



National Pg 3

Heifer International pledges support



National Pg 4

Uyole develops drought-resistant seeds



National Pg 7

'People happy with govt



NCAA: Make audit of 8bn/- in annual subsidy for Maasai in the Ngorongoro

The Ngorongoro eco-system, according to experts, is currently overwhelmed which human activities, including increased population of over 100,000 residents, more than 170,000 livestock as well as commercial tourism ventures

By Guardian Reporter, Arusha

NGORONGORO Conservation Area Authority (NCAA) wants the government to start making proper audits of the 8bn/- paid out every year to the Ngorongoro District Council, which has less than 100,000 Maasai pastoralists living within the area but still live in poverty.

This need has been expressed by the NCAA board chairman, Prof. Abiud Kasamala, who expressed the board's amazement at the lack of tangible results in poverty alleviation despite the

low population and high state expenditure for the area.

He said that the level of subsidy makes Ngorongoro among the richest communities in this part of the world but it has few signs of development to match this expenditure.

"It is the highest non-salary per-capita income to be recorded in East Africa, yet these same people are still reeling in poverty, lacking basic needs and amenities," he said, noting that some fully-fledged district councils in the country

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Filbert Mponzi (C), NMB Bank's chief of retail banking, briefs Prime Minister Kassim Majaliwa in Mwanza city yesterday on the bank's operations moments after the PM visited the NMB pavilion at an exhibition held on the sidelines of the 35th annual general meeting of the Association of Local Government Authorities of Tanzania (Alat). Left is NMB head of government business Vicky Bishubo. The PM represented President John Magufuli in opening the meeting. Photo: PMO



Singapore seizes ivory from 300 elephants

By Guardian Reporter and Agencies

AUTHORITIES in Singapore have seized 8.8 tonnes (8,800kg) of elephant ivory from a ship that was passing its territorial waters.

The National Parks Board announced yesterday that the tusks, valued at USD12.9 million and the largest ever seizure in its history, came from nearly 300 African elephants.

Some 11.9 tonnes of pangolin scales valued at USD35.7 million were also seized. It is believed to have belonged to about 2,000 of the mammals.

The illegal cargo was found in containers after a tip-off from China's customs department.

The board said it discovered the animal parts on Sunday after they inspected a shipment from the Democratic Republic of Congo that was passing through

Singapore on its way to Vietnam.

The containers were falsely declared to contain timber.

"Upon inspection, sacks containing pangolin scales and elephant ivory were found in one of the containers," the board said in a statement.

The seized pangolin scales and elephant ivory will be destroyed, the body said.

It is not the first time such illegal goods have been found in Singapore. The country has seized a total of 37.5 tonnes of pangolin scales since April this year.

"Singapore has always been inadvertently implicated in the global ivory trade for two reasons: its global connectivity, as well as the presence of a small domestic market where pre-1990s ivory can be legally sold," Kim Stengert, chief communications officer for the World Wildlife Fund (WWF) Singapore, told reporters.

Ivory is used for ornaments and in traditional medicine in Asia. Pangolin scales are also in high demand in Asia for use in traditional Chinese medicine.

The pangolin is said to be the most widely trafficked mammal in the world.

Under Singapore's Endangered

TURN TO PAGE 2

Bosch Group readies gas appliances assembling

By Correspondent James Kandoya

GERMAN technology giant Bosch Group yesterday announced plans to put up a gas equipment assembling plant to enable institutions such as hospitals, hotels and homes use affordable natural gas for heating systems instead of electricity.

Bosch's General Manager in charge of Africa, Daniel Fernandez said in Dar es Salaam that the group is currently finalizing procedures as advised by the Tanzania Investment Centre (TIC).

"The plant will be the biggest in the East African Community (EAC) and the Southern Africa Development Community (SADC) blocs," the manager said.

He said the reason to invest on the plant was the fact that Tanzania had huge potential and opportunities that can be utilized from available and cheap natural gas.

For his part, the Co - Founder & Acting chairman of the Association of Tanzania Oil & Gas Services Providers (TOGS) Abdulsamad Abdulrahim said this position was stated at a high level workshop aimed at

showcasing various related projects and projects for commercial and households use in the country.

The workshop came after meetings with the president and members of the board of management and technical team of Bosch Group, following efforts and the fifth phase government's support to facilitate Bosch Investments to Tanzania.

"I am pleased to inform you that Bosch Group is finally here to invest and are setting up in Tanzania as we speak," he said.

The company founder noted that other areas that Bosch is reviewing for pilot projects include transfer of know-how, ways of collaboration to adhere to local content law and use of local goods and services to create wealth and growth.

Reaching an investment decision was based on a study, which facilitates part of a broader objective of Bosch Group to establish an assembly plant in Tanzania as a hub which will serve EAC and SADC countries.

Other sectors of investment include innovations, automotive technology, along with security and safety

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The plant will be the biggest in the East African Community (EAC) and the Southern Africa Development Community



JPM to receive smuggled gold from Kenyan govt

By Guardian Reporter

PRESIDENT John Magufuli is today morning scheduled to receive 35 kilogrammes of gold that were smuggled outside the country and seized by authorities in neighbouring Kenya.

A brief media advisory shared by the Tanzania Information Services-office of the Chief Government Spokesman-said the minerals will be handed over to the Head of State at 8am by a delegation sent by Kenyan President Uhuru Kenyatta.

"The president will also receive a report from the delegation detailing how the minerals were

smuggled from Tanzania before being seized by Kenyan authorities," the advisory noted.

Incidents of mineral smuggling from Tanzania have hit the headlines in the recent past, indicating organised activity to take the natural resources outside the country illegally.

Last month, a consignment of different types of gemstones including tanzanite was seized by authorities at the Namanga border post in the process of being smuggled out.

The gemstone weighing over 36 kilogrammes were seized by a special team of law enforcers who received a tip off on the attempt to smuggle

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CRDB Bank Plc's SMEs banking director, Boma Raballa (in blue suit) briefs Prime Minister Kassim Majaliwa at the bank's pavilion shortly after the opening of the 35th annual general meeting of the Association of Local Government Authorities (Alat) in Mwanza city yesterday. The PM represented President John Magufuli in officiating at the event. Photo: PMO

NCAA: Make audit of 8bn/- in annual subsidy for Maasai in Ngorongoro

FROM PAGE 1

Heritage Sites located in the country, is currently balancing between wildlife conservation, tourism and the development of the native Maasai residents.

"Which is quite a challenge because when working to solve the local residents' problems such as water scarcity, better roads and schools, the government also has to take into consideration the protection of natural environment, especially plant and animal species," the RC noted.

The Minister for Natural Resources and Tourism, Dr Khamis Kigwangalla said the remaining problems facing the pastoralists living within Ngorongoro Conservation Area, need scientific solutions. "Because in the past, the problems used to be addressed politically therefore resulting into short-lived remedies, but this time we may have to take a more scientific approach so as to come up with permanent solutions," he said.

The Ngorongoro eco-system, according to experts, is currently overwhelmed which human activities, including increased population of over 100,000 residents, more than 170,000 livestock as well as commercial tourism ventures.

Mapped within the Ngorongoro Division of Arusha region's largest but scantily populated district, the Ngorongoro Conservation Area which is one of the seven World

Heritage Sites located in the country, is currently balancing between wildlife conservation, tourism and the development of the native Maasai residents.

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The Permanent Secretary in the Ministry of Natural Resources and Tourism, Prof Adolph Mkenda said in Dodoma that the decrease was due to enhanced anti-poaching activities involving multisectoral organs.

In the entire period, 211 elephant tusks and 413 pieces of the same were seized by authorities together with 355 arms and 20,000 rounds of ammunition, the ministerial chief of intoned.

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JPM to receive smuggled gold from Kenyan govt

FROM PAGE 1

Revenue Authority said it had intercepted gold worth USD 1 million and arrested a Tanzanian national in Nairobi.

In a statement, the authority said it had seized 32,255.50 grams of gold bars at the Jomo Kenyatta International Airport.

KRA also found on the 46-year-

old suspect was an accompanying invoice of USD 859,890 related to the consignment, it elaborated.

"The suspect was seized following an intelligence alert. He had arrived at JKIA at 1505hrs on Friday, February 16, on board Precision Airlines from Mwanza via Kilimanjaro and was heading to Dubai aboard Kenya Airways," the

statement by the taxman said.

In January, the police in collaboration with the Mwanza regional safety and security committee seized 300 kilograms of gold at the city's Kigongo Ferry.

The arrested suspects were also found in possession of 300mn/- which were hidden in a car boot.

Bosch Group readies gas appliances assembling

FROM PAGE 1

offerings in the Oil & Gas sector such as the East African Crude Oil Pipeline (EACOP) and Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) facilities.

"In order for our country to realize its full potentials, become a middle income, industrial and innovation hub, we in ATOGS are committed to work with Bosch Group in providing all necessary support to ensure their entry to Tanzania is a success in a win-win situation," he said.

Views expressed by key stakeholders in the oil and gas sector were taken up diligently as a basis for discussions on the workshop outcome and the way forward, he said.

Tanzania Private Sector Foundation Executive Director Godfrey Simbeye said that in order to realize industrial development by 2025, investment in technology was highly needed.

He applauded ATOGS for welcoming targeted investors who can pointedly contribute to national development by investing on latest technology

resonating with the government's dream of becoming an industrial nation.

"Embracing technology is the only way forward for the country to realize its industrialisation dream by 2025, and Bosch Group is ready to introduce new technology to speed up development in hospital equipment and medical sector in general," he said.

Tanzania Petroleum Development Corporation (TPDC) executive Modestus Romatus said local industries will benefit from investing in the latest technology.

The consumption of natural gas will increase in hotels, hospitals and homes as Bosch Group target to reach more end users, he said.

The Director of Investment Promotion for TIC, John Mnali said the German technology giant was welcome owing to its track record for quality products.

"Our role as TIC is to give procedures to investors interesting in investing in the country. That is what we did also to Bosch Group," he added.

Tanzanian pastor charged with stealing Kenyan baby

MIGORI

A Tanzanian pastor, her assistant and a confidant were charged on Monday with stealing a Kenyan child.

Lucresia Magabi, her assistant Jackson Onchari and Dorcas Nyonchora were arrested on July 20 at Isebania border yard, a crossing to Tanzania, with a one-and-half-month-old boy.

They were planning to cross over to Tanzania with the boy. They were charged with child theft, which they denied before principal magistrate Linus Mesa at the chief magistrate's court in Kehancha.

State counsel Mark Mong'ara said the three "took the child with intent to deprive unknown parents who had the lawful care of the child".

Magabi said she is married to a Kenyan and is childless. The pastor said she was informed that a pregnant woman in Nairobi who could not take

care of her child was selling her infant.

"She gave birth on July 14 and I was told to go over and buy the child. On July 18, I was called and told to pick the infant up or someone else would take him," she said.

Magabi said she met with the woman in Nairobi, paid an unspecified amount for the infant and was heading home when she was arrested.

The pastor said she was ready to compel the woman who sold her the child to testify in court. Magabi said she was unaware of Kenya's adoption laws.

"The matter is a subject of investigation. Adoption is done through a court process and there are restriction if it is across the border," the magistrate explained to her through a translator.

Her assistant Onchari said he was not aware of what was going on and was arrested after police inquired if the pastor was pregnant.



GE Huijun (2nd-L), Chairperson of the China's Zhejiang Consultative Council, in talks in Dar es Salaam yesterday with National Assembly chairman and Ilala constituency legislator Mussa Azzan Zungu (in specs), who is also legislator for Ilala. Photo: Guardian Correspondent

Sunflower stakeholders in Mbeya Region launch special platform to scale up edible oil production

By Guardian Correspondent, Mbeya

SUNFLOWER stakeholders in Mbeya region have launched a special platform that will be used to address their challenges to scale up crop production to meet edible oil demands in the country.

The platform was launched over the weekend with the support from Netherlands Development Organisation (SNV), through Tanzania Agricultural Marketing (TAM) programme.

Project advisor, Renatus Mbamilo said that the platform involved different stakeholders such as sunflower growers, seed breeders, traders, processors and all players in the crop value chain.

