to motivate them to adopt it as a usual practice," Mapunda noted.

"They should know the risks and steps to be taken before hand, and that is why we are here to proffer the same."

"We also know that accidents and emergencies occur during events like these, that is why we have first aid services as well as Standby ambulance services for emergence."

Lydia Nasimiyu from Kenya, who is one of the AAR's free-medical care beneficiaries at the event, expressed her gratitude and commended AAR for the medical support.

"I would like to extend my appreciations to AAR Healthcare for the medical assistance they have provided me with: I was timely and well attended. I am glad that they are here to take care of all the runners," Nasimiyu said.

"I would also like to congratulate them for their initiatives and I believe medical services are vital in every marathon event."

AAR Healthcare is also one of the key sponsors for the marathon, this being the firm's second year in a row aiming at continuing to support the race.

AAR Healthcare Business Development Manager, Doscar Massaba, said: "We have been working with Kili Marathon since last year for the purpose of promoting healthcare services to people.'

"Being one of the key contributors in health industry, we believe in eating right and exercises for health growth. Hence, we have and we will continue providing our practical support to Kili Marathon to promote better health."

About 9,000 registered runners from different countries participated in this year's Kili Marathon, according to the organizers.

As well as being a breeding ground for the local talent, the race draws quality runners from neighbouring countries and from around the world - with up to 45 nationalities taking part in the event.

Apart from the 'sports' element, the event has a big pay off in the region, with sponsors building their Corporate Social Responsibility around the event and the

There is also a change of lifestyle across the country, with many more people taking up running to keep





Ally Ng'anzi

Dar soccer player joins US club on loan

By Correspondent Joseph Mchekadona

TANZANIA's football player, Ally Ng'anzi, who turns out for MFK Vyskov of Czech Republic, has been loaned to Minnesota United FC of USA on a one-year deal.

Ng'anzi, who was playing for Tanzania's top flight side of Singida United, was last year signed by the third -tier side but he has been loaned to the USA team on a one-year deal with an option for permanent move.

Singida United, on Monday, informed the general public that Ng'anzi has joined the USA soccer club on loan and wished him all

The Tanzania club said joining the USA outfit is a stepping stone to greater heights for the player.

The USA outfit, which plays in North America Soccer League, has loaned the midfielder, who also played for Tanzania's U-17 soccer team 'Serengeti Boys', to its USL affiliate club, Forward Madison FC, for a season.

Minnesota United FC, on Monday, announced that it is delighted to have the services of the box -to-box midfielder, who captained Serengeti Boys and Tanzania's U-20 team 'Ngorongoro Heroes' through the AFCON U-17 and U-20 tournaments.

Ng'anzi has also turned out for Tanzania's national U-23 team, Kilimanjaro Warriors.

"Minnesota United have acquired the 18year old Tanzanian midfielder, Ally Hamis Ng'anzi, on loan from Czech third division side, MFK Vyskov, with option to purchase," the club said on Monday.

The club moreover said it has immediately loaned Ng'anzi to the club's USL affiliate Forward Madison FC for a season.

By playing in the USL Ng'anzi will be among the few recognized Tanzania footballers playing in the USA.

The player stands to benefit a lot in his career as USA football standards are good and he can also learn a lot of things for his football development.

Minnesota United FC was an American professional soccer outfit based in the Minneapolis -Saint Paul area.

It was founded in 2010 as NSC Minnesota and later known as Minnesota Stars FC. It plays in the North American Soccer League which is sanctioned by USA soccer federa-

Flexibles by David Chikoko