Mbamilo said the platform will be officially launched later this month by

Mbeya Regional Commissioner, Albert Chalabila. The event will also involve the swearing-in of leaders selected to head the new platform.

According to him, the platform will boost sunflower production in the region and enable stakeholders to have one voice in ensuring quality and commercial cultivation of the crop.

"We discovered that having such platforms help stakeholders to meet and discuss various opportunities, identify challenges and suggest solutions", he noted adding there are some similar platforms formed across the country including the forum for dairy stakeholders in Kilimanjaro region.

Mbeya Regional Administrative Secretary responsible for economic and agricultural production, Said Madito said sunflower is among the

crucial commercial crop in the region mostly cultivated in Chunya and Mbeya districts. "We have few sunflower oil processing factories in rural areas, we need the factories in villages to increase the access to quality edible oil to our people. Sunflower oil are the best globally", Madito said noting that currently, production of the oil does not meet the demand.

He added: "We the platform, stakeholders are likely to come up with strategies to increase production of edible oil in the country since 66 percent of the consumed edible oil in Tanzania are imported".

Madito said that between 16 and 18 per cent of all the edible oil in the globe are produced from sunflower seeds. He said the region apart from planning to improve sunflower production, it also considers building better processing

factories like those in Singida and Dodoma region,

Dodoma and Singida regions are the leading sunflower oil manufacturers in Tanzania, he said.

Mbeya Regional Commercial Officer, Stanley Kibakaya said the market demands for sunflower oil in Mbeya is high compared to production, calling upon farmers to grab the opportunity and utilize it accordingly.

"We encourage farmers to cultivate commercially to boost their incomes, we want them to sell oil instead of raw sunflower seeds to get good profits", he said.

The region's agricultural officer, Wilfred Kayombo said sunflower is among the most cultivated crops in Mbeya region covering between 17,000 and 22,000 hectares of the total cultivated land.



Derick Lugemala (2nd-R), finance director with the Tanzania Agricultural Development Bank, hands over an MoU to Heifer International Tanzania Resident Director Leticia Mpuya in Dar es Salaam yesterday. The agreement is aimed at supporting the livestock sector in the country. Photo: Guardian Correspondent

By Guardian Reporter

THE Tanzania Agricultural Development Bank (TADB) yesterday signed in Dar es Salaam an agreement with Heifer International Tanzania under which the latter will organise farmers into viable groups and teach them proper dairy husbandry so that they can grow and qualify for short- and long-term lending from the bank.

The agreement was signed between the TADB director of finance, Derick Lugemala and the Heifer International Tanzania's country project manager, Mark Tsoxo.

The accord seeks to raise national dairy yield through better knowledge and help farmers access to affordable finance. Milk production of local cattle in Tanzania is characteristically low -- 1-3 litres/animal and Tanzania's dairy industry is very small.

Lugemala told journalists at the signing ceremony that the TADB is aware that Tanzania has significant dairy livestock resources with the potential to transform lives and

TADB, Heifer International sign pact to promote dairy farming

incomes of animal keepers. The bank, he pledged, will collaborate financially with stakeholders in order to promote seriously dairy farming and uplift smallholder dairy farmers, improve the dairy value chain and make the sub-sector produce enough quality milk badly needed by local industries like Tanga Fresh and ASAS Dairies.

"Heifer International has enormous experience in the dairy sub-sector. This agreement will help align farmers in an elaborate system so that they can be eligible for loans. Our bank is ready to collaborate financially in this endeavour so that Heifer International contributes significantly to the growth of national dairy sub-sector," he said.

He said that TADB's mission is to offer reliable lending to stakeholders in farming, livestock, and fisheries sectors so that they can produce enough and quality products that are competitive

in the market. He explained that the thrust of the agreement is to focus on dairy farmers so that they can produce enough quality milk badly for local consumption and by local industries.

Tsoxo the agreement will help their company increase the pace of uniting smallholders into viable groups countrywide so that can get knowledge and right techniques for successful dairy farming.

"Our responsibility is to ensure smallholder dairy farmers benefit economically using this sub-sector and be part of active participants in implementing the government's resolve to make Tanzania a middle-income industrial country," Tsoxo said.

With this agreement eligible farmers will be financed by the TADB. Recent national experience has shown that dairy farming has improved sharply the lives and incomes of farmers in Njombe, Iringa and Mbeya regions.

At last, Moro gets first mobile clinic

By Felister Peter, Morogoro

SCORES of Morogoro residents showed up to check their health status yesterday a after the first mobile medical clinic was launched to provide HIV testing services.

The facility, worth \$ 300,000 approximately 660m/-. has been procured by an international non-governmental organisation-Jhpiego through its two HIV/Aids projects namely, SAUTI and AFree with the support from USAID through PEPFAR.

The mobile clinic apart from HIV/Aids testing services, will also offer family planning, circumcision and gender based violence (GBV) services. Male circumcision will be offered free of charge to men aged between 20 years and above.

Speaking during the launch, Morogoro Regional Commissioner, Dr Steven Kebwe said the mobile medical clinic will help enhance provision of health services delivery in rural areas. He encouraged Morogoro residents to turn out in a large numbers to undergo screening so as to know their health status.

Dr Kebwe noted recent research conducted by AMREF Tanzania in the Lake Zone indicated that male circumcision can reduce HIV/Aids infection by 40 per cent.

He said the current HIV/Aids infection rate in Morogoro is 4.2 per cent up from 3.8 per cent in 2012. The national HIV/Aids infection rate is 5.1 per cent.

"We have been making a number of interventions towards combating HIV/Aids as well as improving provision of health services. We have increased our budget for essential drugs to between 5bn/- and 6bn/- per year.

Jhpiego Chief of Party (AIDSFree), Alice Christensen said the mobile clinic had the capacity to serve 40 people per day, and conduct between 15 and 20 circumcisions every day.

"We will be providing services such as blood pressure and Tuberculosis testing", said Christensen adding the van will also be used to distribute condoms.

She said the organization will in future extend the services to other regions where it operates depending on the results of the Morogoro project.

Raymond Bandio, SAUTI programme manager, said the mobile medical clinic will enhance delivery of healthcare services in the

region. He said the clinic will provide various medical services including HIV/Aids counselling and testing, STDs testing, male circumcision services and other related reproductive health services.

Morogoro Regional Medical Officer, Kusiryre Ukio said they have put in place strategies to ensure continuation of the services even after the end of the Jhpiego programs.

One of the services providers, Peter Mkinga said: "We are determined to offer quality professional services in accordance with the guidelines provided by the Ministry of Health, Community Development, Gender, Elderly and Children and World Health Organization (WHO).

According to Mkinga they will be moving from one district to another to sensitize people on the importance of circumcision. A resident, Gideon Silumbwe commended the organization for bringing such services near to the community. He said more male are likely to undergo circumcision as service is freely offered.

Pauline Mwalongo, who queued for family planning services said: "I am grateful to the government and the organization for bringing the services closer to the people since it was somehow difficult to access the service from public health facilities".



We will be providing services such as blood pressure and Tuberculosis testing

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IN THE HIGH COURT OF TANZANIA
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AT DAR ES SALAAM
COMMERCIAL CASE NO 32 OF 2019

STANDARD CHARTERED BANK (TANZANIA) LIMITED.....PLAINTIFF
VERSUS

TESTA LIMITED.....1ST DEFENDANT
JOHN JOHN MNYIKA.....2ND DEFENDANT
LAZARO OBADIA MTANI.....3RD DEFENDANT

SUBSTITUTED SERVICE BY PUBLICATION.

TO:

TESTA LIMITED,
P.O. BOX 5337
DAR ES SALAAM.

LAZARO OBADIA MTANI,
P.O. BOX 5337
DAR ES SALAAM.

TAKE NOTICE that the plaintiff has filed a suit against you with particulars set out in the plaint filed in this Court. Service of the summons on you has been ordered by means of this publication.

You are directed to collect copies of the summons and plaint from the Court's Registry, P.O. Box 12533, Dar es Salaam. You are ordered to file your written statement of defence within twenty one (21) days of publication of this notice. You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person or by an Advocate or an agent duly authorized on 15th day of August, 2019 at 9:00 am when this case will be heard.

TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that should you default to file your written statement of defence and/ or enter appearance as herein provided, the suit will proceed and a decision may be given in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this 17th day of July, 2019



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TARI Uyole develops drought-resistant seeds

By Guardian Correspondent, Mbeya

Institute Uyole (TARI Uyole) has developed seeds of different crops which are susceptible to climate change, a serious challenge

THE Tanzania Agricultural Research Institute Uyole (TARI Uyole) has developed seeds of different crops which are susceptible to climate change, a serious challenge



TANZANIA PORTS AUTHORITY

NOTICE TO VEHICLE OWNERS/AGENTS WITH DAR ES SALAAM PORT. RESTRICTIONS OF PORT ENTRY TO SUBSTANDARD VEHICLES. WITH EFFECT FROM 26TH AUGUST, 2019.

There have been a series of Accidents caused by trucks operating in Dar Es Salaam Port and we observed, most of accidents are caused by vehicles with brake failures, engine inefficiency, lack of brake/indicator lights, unsecured clutch system, poor (torn and old) quality of vehicle and incompetence/negligence of drivers.

Vehicle owners/agents are hereby notified that with effect from **26th August 2019** henceforth TPA in collaboration with State Police and other Law enforcement agencies will conduct a comprehensive roadworthiness inspection to all vehicles operating with Dar Es Salaam Port.

Vehicles with insufficiencies will be penalized according to Police standing orders and refuted Port entrance. However, any substandard truck in contravention found in the port its owner will be penalized in accordance to TPA regulations.

The Inspections will focus to the following defects:-

1. Torn and old vehicles (Not road worthiness)
2. Vehicles with brake and Clutch system failures
3. Vehicles without indicator/brake lights
4. Vehicles with torn tyres
5. Vehicles without container twist locks
6. Vehicles showing engine inefficiency
7. Vehicles with shabby electrical/ignition system
8. Vehicles polluting over Port environment
9. Vehicles without door locks
10. Vehicles without reflective triangle
11. Vehicles without Fire extinguishers
12. Vehicles/trailers with single tyre
13. Vehicles not designated to carry cereals/food products

You are notified further that only accredited and licensed drivers will be permitted to drive into port premises and shall always wear appropriate **Personal protective gears (PPEs)**.

Issued by:

The Port Director
DAR ES SALAAM PORT

thwarting development of the country's agricultural sector.

TARI Uyole centre director Dr Tulole Bucheyeki had announced when speaking to reporters here on the forthcoming Southern Highlands Zone Nane Nane Agricultural exhibitions, which are expected to kick off August 1, this year.

Dr Bucheyeki said that climate change has started affecting the agricultural sector in southern highlands' regions such as Iringa and some of its districts whereby

crops dry up due to limited rains, which wasn't the case in the past.

"This is one of the reasons that made researchers to come up with drought resistant seeds, which mature within shortest period of time and they are of high productivity," he said.

"Researchers are not working alone," he said, adding: "We've prepared demonstration plots at the Nane Nane showcasing grounds, where farmers will be trained as we'll have special classes for farmers to learn new farming techniques."

Some of the seeds that have been developed include maize, beans, wheat, soybeans and orange-fleshed sweet potatoes (OFSP).

Crop research coordinator at the centre, Dr Ndashimeye Mlengela said that apart from training farmers to use modern agronomic practices, "we're also encouraging them to follow up on weather forecasts issued by Tanzania Meteorological Agency (TMA)."

The official said that the move increases resilience of farmers most vulnerable to the impacts of weather

and climate-related hazards.

"This will help farmers to get accurate, reliable and timely weather and climate related information and products," Dr Mlengela said, adding:

"As researchers, we see information as key in ensuring that farmers make sound decision in overcoming climate change related challenges in their localities."

"Though this farmer will be able to use seeds, which are in line with weather of a particular area," Dr Mlengela said.



Vodacom Tanzania managing director Hisham Hendi speaks at an event held in Dar es Salaam at the weekend. The thrust of his remarks was on the need for youth to line themselves up properly as future leaders by doing the most they could to contribute to the country's development. Photo: Guardian Correspondent



INVITATION FOR REQUEST FOR QUOTATION RFQ 2019/02-199

FOR PROVISION OF CONSULTANCY SERVICE TO RE-CUSTOMIZE AND CONFIGURE EXISTING ELECTRONIC MALARIA SLIDE BANK DATABASE FOR ZANZIBAR MALARIA ELIMINATION PROGRAM

Jhpiego (pronounced "ja-pie-go"), is an international non-profit health organization affiliated with the Johns Hopkins University. For more than 40 years and in over 40 countries, Jhpiego has empowered front-line health workers by designing and implementing effective, low-cost, hands-on solutions to strengthen the delivery of health care services for women and their families. By putting evidence-based health innovations into everyday practice, Jhpiego works to break down barriers to high-quality health care for the world's most vulnerable populations. Jhpiego's focus is on training and support for health care providers-including doctors, nurses, midwives and health educators working in limited-resource settings throughout Africa, Asia, the Middle East, Latin America and the Caribbean.

Jhpiego's program management strategy recognizes the technical complexity and geographical, cultural, socio-economic and political diversity among our programs. We develop global program initiatives and technical interventions that can be adapted for country-specific applications. In support of this field-driven philosophy, Jhpiego uses a decentralized organizational structure that consists of a global "delivery system" designed to implement the entire portfolio of Jhpiego awards with assistance from key technical, programmatic and administrative staff.

Jhpiego Tanzania office hereby invites sealed bids from bidders for provision of consultancy service to re-customize and configure existing electronic malaria slide bank database for Zanzibar Malaria Elimination Program.

A prospective bidder having any question regarding this RFQ shall send an email 3 days prior to the due date and time for submission of offers to the following address: TZ-Jhpiegobids@jhpiego.org

Interested eligible bidders may collect or request a complete set of bidding documents at the address given below from Monday to Thursday 8.00 AM to 5.00 PM (GMT+3) and Friday from 8.00 AM to 1.30 PM (GMT+3) local time except on public holidays.

All bids in one original plus one copy, properly filled in, and enclosed in plain envelopes must be delivered to the address given below before **Tuesday August 6th, 2019 at 11:00 AM**.

Late bids, electronic bids, bids not received shall not be accepted for evaluation irrespective of the circumstances.

Offers must be delivered on or before the due date to:

The Country Director
Jhpiego Tanzania
Plot No. 72, Block 45B, Victoria Area, New Bagamoyo Road
P.O. Box 9170, Dar es Salaam, Tanzania
Tel: +255 756 888 388



REQUEST FOR QUOTES RFQ 2019 – 07/04

Closing Date: Friday 2nd August 2019, 11:00 am (Dar es Salaam, Tanzania)

Pact Inc. is an international non-profit organization with its headquarters in Washington, DC. Pact serves communities challenged by poverty and marginalization because we envision a world where everyone owns their future. To do this, we build systemic solutions in partnership with local organizations, businesses and government. Our goal is thriving, resilient communities where those we serve are heard, capable, and vibrant.

Pact Tanzania is looking to print Educational materials for the USAID Kizazi Kipya project, a 5-year, USAID-funded award. Pact Tanzania now invites quotes from eligible, registered local printers to print IEC materials with the following specifications:

Name of Item	Detailed Description Specifications	Quantity	Place of Delivery
Furaha Facilitators Manual	Size A4; Page 260+Cover Paper Type: Art Gloss; cover Paper weight: 300gsm; Inner Paper: Art Gloss; Inner paper weight 115gsm. Binding; Spiral	250	Request distribution list from procurementTZ@pactworld.org
Furaha Family Handbooks	Size A4; Page 100+cover, Paper type: Art Gloss; Cover paper weight: 300gsm; inner Paper Art Gloss; Inner Paper Weight; 115gsm. Binding; Spiral	18,350	
Furaha pre and post questionnaires for adolescents	Size A4; 5pg, paper type; Bond; Cover Paper Weight: 80gsm; Printing both sides; Inner Paper Bond; Inner Paper Weight 80gsm;	35,920	
Furaha pre and post questionnaires for caregivers	Size A4; 5pg paper type; Bond, Cover Paper Weight: 80gsm; Printing: Both sides; Inner Paper Bond; Inner Paper Weight 80gsm; Inner	35,920	

Interested Vendor must submit the following information to Pact Tanzania:

- Quote, valid for at least 60
- Copy of business license, VAT, TIN and tax clearance certificate
- Current audited financial statement or most recent financials.
- Payment terms must be specified
- Evidence of similar assignments must be submitted
- Delivery time must be specified
- Quote should include distribution cost to the final delivery point; please request distribution list from procurementTZ@pactworld.org before submitting your quote

Interested, vendors should deliver their quote to:

The Tender Committee
Pact Tanzania
74 Uporoto Street, Victoria
P. O. Box 6348, Dar es salaam, Tanzania

All quotes must be enclosed in a plain sealed envelope. The deadline is **Friday 2nd August 2019 11am EAT**.

Please note 2:

1. Late or incomplete bids will not be accepted or reviewed by Pact Tanzania Tender Committee.
2. The quote that complies with all specifications/requirements and offers value for money will be selected
3. Pact may cancel solicitation and not to award.
4. Pact may reject any or all responses received.
5. Issuance of request for quotes does not constitute award/contract commitment by Pact.
6. Pact reserves the right to disqualify any offer based on offer or failure to follow solicitation instructions.
7. Pact reserves the right to waive minor proposal deficiencies that can be corrected prior to award determination to promote competition.
8. Pact will be contacting all offerors to confirm contact person; address and that bid was submitted for this solicitation.

PASS to offer Digital Guarantee to loans provided on digital platforms for agri business entrepreneurs

By Bevin Bhoke, Communication specialist, PASS

THE Private Agricultural Sector Support Trust (PASS-Trust) has begun the process of digitizing its products and services to enable maximum impact and reach to its target clients.

The organization is already working on the automation of its key business processes and implementation of other systems with the aim of significantly increasing the Trust's ability to meet its impact targets, as well as improving on efficiency, impact and sustainability.

"The use of digital technology will enhance our ability to attain impact targets set in our strategic plan and save us from a lot of human efforts which involve working long overtime hours by many officers" Says Mr Nicomed Bohay, the Managing Director of PASS.

For instance, PASS plans to extend its credit guarantees through the digital platforms for purposes of de-risking lending by both banks and Mobile Network Operators. This means that PASS clients will now be able to access loans guaranteed by PASS through mobile money. According to Finscope Tanzania Survey report 2017, an estimated 63% of Tanzania's population has mobile phones. The report says that while the uptake of mobile money has grown to 60%, that of banking services has also grown to only 13%, showing a great potential to reach more beneficiaries through the mobile/digital credit.

"We will soon start providing digital guarantees to loans provided on digital platforms for agri-business entrepreneurs. We are already in talks with selected banks and communication companies on this project" Adds Bohay.

According to PASS, over 2M agribusiness entrepreneurs are set to benefit



PASS staff celebrate awards with their MD Nicomed Bohay (with neck tie) at PASS offices in Dar es Salaam

from the new technology.

PASS, whose work is to provide technical services as well as financial linkages to agribusinesses in the country has been recognized in various forums for its role and contribution in employment creation in Tanzania.

A total of 929,172 agricultural entrepreneurs have benefited from PASS

guaranteed loans amounting to TZS. 712.4 billion (US\$ 310 million) between the years 2002 to 2018. These beneficiaries have been from various sub sectors that include livestock, crop production, processing, crop trading, mechanization, support to irrigation infrastructures, transportation of agricultural commodities, bee keeping,

fish farming as well as inputs trading. PASS is moving away from a system that involved intensive use of human efforts, which includes working long overtime hours for many officers at the Trust to a more flexible system that will deliver its products and services in time and in full to beneficiaries.

Credit guarantee certificates and

business plans processing time will be reduced as a result of application of this technology. This will also reduce complaints from banks and other partners on time taken to deliver guarantee certificates for guaranteed loans. According to the MD, more time will be available for discussions with beneficiaries and provision of advisory ser-

vices which are educational and very valuable for them.

Other technologies that are being adopted include revamping of PASS network infrastructure that will improve the link between the head office and its six zonal branches. Upgrading of Core System and automation of Key Business Processes.

Consultancy

Provision of advisory services on Implementation of Digital Credit Guarantee project



Terms of Reference

1. Introduction/about PASS

Private Agricultural Sector Support Trust (PASS), established by the governments of Tanzania and Denmark in 2000, is offers a range of Business Development Services (BDSs) and agri-financial services in agriculture development. The range of BDS services offered by PASS include:

Feasibility studies and business development plans for prospective bank clients, farmer groups formation, farmers and agribusinesses capacity building (training), facilitation of contract farming and other market linkages, linking guaranteed beneficiaries with other development partners and commercial enterprises in the provision of specialized BDS services such as good agricultural practices (GAP) and extension services. PASS also works with 16 collaborating banks in Tanzania to provide credit guarantee to de-risk lending of loans to the agricultural sector. PASS therefore wishes to extend its credit guarantees to de-risk lending through the digital platforms by both Banks and/or through Mobile Network Operators (MNO's).

For maximizing efficiency, PASS has embarked on a digital transformation journey that aims at enabling its customers and partners to access PASS products and services through the web and mobile channels. Towards this end, PASS is in the process of procuring a Digital Credit Guarantee Platform that will enable effective 'exposure' of PASS products and services to digital channels. PASS is in search of an experienced project consultant who will manage the relationship with the responsible supplier and organize all tasks from PASS to enable the successful completion of the project. The role and responsibilities of the project consultant along with the knowledge, experience and skills required are elaborated below.

2. Need for Consultancy/Rationale

As the world continues to experience technological advancement, PASS is also moving to ensure we are at par with the rest of the world. PASS is working towards releasing a new digitally operated credit guarantee product and is therefore seeking a competent consultant who will work closely with the PASS Digital Credit Guarantee Systems developer to supervise the project implementation.

The consultant will be inhouse and will be required to closely work with the systems developer. He /She will oversee the overall project implementation and present progress reports to PASS management on a monthly basis.

3. Scope of Work -Role and Responsibilities

- Collaborate with responsible supplier and PASS management in drafting the business requirements and development of a detailed project plan for tracking progress.
- Act as PASS' focal person and point of contact throughout the project period.
- Coordinate internal resources and third parties/vendors for the flawless execution of the project
- Ensure that the project is delivered on-time, within scope and within budget
- Ensure that the project scope and objectives are clear, involving all relevant stakeholders and ensure technical feasibility

- Ensure resource availability and allocation as per the requirements of the project
- Use appropriate verification techniques to manage changes in project scope, schedule and costs
- Measure project performance using appropriate systems, tools and techniques
- Report and escalate to management as needed
- Manage the relationship with all stakeholders, especially with responsible supplier and PASS management team.
- Create and maintain comprehensive project documentation
 - Act as the liaison person between PASS Trust and system supplier to ensure successful delivery of required services.
 - Lead the architectural design, software development and solution management to ensure they are aligned to PASS Trust' objectives and priorities.
 - Conduct thorough systems requirements gathering exercises while ensuring the following:
 - Structuring systems design by understanding and focusing on the core institutional and business units needs on the digital credit guarantee scheme;
 - Assessing requirements through the understanding of the institutional needs and analysis of the specific processes of the digital credit guarantee system;
 - Developing preliminary cost-estimates for different solution options in view of current and potential technical capabilities;
- Responsible for Allocation of project resources, create schedule and project timeline, tracking deliverables that have been agreed by the supplier and PASS Trust.
- Ensure quality, monitor and report on project progress to PASS management on a monthly basis.
- Ensure that all the expected stakeholders are well informed on the digital credit scheme that PASS wants to introduce and thus having smooth integrations of the systems.

4. Deliverables

- As Technical personnel for PASS, the Consultant will ensure that the supplier successfully provides the following as part of the deliverables:
- Business Requirements Document (BRD)
 - Detail Project Schedule
 - BRD & Project Plan Accepted by PASS
 - Concept and Visual Architecture
 - Prototype of Solution
 - Prototype Accepted by PASS
 - Production Pages and Structure
 - Full Site components & Style sheets
 - System Design Document
 - System Design Document Accepted by PASS
 - System Test Plan
 - Digital Credit Guarantee verified System
 - Digital Credit Guarantee System Manuals and Help Files functioning

- properly
 - Digital Credit Guarantee System Testing Environment Deployment succeeded
 - Digital Credit Guarantee User System Training completed
 - User Acceptance Test completed in all level and signed off
 - Deliver Security Audit Report
 - Digital Credit Guarantee System Functional Accepted by PASS
 - Online Credit Guarantee Deployment
 - Final Live Testing (Friends & Family)
 - Digital Credit Guarantee System Final Accepted by PASS
- Submit full and well documented user manual on the operations of the system that will have following on it;
 - Detailed description of System architecture
 - User Interface Design
 - Data Conversion Design
 - Logical Architecture Diagram
 - Physical Architecture Diagram
 - Excel inventory with details by server and system to be setup (if applicable to the System delivery model of the proposed System, including all relevant environments)
 - Entity Relationship Diagrams
 - Data Flow Diagrams
 - Data Dictionary
 - Processing controls
 - Processes to manage System installation and configuration
 - Security controls
 - Ensure the system is running and users are enrolled on the platform
 - A modern web and mobile app with rich functionality to perform financial activities on the go, that includes approval workflows, complex signatory structures and mass approval on the credit guarantees, to its existing beneficiaries, while enabling PASS Trust to acquire new ones.
 - Online and mobile onboarding facility that enables PASS Trust to increase its customer base.
 - Ensure a proper report on testing has been done and it should have the following identified type/level of Project testing:
 - Unit and integration testing
 - System testing
 - End-to-end testing
 - User acceptance testing
 - Performance and load testing
 - System regression testing
 - Security testing
 - Test Scripts
 - System architecture should adhere to the following:
 - Security and privacy policies
 - Logical security controls (e.g. privacy, user access and authentication, user permissions, user authorization)
 - Technical security controls and security architecture (e.g. communications, hardware data, physical access, software, operating system, encryption)

- Security processes (e.g. security assessments, risk assessments, incident response)

5. Period of assignment

Duration of the assignment: 12 months in the period 1st September 2019 – 31st August 2020.

6. Adjustment of assignment

Based on actual working Experience the scope of services could be modified at the request of the client with a view to achieve better results

7. Desired Skills and Qualifications:

- Bachelor's Degree in Computer Science or Engineering, Project Management or related field
- Proven working experience as a project administrator in the information technology sector by identifying the number of successfully completed and/or on-going projects.
- Solid technical background, with understanding or hands-on experience in software development, architect, analysis, design and web technologies
- Knowledge and understanding of project management terminology
- Familiarity with various project management methodologies
- Strong working knowledge of Microsoft Office
- PMP / PRINCE II certification is considered a plus
- Fluency in both written and oral English
- Excellent planning and organizational skills
- Excellent communication and people skills (superior listening, persuasion, negotiating skills)
- Aptitude in problem-solving
- Desire to work in a team with a result driven approach
- Strong understanding on system integrations
- Better understanding on the operations of Navision system
- Good working knowledge of enterprise systems and also data management.

8. Mode of Application

Qualified candidates are invited to send a cover letter quoting the subject of this advert. The candidates should attach a detailed curriculum vitae, photocopies of academic certificates, names and contact details of three referees to the below address by 14th August 2019. E-mail applications should indicate the subject of this advert in the e-mail subject line. Note that any incomplete application will be disqualified. Only short-listed consultants will be contacted to submit the financial proposal.

The Managing Director
PASS Trust,
Patel Building, 3rd Floor, Kisutu Street,
P.O. Box 9490, Dar es Salaam
E-mail: md@pass.or.tz .

TAWA to promote tourist attractions in Mpanga-Kipengere Game Reserve

By Guardian Correspondent, Mbarali

THE Tanzania Wildlife Authority (TAWA) has embarked on a campaign to promote thrilling tourist attractions available in the Mpanga-Kipengere Game Reserve located in Southern Highlands region of Njombe.

Tourism officer of the game reserve, Emmanuel Silayo described the protected areas as very rich in biodiversity, which are not well exploited for tourism purposes.

Addressing a group of Mbeya-based journalists who visited the area over the weekend, Silayo said that they have been working on different strategies to promote tourist destinations available in the area.

He also revealed that TAWA has been working hard to improve road infrastructures to the game reserve, so that it can be easier to reach the sanctuary. Situated on the northern side of Livingstone Mountains, the reserve is famous by its unique flora and fauna, scenic beauty, cultural heritage in Nyumba Nitu forest and Kimani

waterfalls which are very attractive for nature tourism. The Kipengere ranges, Mpanga highlands, Lugala and Chafukwe Mountains provide beautiful scenery of green mountains, plains and the dramatic valleys.

According to Silayo, Chafukwe Mountains are best for recreation where tourists can enjoy the beautiful scenery of green mountains, plains and the dramatic valleys.

"These mountains are also ideal for trekking, mountaineering, walking and hiking. A visit to this reserve is quite special and lifetime experience. There are abundance of natural wonders such as cascading waterfalls, rivers and beautiful flowers."

Other tourist attractions include plant species with attractive flowers including tuberous orchids. Among varieties of fauna are rodents, primates (monkeys and baboons), mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians and fish.

Silayo also revealed: "The reserve is as well, rich with resident and migratory birds including Denham's Bustard and migratory birds such as

Blue Swallow and Abdimis Stork.

Endemic species found in Mpanga - Kipengere Game Reserve are Nosed chameleon, marsh widow, Njombe cisticola and Kipengere seedeater, while the rare Fufumka bird has been recorded to live in the reserve."

Kipengere Mountain is a volcanic range located at southwest highlands of Tanzania at northern end of Lake Nyasa and Matema beach close to Malawi border. Kipengere mountains range runs south east being a part of eastern rift valley escarpment reaching Mozambique. The north western end is Poroto Mountains also named Kinga Mountains range extending to east coast of Lake Nyasa.

The Kipengere range is formed on the side of lake by a zone of gneiss running in series of ridges and valleys parallel to its axis. From Kipengere peak you clearly observe Lake Nyasa and Matema beach. Matema beach is popular tourist's destination in Mbeya region with sandy beaches along lake shores and other activity as fishing recreation.



Work on Phase II of the Dar es Salaam Rapid Transport (bus) project began along the city's Kilwa Road at the weekend under China's Sino Hydro firm, whose engineers are pictured engaged in consultations at the Mbagaia Kizuiani site on Monday. Photo: Selemani Mpochi



Canara Bank (Tanzania) Ltd.

(Together, we can build a better life)

PUBLICATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Issued pursuant to regulations 7 and 8 of the Banking and Financial Institutions (Disclosures) Regulations, 2014

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30TH JUNE 2019

	(Amount in Million Tshs)	
	Current Quarter 30th June 2019	Previous Quarter 31st March 2019
A ASSETS		
1 Cash	662.76	564.19
2 Balances with Bank of Tanzania	8,129.05	5,380.54
3 Investment in Government Securities	30,837.70	26,312.24
4 Balances with other banks and Financial Institution	2,181.48	2,492.33
5 Cheques and item for Clearing	-5.68	119.42
6 Inter branch float items	0.00	0.00
7 Bills negotiated	0.00	0.00
8 Customer Liabilities for Acceptances	0.00	0.00
9 Interbank Loan Receivables	21,280.12	28,580.12
10 Investment in other securities	0.00	0.00
11 Loans, advances and overdrafts (Net of allowances for probable losses)	34,593.23	31,786.22
12 Other Assets	1,136.95	1,171.88
13 Equity Investments	0.00	0.00
14 Underwriting Accounts	0.00	0.00
15 Property, Plant and Equipment	829.16	886.37
16 TOTAL ASSETS	99,644.65	97,293.31
B LIABILITIES		
17 Deposits From Other Banks and Financial	28,050.00	30,859.73
18 Customer Deposits	33,657.05	30,718.77
19 Cash Letters of Credit	0.00	0.00
20 Special Deposits	0.00	0.00
21 Payment Orders /Transfers Payable	0.00	0.00
22 Bankers cheques and Drafts issued	0.00	6.10
23 Accrued taxes and expenses payable	793.16	924.46
24 Acceptances Outstanding	0.00	0.00
25 Interbranch float items	0.00	0.00
26 Unearned income and other deferred charges	0.00	0.00
27 Other Liabilities	18.43	37.84
28 Borrowings	1,000.00	0.00
29 TOTAL LIABILITIES	63,518.64	62,546.90
30 NET ASSETS / (LIABILITIES) 16 Minus 29	36,126.01	34,746.41
C SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS		
31 Paid Up Share Capital	32,830.00	32,830.00
32 Capital Reserves	416.06	463.10
33 Retained Earnings	1,248.91	1,201.87
34 Profit/(Loss) Account	631.04	251.44
35 Other Capital Accounts	0.00	0.00
36 Minority Interest	0.00	0.00
37 TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS	35,126.01	34,746.41
38 Contingent Liabilities	14,764.59	13,772.00
39 Non Performing loans and advances	0.00	0.00
40 Allowances for Probable Losses	221.27	161.27
41 Other non performing Assets	0.00	0.00
D SELECTED FINANCIAL CONDITION INDICATORS		
(i) Shareholders Funds to Total Assets	35.25%	35.71%
(ii) Non performing loans to total gross loans	0.00%	0.00%
(iii) Gross loans and advances to Total Deposits	55.52%	51.88%
(iv) Loans and advances to Total assets	34.94%	32.84%
(v) Earning Assets to Total Assets	89.21%	91.65%
(vi) Deposit Growth	0.21%	-7.49%
(vii) Assets Growth	2.42%	-4.87%

Notes
*Gross Loans and Advances=Loans and Advances+Bills negotiated+ Provision for Non Performing loans

*Total Deposit = Customer Deposit + Deposit from Banks + Special Deposit + borrowing
*Earning Assets = Investment in Debt sec. + Loans and advances + bills negotiated + interbank loans + balance with other banks
* BANK OPERATIONS COMMENCED ON 09TH MAY 2016.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH JUNE 2019 (Amount in Million Tshs)

	Current Quarter 30th June 2019	Comparative Quarter 30th June 2018	Current Year Cumulative 30th June 2019	Comparative Year Cumulative 30th June 2018
Interest Income	1,980.91	1,642.28	3,817.06	3,089.48
Interest Expenses	652.09	498.97	1,193.13	966.76
Net Interest Income (1 minus 2)	1,328.82	1,143.31	2,623.93	2,122.72
Bad debts written off	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Impairment Losses on loans and Advances	60.00	0.00	120.00	50.00
Non - Interest Income	300.55	103.16	495.63	269.53
6.1 Foreign Currency Dealings and Translation	35.50	17.54	86.68	39.70
6.2 Fees and Commission	265.05	85.62	408.95	229.83
6.3 Dividend Income	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
6.4 Other Operating Income	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Non - Interest Expenses	1,029.77	980.20	2,088.53	1,882.53
7.1 Salaries and Benefits	408.39	330.29	745.66	626.69
7.2 Fees and Commissions	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
7.3 Other Operating Expenses	621.38	649.91	1,242.87	1,255.84
Operating Income/(Loss)	539.60	266.27	911.03	459.72
Income Tax Provision	160.00	45.00	280.00	90.00
Net income (loss) after income tax	379.60	221.27	631.03	369.72
Number of Employees	25	20	25	20
Basic Earnings Per Share	12	7	19	11
Diluted Earnings Per Share	12	7	19	11
Number of branches	1	1	1	1
SELECTED PERFORMANCE INDICATORS				
(I) Return on average total assets (%)	0.39%	0.24%	1.28%	0.41%
(II) Return on average shareholders' funds(%)	1.09%	0.65%	3.61%	1.09%
(III) Non interest expenses to gross income (%)	45.14%	56.16%	48.43%	56.04%
(IV) Net Interest Income to average earning assets Annualized(%)	5.97%	5.63%	5.89%	5.22%

*Fees and commission include Auditors fees, tax and licence fees and insurance

*Return on average total assets=net income/average Assets

*Gross income =non interest + interest income

*Average = (opening + closing)/2

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE 2019

	(Amount in Million Tshs)			
	FOR CURRENT QUARTER ENDED 30th June 2019	FOR PREVIOUS QUARTER ENDED 31st March 2019	Current Year Cumulative Date 30th June 2019	Previous Year Cumulative Date 30th June 2018
I Cash flow from operating activities				
Net Income (Loss)	379.60	251.43	631.03	369.72
Adjustment for	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Impairment /Amortization	240.00	240.00	480.00	379.00
-Net change in loans and advances	(2,807.01)	3,052.34	245.33	-6,598.00
Gain/Loss on Sale of Assets	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
-Net change in Deposits	128.55	-4,984.43	-4,855.88	9,823.91
-Net change in Short term negotiable securities	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
-Net Change in Other Liabilities	849.29	-242.34	606.95	235.23
-Net change in Other Assets	34.93	181.23	216.16	-188.26
-Tax paid	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
-Others	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	-1,174.64	-1,501.77	-2,676.41	4,021.60
II Cash flow from Investment activities				
Dividend Received	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Purchase of fixed assets	-2.79	-6.75	-9.54	-62.77
Proceeds from sale of Fixed Assets	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Purchase of non-dealing securities	(4,525.47)	(3,564.55)	-8,090.02	1,167.65
Proceeds from sale of non-dealing securities	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Others	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	-4,528.26	-3,571.30	-8,099.56	1,104.88
III Cash flow from financing activities				
Repayment of long-term debt	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Proceeds from issuance of long term debt	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Proceeds from issuance of share capital	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Payment of cash dividends	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net change in other borrowings	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Others - Specify	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
IV Cash and Cash Equivalents:				
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalent	-5,702.90	-5,073.07	-10,775.97	5,126.48
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the Quarter/Year	37,019.49	42,092.56	42,092.56	34,649.74
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the Quarter /Year	31,316.59	37,019.49	31,316.59	39,776.22

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT 30TH JUNE 2019

	(Amount in Million Tshs)						
	Share Capital	Share Premium	Retained Earnings	Regulatory Reserve	General Provision Reserve	Others	Total
Current Year 2019							
Balance as at the beginning of the year	32,830.00	0.00	1125.67	45.93	493.37	0.00	34,494.97
Profit for the year	0.00	0.00	631.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	631.04
Other Comprehensive Income	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Transactions with owners	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Dividends Paid	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Regulatory Reserve	0.00	0.00	45.93	-45.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
General Provision Reserve	0.00	0.00	77.31	0.00	-77.31	0.00	0.00
Others	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Balance as at the end of the current period	32,830.00	0.00	1,879.95	0.00	416.06	0.00	35,126.01
Previous Year 2018							
Balance as at the beginning of the year	32,830.00	0.00	289.00	0.00	510.00	0.00	33,629.00
Profit for the year	0.00	0.00	369.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	369.72
Other Comprehensive Income	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Transactions with owners	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Dividends Paid	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Regulatory Reserve	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
General Provision Reserve	0.00	0.00	50.00	0.00	-50.00	0.00	0.00
Others	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Balance as at the end of the previous period	32,830.00	0.00	708.72	0.00	460.00	0.00	33,998.72

SELECTED EXPLANATORY NOTES FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30th June 2019

In preparation of the quarterly financial statements, consistent accounting policies have been used as those applicable to the previous year audited financial statements (if there were changes during the quarter, the changes be explained as per IAS 34 & IAS 8)

Name and Title	Signature	Date
SESHAGIRIDAS H (Chief Executive Officer)	(Signed)	16-Jul-19
PETER JONATHAN MKANDE (Head of Finance)	(Signed)	16-Jul-19
ZABLON GEORGE STAMBULI (Chief Internal Auditor)	(Signed)	16-Jul-19

We, the undersigned directors, attest to the faithful representation of the above statements. We declare that the statements have been examined by us and, to the best of our knowledge and belief, have been prepared in conformance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Banking and Financial Institutions Act, 2006 and they present a true and fair view.

Name	Signature	Date
1. PATRICK AMBWE MUWOWO DIRECTOR	(Signed)	16-Jul-19
2. RAJAB SELEMANI KAKUSA DIRECTOR	(Signed)	16-Jul-19

Canara Bank (T) Ltd
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Dairy farming project proves game-changer for villages in Kilolo

By Correspondent John Ngunge, Kilolo

VILLAGERS in Kilolo District, Iringa Region have started benefiting from the dairy cattle project, which was introduced in the area six years ago.

The project was introduced with the support from the Eastern Arc Mountains Conservation Endowment Fund (EAMCEF), as measures to address deforestation in the protected forests.

To start with 28 members of Idagenda Umoja dairy farming group in Idagenda Village were involved in the area.

Before organizing the group farmers were unable to meet their daily basic needs, according to Zablun Kahise, a group chairman.

He says in 2013, EAMCEF introduced a project in the area, whereby 10 dairy cows were given to the group of 28 people and one group member was given one cow and after a while, a calf was given to another member.

One of the group members, Leonard Kahise describes the project as a game-changer.

Kahise who gets 11 litres of milk per day says: "This project is a game-changer in my life; I never knew that dairy cattle can take somebody to the next level in life."

He adds: "Milk is everything to me, through this project I get money for keeping up my family; I use it for medical purposes and meeting all other basic needs."

Through dairy cattle, Kahise managed to build burnt bricks and corrugated iron sheets roofed house, which is modern by village standards.

Agatha Kipingi, one of the project beneficiaries says apart from getting milk, she is now benefiting from biogas.



Dodoma Regional Police Commander Gilles Muroto (R) pictured yesterday showing cameras he said were stolen from the National Identification Authority (NIDA) offices in Dodoma before being recovered. Photo: Correspondent Ibrahim Joseph

Insurance stakeholders convene to reflect on performance of industry

By Aisia Rweyemamu

BROKERS and other players in the country's insurance market are expected to meet tomorrow in Dar es Salaam to discuss various issues and reflect on performance and progress of the insurance industry.

"This is high level conference with about 300 participants from Tanzania and East Africa Community (EAC) region," the President of Tanzania Insurance Brokers (TIBA), Amir Kiwanda told media yesterday in Dar es Salaam.

Kiwanda said the conference is annually hosted by TIBA and this is the fourth conference themed 'An inclusive insurance market in economic growth and poverty reduction'.

According to TIBA president, the theme of this year conference intends to answer the key challenge that the industry has been facing.

"We look forward to engaging conversations which will bring about

useful resolutions that create solutions to reach majority of Tanzanians and hence contribute to the economy," Kiwanda told media.

The TIBA president added that, currently the insurance contribution to the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is below one percent, the focus is to contribute at least three per cent.

He explained that through the theme, among others, the conference will explore opportunities in micro insurance, overcoming challenges in modern insurance.

The conference will also learn about the future shape of the Tanzania insurance market, regulatory and industry perspective and how insurance penetration is influenced by regulation and legislature, market price, distribution and technology with other factors.

Speaking at the press conference a TIBA board member, Fareed Seif, said insurance brokers in Tanzania commands about 60 per cent of the

insurance business in the market, signifying the pivotal role of brokers.

TIBA invites stakeholders to the conference to deliberate on the task of ensuring at least 50 per cent of adult population have one form of insurance coverage by 2028.

For her part, Dr Flora Minja, Chief Operating Officer of Strategis insurance who is among sponsors of the conference, said that they sponsored the conference because it is an important platform which will gather a good number of key insurance stakeholders.

TIBA is the umbrella organisation of all insurance brokers in the country, with about 150 members.

"We look forward to engaging conversations which will bring about useful resolutions that create solutions to reach majority of Tanzanians and hence contribute to the economy"

Tanzanians have confidence in fifth-phase govt, says Mpina

By Guardian Reporter, Simiyu

KISESA MP Luhaga Mpina come out on Monday blaming some of the people who he allege happened to conspire to bring on board agendas with intents to divert the nation from discussing development strategies.

According to Mpina, such emerging agendas aims at letting Tanzanians including President John Magufuli discuss individual matters, instead of serving the public.

He made the statement when addressing a rally at Kisesa Constituency held at Malwilo village in Tindabuligi ward.

"Tanzanians have confidence with the fifth-phase government under the leadership of President Magufuli," said Mpina insisting the planned strategies will never succeed.

Mpina who is Livestock and Fisheries Minister said some of former government leaders behind the strategies include those who previously held top party positions and failed to deliver.

He linked their poor leadership performance within the ruling-CCM to the growing trend of people shifting to opposition, especially in past years.

He told the crowd that President Magufuli has managed to control expenditure of public funds, put in place better governance systems and review of several contracts for the country's benefit. He said all these good things he has done cannot be substituted with the documents circulated to the public by some heavyweight party members.

"Systems have been controlled, there are no more ghost workers", he said insisting those complaining have their corruption loopholes blocked.

Mpina noted that the fishing industry is also flourishing due to government's efforts in fighting illegal fishing that was rampant in Lakes and Rivers across the country. He said the control will reduce fish import because Tanzania is endowed with the biggest Lakes and Rivers compared to other African nations.

According to him, there are no top leaders who have been able to impress the opposition leading into them crossing from their parties to CCM. He said following the good job by President Magufuli, ten Constituent MPs and 200 Councillors from the opposition returned to CCM.

"This record has never been achieved by any of the previous top leaders", he noted.

Tindabuligi Ward Councilor, Antony Maghembe said: "We have confidence with President Magufuli, we are supporting him in his endeavours towards bringing development to Tanzanians".

Congo health minister resigns over handling of Ebola by government

GOMA

DEMOCRATIC Republic of Congo (DRC) health minister, Oly Ilunga, has resigned in protest at the presidency's announcement last week that it was stripping his team of control over the response to the Ebola outbreak.

Ilunga has overseen the nearly year-long response to DRC's latest Ebola epidemic, which is the second deadliest in history. It has killed more than 1,700 people and infected more than 800 others.

But President Felix Tshisekedi's office announced on Saturday that it was assigning responsibility for the response to a multi-disciplinary team that would report directly to Tshisekedi.

In his resignation letter, Ilunga decried "interference in the management of the response" and criticised outside pressure to deploy a second Ebola vaccine manufactured by Johnson & Johnson (J&J) over his objections.

"It would be fanciful to think that the new vaccine proposed by actors who have shown an obvious lack of ethics by voluntarily hiding important information from medical authorities, could have a significant impact on the control of the current outbreak," he said.

It was not immediately clear which actors he was referring to, but international donors such as the World Health Organisation and medical charity Medecins Sans Frontieres have publicly called for the use of the second vaccine.

Ilunga says the J&J vaccine has not been proved to be effective and that deploying a second vaccine would confuse people. The company has said the vaccine, which has gone through phase 1 trials, is safe.

The vaccine being used is manufactured by Merck and has been administered to about 170,000 people.



Canara Bank (Tanzania) Ltd.

(Together we can build a better life)

DISCLOSURE UNDER REGULATION 12 OF BANKING & FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (DISCLOSURES) REGULATIONS 2014

CUSTOMER COMPLAINT REDRESSAL MECHANISM: To The Esteemed Customers Canara Bank (Tanzania) Ltd Tanzania

1. INTRODUCTION (UTANGULIZI)

The Complaints Resolution Desk (the Desk) has been established by the Bank of Tanzania (BOT) as a cost effective and efficient mechanism to resolve complaints between banking institutions and their customers. The Desk, which is fully funded by the Bank, is intended to resolve complaints (small claims) whose monetary value in respect of both the claim amount and remedy awarded does not exceed fifteen million Tanzania shillings (15,000,000) Mn.

2. HOW TO LODGE A COMPLAINT WITH OUR BANK (JINSI YA KUWASILISHA MALALAMIKO KWA DAWATI)

When you are dissatisfied with our services or you have any complaint pertaining to our staff or bank or otherwise, you may lodge complaint to us in writing by post or fax or through your registered email address on the following contact addresses.

General Manager (Operations) Canara Bank (Tanzania) Ltd, Dar es Salaam Branch,
 Post Box 491 Dar es Salaam
 Phone : +255 (22) 2112532
 Fax: +255 (22)2112534
 E Mail : cblt@canarabank.co.tz

The Nodal Officer, Grievance Redressal Cell, Canara Bank (Tanzania) Ltd
 Post Box 491 Dar es Salaam,
 Phone : +255 (22) 2112530;
 Fax: +255 (22)2112534
 E Mail compliance.cblt@canarabank.co.tz

NOTE:

- For lodging complaint with BOT please use Complaint Form No 1.
- For detailed information for lodging complaint with BOT please visit BOT website <https://www.bot.tz.org>.

3. INTERNAL COMPLAINT RESOLUTION MECHANISM (MCHAKATO WA KUTAFUTA UFUMBUZI WA MALALAMIKO)

We through our internal complaint handling mechanism shall resolve your complaints within 21 working days from the date of lodging the complaint. The Internal Complaint handling mechanism in our Bank is as under:

- Receiving and timely processing consumers' complaints.
- Keeping complaints updated throughout the process.
- Keeping a record of all complaints and submit it to the Bank of Tanzania on quarterly basis.
- Resolving all consumer complaints within 21 working days from the date of lodging the complaint.
- In exceptional circumstances if we are unable to resolve the complaint within 21 working days, we will immediately inform the complainant of our inability and reason for the inability and what measures are being taken to resolve the matter urgently and in any case not more than 14 working days thereafter.

4. HOW TO LODGE A COMPLAINT WITH THE DESK AT BANK OF TANZANIA (BOT) (NAMNA YA KUWASILISHA LALAMIKO KWA DAWATI LA BOT)

If you are dissatisfied with the decision of our Bank in respect of your complaint or do not receive a response from our Bank within 21 working days from the date of lodging your complaint, you may within 14 working days lodge your complaint with the Desk at BOT. However, before lodging your complaint with the Desk at BOT, you are required to exhaust the Internal Complaints resolution mechanism of our Bank first.

The complaint with Complaints Resolution Desk at Bank of Tanzania shall be lodged in the prescribed form (Schedule A), duly signed by the complainant and shall be submitted in any of the following ways:

- By hand or by post to: Complaint Resolution Desk, Office of the Secretary to the Bank of Tanzania, 10 Mirambo Street, 11884, Dar es Salaam.
- By electronic mail: complaints-desk@bot.go.tz
- By facsimile to fax no: +255 22 2234067
- By phone: +255 22 2233265/ +255 22 2233246

NOTE:

- Complaints shall be lodged with the Desk from 9.00 AM to 12.30 PM (Monday to Friday).
- Your complaint must be lodged before expiry of two years after the cause of action arose.

5. PECUNIARY JURISDICTION OF THE BOT DESK (MAMLAKA ZA KIFEDHA ZA DAWATI)

The desk shall handle complaints whose total monetary value in respect of both the claim amount and remedy to be awarded does not exceed Fifteen Million Tanzania Shillings (TZS 15,000,000/-).

6. ELIGIBLE COMPLAINTS (MALALAMIKO YA HAKI)

The following categories of complaints are eligible for submission to the Desk;

- A complaint against a banking institution which is either a member of the Tanzania Bankers Association or regulated by the Bank.
- A complaint which is lodged within 14 days after a banking institution has delivered its decision or has failed to respond.
- A complaint in respect of an incident which occurred less than two (2) years ago.

7. INELIGIBLE COMPLAINTS (MALALAMIKO YASIO NA HAKI)

In terms of the Guidelines issued, the Desk considers the following complaints as ineligible:

- A complaint which has been the subject of legal proceedings before a Court or Tribunal.
- Where the complainant has not suffered any financial loss, material inconvenience or distress.
- A complaint which would be more suitably dealt with by a Court or under other dispute resolution arrangement.

8. INFORMATION YOU MUST INCLUDE IN THE COMPLAINT (TAARIFA MUHIMU ZA KUJUMUISHA KWENYE LALAMIKO)

- Your name and address.
- The name and address of the banking institution against which the complaint is made.
- Details of what your complaint is about including exactly what the bank did that it shouldn't have done or what it didn't do that it should have done.
- What you have lost in terms of personal injustice, financial loss, hardship or inconvenience.
- What you would like the Desk to do to put things right and details of what you have done so far to try to resolve the complaint.
- Include documentary evidence, if any.

9. WITHDRAWAL OF THE COMPLAINT (KUFUTA LALAMIKO)

A complainant may, at any time before the Desk's determination, withdraw his complaint in writing from the Desk, and the matter shall be closed by the Desk.

10. FREE SERVICE (HUDUMA ZA BURE)

Resolution of banking consumers' complaints is free of charge as the Desk does not charge any fee whatsoever.

11. MEDIUM OF COMMUNICATION (NJIA YA MAWASILIANO)

The medium of communication is both English and Kiswahili.

12. REMEDIES AWARDED (SULUHISHO LILLOPATIKANA)

The function performed by the Desk is different from that performed by courts. The Desk is enjoined not to have regard to technicality and legal form but resolve complaints using criteria that would not usually be used by courts; for instance whether an explanation for the conduct was not given when it should have been given. A banking institution may be required to issue an apology, change its practices, effect payment or compensation as the case may be. The Desk is not bound by the legal principles of handling complaints such as rules of evidence but adheres to the general principles of natural justice.

When Aggrieved by Desk decision

Either party may request the Desk to reconsider any of its decision. Each party also has a right to seek redress before a competent court when it is not satisfied with the decision given by the Desk

DISCLOSURE UNDER REGULATION 11 OF BANKING & FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (DISCLOSURES) REGULATIONS 2014

MINIMUM DISCLOSURE OF CHARGES/FEE/PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

CANARA BANK (TANZANIA) LIMITED		D. REMITTANCES	
TZS	USD	TZS	USD
A. SAVINGS BANK			
1. Monthly Maintenance Charges	FREE	1. TISS	11,800.00
2. Non Maintenance of Minimum Balance	FREE	2. E Remittances	\$11.8
3. A/C Statement Charges		Upto USD 1000 or Eq. TZS	20,000.00
a) Monthly	FREE	1001 to 5000	\$10
b) Interim	5,000.00	5001 to 10,000	\$12
4. Cash Withdrawal Charges	FREE	10,001 and above	\$25
5. Cash Deposit Charges	FREE	Upto 5000 Free Above 5000 - 0.3%	\$50
6. Balance Confirmation certificate	15,000.00	3. SWIFT	Swift Inward
7. A/C Closure charges	15,000.00	a) Swift Outward	Swift Outward
8. Activation of Dormant A/C	6,000.00	3. Uplift fee on Term Loan	\$12
B. CURRENT ACCOUNT			
1. Monthly Maintenance Charges	FREE	above 10,000	\$18
2. Non Maintenance of Minimum Balance	FREE		\$60
3. A/C Statement Charges	\$600		\$90
a) Monthly	5000+500 for each page		
b) Interim	\$5 for each page		
E. LOAN/ADVANCES RELATED CHARGES			
1. Processing Charges		Upto 5 Mio - 25,000	5Mio
2. Documentation Charges		10 Mio - 200 T	10 Mio
3. Uplift fee on Term Loan		25m to 500 mio - 1.5%	25 mn
		>500mio - 1.25% Min 7.5 M	1.5%
		Upto 100 mio -NIL	>500 -1.25% Min 7.500
		>100 mio 0.3% -Min 300 T	Upto 50,000 -NIL
		Upto 5Mio - 25,000	>50,000 - 0.3% Min 150
		5 Mio to 10 Mio - 200,000	Upto 20,000 - \$300
		10Mio 25mio - 450,000	20,000 to 500,000 - 1.8%
		25 mn to 500 mio -1.8%	>500,000 -1.5%
		>500mio -1.5%	*minimum 9000
		*minimum 9mio	
Deposit Rates - In Local Currency TZS Savings A/c 2.5%			
Amount in TZS (Mio)	31 to 90 days	91 to 180 days	181 to 364 days
Upto 10 Mio	4.00	5.50	6.50
10 Mio to 100 Mio	5.00	6.00	7.00
Above 100 Mio	6.00	7.00	8.50
Deposit Rates - In Foreign Currency USD Savings A/c 0.5%			
Amount in USD	31 to 90 days	91 to 180 days	181 to 364 days
Up to 5000	0.50	1.00	2.0
5000 TO 50000	1.00	2.0	2.25
Above 50,000 USD	1.50	2.25	2.75
			3.00
			3.50
4. Cash Withdraw Charges			
UPTO 25 MIO- FREE	Upto 5000 Free	Upto 100 Mio - 0.3%	4. Inspection Charges
ABOVE 25 MIO-0.12%	5000 to 10,000 - 0.3%	Above 10,000 - 0.5%	Upto 100 Mio -25,000
	Above 10,000 - 0.5%		>100
			mio - 50,000
			>50,000 --- 50
5. Cash Deposit Charges			
UPTO 50 MIO- FREE	Upto 10,000- Free	F. LETTER OF CREDIT	
ABOVE 50 MIO-0.12%	>10,000-0.3%	Import Letter of Credit (per qtr of Part thereof)	
6. Balance Confirmation charges			
25,000.00	\$15	Opening commission	
7. Stop Payment Charges			
30,000.00	\$15	LC amendment Commission	
8. Cheque Return Charges			
		Swift charge for LC opening	
a) Inward	1500/30,000	\$40	
b) Outward	30,000.00	Swift charge for other message	
9. A/c closure charges			
25,000.00	\$20	Extensions - Commissions	
C. MOBILE BANKING CHARGES			
LC cancellation charges			
1.2% (Min \$200)			
1. Cash Withdrawal			
Non payment of Bills on due date			
16% Till Payment			
Upto 100,000	2,000.00	Export Letters of Credit (per quarter or part thereof)	
101,000 to 200,000	3,000.00	Advising commission	
201,000 to 400,000	5,000.00	Confirmation Commission	
401,000 to 600,000	6,000.00	0.5% (Min \$150)	
601,000 to 999,000	8,000.00	Negotiating bills under LC	
2. Funds Transfer/Mobile Wallet			
Reimbursement claim paid			
0.5% (Min \$75)			
Upto 100,000	500.00	Extensions - Commissions	
1.2% (Min \$200)			
101,000 to 250,000	1,000.00	Collection of Export LC	
0.5% (Min \$75+coustner+int)			
251,000 to 500,000	2,000.00	Amendments	
\$75			
501,000 to 1,000,000	5,000.00	G. Guarantees (Local & International)	
1,001,000 TO 10 Mn	10,000.00	Bonds & Guarantees	
1.2% (Min TZS 75,000)			
with 100 % Cash Margin			
0.5% per quarter			
40% of actual charges			
A) Monthly Subscription Charge			
500	NA		
B) PIN Request			
2,500.00	NA		
H. LOCKERS RENT YEARLY			
INTEREST RATES ON LOANS AND ADVANCES			
1. SMALL	350,000.00	TANZANIA SHILLINGS	BPLR - 16.00% MAXSPREAD 7.00%
2. MEDIUM	600,000.00	UNITED STATES DOLLARS	BPLR - 7.00% MAXSPREAD 7.00%
3. BIG	750,000.00		

Banking Services offered BY Canara Bank (Tanzania) Ltd

We offer following Services

- Current and Saving Account
- Salary Account
- Student Account
- Fixed Deposit Account
- Re Investment Deposit Account
- Recurring Deposit Account
- Overdraft and Term Loans
- Vehicle Loan
- Mortgage Loan
- Personal Loan
- Insurance Premium Funding
- Safe Deposit Lockers
- All Export and Import Related transactions
- Letter of Credit and Guarantees
- E- Remit Facility to India
- Mobile Banking

Plot No 16/1, Elia Complex
 Zanki-Bibi Titi Street, P.O.Box 491- Dar es Salaam, Tanzania
 T: +255 222 112 2530 (D) +255 222 112 532
 Email: cblt@canarabank.co.tz

Access your A/c 24x7

Drought is a global problem calling for a global solution

A drought is a natural disaster of below-average precipitation in a given region, resulting in prolonged shortages in the water supply, whether atmospheric, surface water or ground water. A drought can last for months or years, or may be declared after as few as 15 days. [1] It can have a substantial impact on the ecosystem and agriculture of the affected region and harm to the local economy.[3] Annual dry seasons in the tropics significantly increase the chances of a drought developing and subsequent bush fires. Periods of heat can significantly worsen drought conditions by hastening evaporation of water vapour.

Many plant species, such as those in the family Cactaceae (or cacti), have drought tolerance adaptations like reduced leaf area and waxy cuticles to enhance their ability to tolerate drought. Some others survive dry periods as buried seeds. Semi-permanent drought produces arid biomes such as deserts and grasslands. Prolonged droughts have caused mass migrations and humanitarian crisis. Most arid ecosystems have inherently low productivity. The most prolonged drought ever in the world in recorded history occurred in the Atacama Desert in Chile (400 Years).

Mechanisms of producing precipitation include convective, stratiform, and orographic rainfall. Convective processes involve strong vertical motions that can cause the overturning of the atmosphere in that location within an hour and cause heavy precipitation, while stratiform processes involve weaker upward motions and less intense

precipitation over a longer duration. Precipitation can be divided into three categories, based on whether it falls as liquid water, liquid water that freezes on contact with the surface, or ice. Droughts occur mainly in areas where normal levels of rainfall are, in themselves, low. If these factors do not support precipitation volumes sufficiently to reach the surface over a sufficient time, the result is a drought. Drought can be triggered by a high level of reflected sunlight and above average prevalence of high pressure systems, winds carrying continental, rather than oceanic air masses, and ridges of high pressure areas aloft can prevent or restrict the developing of thunderstorm activity or rainfall over one certain region. Once a region is within drought, feedback mechanisms such as local arid air,[10] hot conditions which can promote warm core ridging, and minimal evapotranspiration can worsen drought conditions.

The United Nations has warned of drought, disease and war preventing farmers from producing enough food for millions of people across Africa and other regions, leading to the need for major aid operations.

A report called the Crop Prospects and Food Situation by the U.N.'s Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) says that shortages of grain and other foodstuffs have left people in 41 countries – 31 of them in Africa – in need of handouts.

Southern Africa has experienced both dry spells and rainfall damage from Cyclone Idai, which made landfall in Mozambique on March. 14. The storm caused agricultural production shortfalls and big increases in cereal import needs.

Tourism is becoming an important source of income for many regions and even countries

TOURISM is travel for pleasure or business; also the theory and practice of touring, the business of attracting, accommodating, and entertaining tourists, and the business of operating tours. Tourism may be international, or within the traveller's country.

Tourism can be domestic or international, and international tourism has both incoming and outgoing implications on a country's balance of payments.

International tourist arrivals surpassed the milestone of 1 billion tourists globally for the first time in 2012, emerging markets such as China, Russia, and Brazil had significantly increased their spending over the previous decade. The ITB Berlin is the world's leading tourism trade fair.

Tourism has become an important source of income for many regions and even entire countries. The Manila Declaration on World Tourism of 1980 recognized its importance as an activity essential to the life of nations because of its direct effects on the social, cultural, educational, and economic sectors of national societies, and on their international relations.

Tourism brings large amounts of income into a local economy in the form of payment for goods and services needed by tourists, accounting as of 2011 for 30 per cent of the world's trade in services, and for 6 per cent of overall exports of goods and services. It also generates opportunities for employment in the service sector of the economy associated with tourism.

The hospitality industries which benefit from tourism include transportation services (such as airlines, cruise ships, trains and taxicabs); hospitality services (such as accommodations, including hotels and resorts); and entertainment venues (such as amusement parks, restaurants,

casinos, shopping malls, music venues, and theaters). This is in addition to goods bought by tourists, including souvenirs.

Travel agents including tour operators have a reason to smile after international travel agents from India and China agreed to train them on how to tap tourists from their countries to increase the number of visitors in the country. Tanzania Tourist Board (TTB) Managing Director, Devota Mdachi said recently when briefing journalists on the Swahili International Tourism Expo (SITE) slated for October 18th and 20th this year in Dar es Salaam.

Mdachi said the training will be offered during the Swahili International Tourism Expo and that participants will be trained on how to market Tanzanian tourism potentials and local made products.

The TTB boss added that international travel agents have decided to help their counterparts after discovered that majority Tanzanian travel agents and tour operators are not competent on how to market what they offer.

She said some of them do not have enough funds to visit other countries for tourism promotional campaign despite the fact that Tanzania is endowed with a lot of tourism potential that can be promoted in the specific countries.

This is the fifth exhibition that will attract more than 250 exhibitors including international travel agents and 400 journalists from international media from 57 countries across the world.

The international travel agents and journalists who will be in Tanzania for three days are from USA, UK, Italy, German, Russia, China, Sweden, South Africa, Seychelles, Mauritius, Rwanda, Malaysia, Kenya, Thailand, India, South Korea and Singapore. In 2018 a total of 335 international travel agents, and 152 companies attended the event.

The Guardian Limited Key Contacts

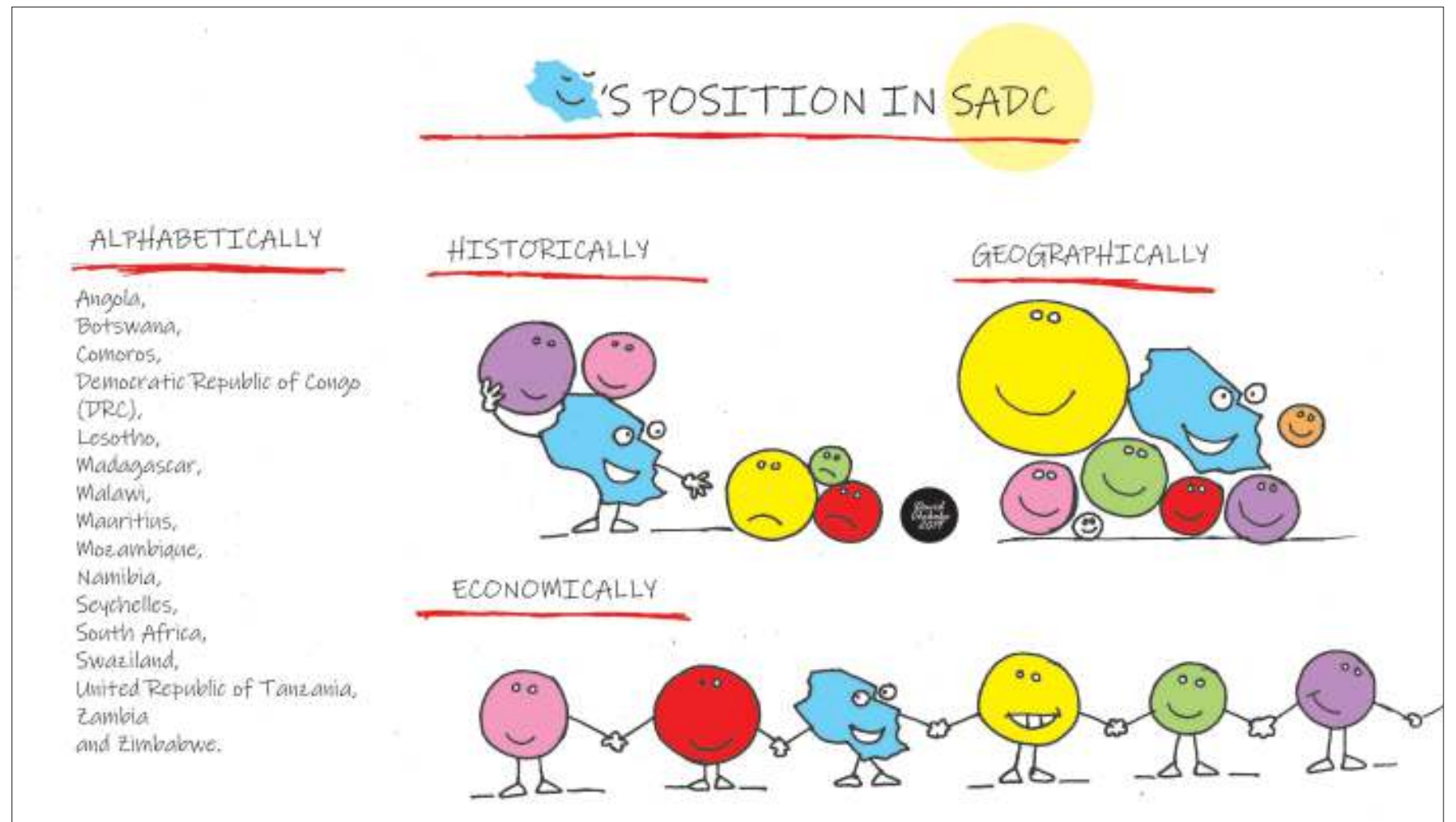
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By Bank-Anthony Okoroafor

Nigeria's oil industry must not die

THE Petroleum Technology Association of Nigeria (PETAN) is the association of most oil & gas service companies in Nigeria. We witnessed the new Group Managing Director, Nigerian National Petroleum Corporation (NNPC), Mele Kolo Kyari's speech during a valedictory session that was organised for the immediate past GMD, Dr. Maikanti Baru, in Abuja on Monday 8th of July, where he stressed that he will achieve 45 billion barrels of oil reserve, three million barrels per day daily production and zero importation of finished petroleum products by 2023. These are great lofty ideas which we are ready to support him to actualise them. Mele Kyari's background as a geologists and the smart COOs Mele has selected will be a plus in his plan to achieve and exceed the target reserves and daily production of three million barrels. How he drives the industry and his vision for the industry will determine if he will actualise these aspirations. PETAN wishes him and his team well and pray that they achieve these great goals.

To achieve a 45 billion reserve, we must carry out exploration and drill more wells. Nigeria has the lowest well services activity in the world. Most of the IOCs are not exploring and drilling activity is minimal. Your good office with DPR and critical stakeholders must look into this to ensure the operating companies explore and drill more wells. NNPC also needs to intensify exploration in all the inland basins.

The shallow water and onshore contribute about 60 per cent of Nigeria production. They have contributed so much to Nigeria in terms of revenue, job creation, capacity and capability building and creation of lots of entrepreneurs spanning the entire oil & gas value chain from Exploration (seismic acquisition, processing, interpretation), drilling rigs, Procurement, Pumping, Logging, Well services, Well Construction, Pipe Laying, Pipe coating, Engineering, training, etc.

The Deepwater has contributed more than 100 billion dollars to the government in the past ten years. Potential exist for future investment above 70 billion dollars if we can put the right things in place. A lot of capacities and capabilities have been built riding on the few investments in Deepwater. Thousands of jobs have been created for Nigerians. A 74 per cent Nigerian Content was achieved in Egina. Bonga if approved and sanctioned has promised to achieve above 80 per cent Nigerian content. This are practical demonstrations that if we get our acts right, business will come into Nigeria. We also should not use Deepwater to kill shallow water.

To address low exploration in Deepwater, Kyari Mele should use stick and carrot approach on companies that do not invest in Exploration. We are carrying reserve value of about 37 billion barrels and 174 TCF gas. I believe our reserve is about 200 billion barrels and 400 TCF gas. We must as a country invest in exploration now that oil is fast going out of fashion to derive the full value from our natural resources and use it quickly

to diversify our economy and improve on our infrastructure. Government needs to create incentives towards exploration for reserve replacement, urge development of allocated but un-developed blocks and increase in production enhanced; with a total of two billion barrels produced from Nigeria's Deepwater space since inception, the contribution to national production by Deepwater operations has consistently been on the rise since the NOGICD Act.

From 2010 (35%) through 2013 (38%) and 2017 (40%), with Egina further adding 160,000 barrels per day at the end of 2018. There is need to create the right fiscal policies to encourage investment in deep offshore to unlock our deep offshore. Deepwater still need to be funded, tall order to compete for funds. The landscape is getting very competitive.

We have witnessed lack of Final Investment Decisions (FIDs) in our country in the last ten years. Comparing countries in Africa, Angola has taken nine FIDs in the last 10 years valued at about \$82 billion; Egypt has taken about three FIDs valued at about \$26 billion; Ghana has taken about five FIDs valued at about \$22 billion; Mozambique has taken about two FIDs. But the giant of Africa with the greatest reserves has only managed to take three FIDs valued about \$27 billion, but only two sanctioned. What a shame! We should all bury our heads in sand. There is an emergency situation in our oil and gas industry. We need to sort out all that is preventing this FIDs and this will set the ball rolling in your lofty ideals of reserve growth, daily production growth, stamping out corruption and creating jobs for millions of Nigerians and leaving a legacy for the ones following us.

The new GMD also needs to work with the IOCs to get the following projects to FID. Shell Bonga s/w Aparo (225,000 bpd), Bonga North (100,000 bpd), Eni's Zabazaba-Etan (120,000 bpd), Chevron Nziko (100,000 bpd), ExxonMobil Bosi (140,000 bpd), Satellite Field phase 2 (80,000 bpd), Uge (110,000 bpd).

Issues that need to be addressed now and quickly to help Mele achieve his lofty goals includes the following:

Firstly, government should assent to and speedily sign the PIGB (Petroleum Industry Governance Bill), PIFB (Petroleum Industry Fiscal Bill), PIAB (Petroleum Industry Administration Bill), PHICDB (Petroleum Host and Impacted Communities Development Bill).

The timely conclusion of the ongoing industry reforms guaranteeing legislative certainty and clarity. Work with National assembly and critical stakeholders to actualise this. This is holding down lots of FIDs and critical investment. The passage of and the assent by Mr. President to the PIGB is important to send a signal to the market that this government is serious about the oil reform agenda. The uncertainty created by the lack of passage of the reforms have significantly affected investments in the Nigerian oil and gas sector.

The legislators to expedite the passage of

the relevant bills associated with the section 16 of the petroleum act and incorporate feedbacks from the public hearing

Our production is declining 10-15 per cent annually. To maintain two million barrels per day, we need to be spending about \$10 billion capex annually. To grow to your target daily production of three million barrels per day, we need to be spending between \$20 to \$30 billion capex yearly. This will guaranty activity level to achieve and maintain the desired level of daily production

In addition, we need to be sending our investor friendly messaging to remove this negative cloud on investments in Nigeria. Everything that is anti-investment, anti-entrepreneurs must be removed. Sanctity of contracts and rule of law. Issues of taking peoples licences without due process and tax men harassment of companies without following due process sends the wrong messages which are not good for us.

There is need to reduce government's equity on JVs considerably

Rule of Law must be supreme. Sanctity of contracts must be respected. There is need for competitive PSC Fiscal terms which enables monetisation of deep offshore gas and support existing investor commitments. Also, Mele Kyari must ensure that fiscal terms remain competitive; enable conducive business environment and ensure safety of lives and security of assets. A good approach is to establish a coast guard to be responsible in protecting all assets and personnel in water instead of all companies having their own security and security vessels/gun boats.

He must improve the efficiency and effectiveness of institutions responsible for contract approval processes.

Resolve ongoing PSC disputes. Sign dispute settlement agreement and new PSC agreement for OML I18 which is the template for other PSCs. This will definitely unlock the entire deep offshore market and bring most projects to FID.

The proposed deep offshore/inland basin PSC amendment bill 2018 seeking to introduce 50 per cent royalty in revenue above \$20/barrel will drive investments to other countries. There are lots of discoveries everywhere and we should desist from acts that are not investment friendly. This would worsen our competitiveness thereby limiting our ability to attract investment and will consequently hamper long term oil production growth. With 50 per cent royalty, NPV will be very low and unattractive for investment. Fifteen per cent IRR not enough in Nigeria because risks are high. This can be enough in USA or middle east because of low risk.

Make Local content a National agenda: With the successes achieved in the oil and gas sector since the NOGIC Act was signed into law, in order to sustain, improve on the successes achieved, it is imperative to make local content a National agenda.

NOGIC Act signed into law in 2010 makes it sustainable for all stakeholders. The journey so far seems to be in the right trajectory. The successes so far in the oil and gas industry includes the following:

Equipment ownership, Fabrication capabilities, EPCL, Pipelines, Operation & Maintenance, Production Operations, Well Completion, Engineering and Well Services. Nigerians are now involved in all areas of the oil & Gas value chain. Asset ownership by Nigerians have increased considerably.

Indigenous vessel ownership has increased to over 38 per cent. Nigerians now own drilling rigs, pipe pills, pipe coating facilities. Eighty per cent of engineering are presently done in-country. Fabrications done in country has increased considerably. So much has been done in Human capital development.

In-country value retention has increased considerably from less than five per cent before the signing of the act into law to above 27 per cent. Nigeria witnessed capital flight of more than three hundred and eighty billion dollars in fifty years of oil and gas exploitation in Nigeria. We have witnessed development of several Nigerian entrepreneurs.

Rationalise multiple taxation from states, govt and parastatals:

a. The current fees and levies charged companies includes the following: Education Tax (2% of assessable profit), NDDC Levy (3% of the total annual budget), NCDF (1% value of contracts), Nigerian Export Supervision Scheme (0.12% FOB cargo value monthly), Weights & Measures Monitoring fee (0.035% FOB cargo value monthly), Marine Logistics Cabotage (2% of contract value per invoice), NPA Pilotage, NPA cargo and stevedoring dues, Offshore safety permit (\$680 per person annually), Use of various radioactive substance or equipment dues, Environmental Impact assessment dues registration renewal approval, Water reception facilities levy, NPA towage royalty charges

b. Proposed fees and Levies includes the following: OGFTZA Levy (3% of all items in zone), NPA Stevedoring charges on FPSO (\$1/bbl), NOSDRA levy in amendment bill in NASS (0.5% of operation funds), Maritime University Levy (1% of contract value in the oil and gas industry), PIB host community levy (2.5% of actual opex annually), Amnesty bill (1% of the total annual budget)

Battle of regulation of Deepwater & Investment: There is need to resolve all fiscal issues with Deepwater. We should be talking about 30 FPSOS now instead of 7, delays in tidying up commercial frameworks that will facilitate investment. Framework for the new commercial agreement with OML I18 if signed, will unlock the significant aspect of Deepwater development in Nigeria.

Work with the Ministry/DPR to accelerate the renewal of soon-to-expire licenses for oil blocks, and also create new concessions for the unallocated 53 Deepwater blocks, since the last bid round was 12 years ago.

We should clear uncertainties around commercial frameworks and make room for attractive fiscals and regulatory regimes to pull investors. The NNPC should approve and escalate to other projects, the proposed framework between itself and operators on OMLI18.

Is Tunisia turning a blind eye to illegal hunting?

BY JIHANE BEN YAHIA

HUNTING in Tunisia is strictly regulated, and hunting of protected species like houbara bustards is outlawed. Yet there are reports of large hunting parties in Tunisia - allegedly sanctioned by government. Together with wildlife trafficking in the region, poaching has become a serious problem that needs much more attention from government and civil society.

Data on illegal hunting and the illegal wildlife trade in the region is scarce. In 2015, a report by the non-governmental organisation (NGO) BirdLife International found that between 50 500 and 227 000 birds were killed illegally each year in Tunisia.

But according to the executive director of the NGO Les Amis des Oiseaux (AAO), Claudia Feltrup-Azafaf, who contributed to the report, these figures are largely underestimated. 'They are based on proven cases reported and extrapolated,' she said. 'We lack financial resources, and there is little awareness among citizens and authorities.'

In January, Abdelmajid Dabbar, president of the NGO Tunisie Ecologie, reported that Qatari nationals were illegally hunting protected species in the Tunisian desert using falcons and hunting rifles. Photos and videos distributed by activists showed a convoy of about 30 off-road vehicles, a helicopter, and the carcasses of Thomson's gazelles, Saharan hares and houbara bustards. When confronted by conservationists, the hunters said the Presidency had given them permission.

The houbara bustard is a bird prized for its meat and organs, which are believed to be an aphrodisiac. Houbara hunting was traditionally carried out by falconers in Gulf countries, where the Asian variety of the bird was once prevalent. Hunting in the region became so intensive, however, that by the late 1980s the species was almost extinct.

Saudi and Emirati hunters soon turned their attention to the Tunisian desert. In an interview with the Insti-



tute for Security Studies' ENACT organised crime project. Dabbar said former president Zine El Abidine Ben Ali personally approved hunting expeditions - in exchange for large sums of money. This led to the species becoming endangered.

After his rule ended in the Arab Spring, Qatari hunters - who were close to the new regime - soon took to the desert. Dabbar said the presence of Qatari humanitarian organisations on the Tunisia-Libya border along with

Despite strict controls, protected species are threatened by poaching and trafficking fuelled by Gulf states markets. File photo

business projects were enabling these expeditions to take place.

In an interview with France 24 in January, Qatari journalist Ali Al-Hill explained that Qataris had owned large stretches of land in the Tunisian desert since 2008, which had allowed them to hunt there legally. The interview provoked a strong public reaction in Tunisia, but authorities remained silent.

In Tunisia, hunting is strictly regulated. A licence to own a rifle can only be issued by the Ministry of Interior; and falconry is only allowed among local communities in the north-

east, irrespective of whether it is on public or private land.

Protected species such as the houbara bustard cannot be hunted. The bird is classified as a species threatened with extinction in Appendix 1 of CITES (the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora), to which Tunisia is a signatory. It also appears on the Red List of the International Union for Conservation of Nature as a species threatened with extinction. This follows the sharp decline of the bustards in North Africa over the past 25 years.

In February, Tunisia's agriculture minister Samir Taieb said on Express FM Radio that his administration had not authorised the January hunt. However his ministry did sometimes 'receive requests by embassies in Tunis to organise such hunts,' he said. But 'those pertaining to protected animals are never granted,' and in this case, they had not received any request. The Presidency has not yet responded to the hunters' claim about receiving permission.

This episode is not an isolated case, either in the country or the region. The goldfinch - an emblematic North African songbird - is also trafficked in the Maghreb along traditional smuggling routes. Ornithologist Ridha El Ouni, told ENACT that 'at the border with Algeria, a wild goldfinch is worth TND150 (€40). At the market in Tunis, a trained goldfinch can be sold for up to TND1 500 (€400).'

ENACT research on goldfinch trafficking found evidence that Moncef Bey Market in Tunis was a hub for this illegal trade, as well as for other protected species. In August 2018, the AAO alerted authorities to the presence of some 100 goldfinches, European greenfinches, pink flamingos and a booted eagle among the market stalls.

Feltrup-Azafaf told ENACT that 'our monitoring capacity stops at the General Directorate of Forestry, but we do not know what happens beyond that, and if the judiciary has taken legal action or not.'

The market for illegal wildlife trade in the region is vast. In 2014, one Saudi prince alone killed about 2 000 bustards in Pakistan in less than 10 days. How many birds could several dozen well equipped and organised hunters have killed in Tunisia in January?

In Pakistan, where some Asian bustards still survive, limited hunting in exchange for a large fee has become a lucrative illegal business. It is also a source of political conflict between the country and Gulf states.

The January episode highlighted the many challenges facing state and civil society actors charged with protecting endangered species in Tunisia. A national strategy to stop wildlife poaching and trafficking would allow, among other things, for gaps in Tunisia's laws to be filled. An official awareness-raising campaign about wildlife crime should also be conducted in partnership with civil society.

Jihane Ben Yahia, ENACT Regional Coordinator - North Africa, ISS



MKOMBOZI COMMERCIAL BANK PLC

DISCLOSURE UNDER REGULATION 11 OF BANKING & FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (DISCLOSURES) REGULATIONS 2014 MINIMUM DISCLOSURE OF CHARGES/FEE/PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

s/n	Tariff	Current a/c Business - Sole proprietor, Companies	Current a/c Diocese, Parish, Jumuiya	Current a/c Personal	Call a/c	Savings Business	Savings Diocese, Parish, Jumuiya	Savings Personal	Bishop a/c	Integrit a/c	Student a/c	Joint / Wanandoa a/c	Mwana a/c	Wajasiriam all a/c	Forex a/c
1	Account opening amount	100,000	Any amount	15,000	5,000,000	50,000	Any amount	15,000	50,000	50,000	15,000	50,000	15,000	16,000	\$/€/£ 100
2	Minimum operating balance	50,000	50,000	20,000	5,000,000	20,000	20,000	10,000	50,000	50,000	zero	50,000	5,000	10,000	\$/€/£ 100
3	Interest rate payable below 5m	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.5%	n/a	0.5%	n/a	up to 2%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	n/a
4	Interest rate payable above 5m	n/a	n/a	n/a	up to 4%	n/a	2.0%	n/a	2.0%	n/a	up to 5%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	n/a
5	Interest minimum earning balance	n/a	n/a	n/a	5,000,000	100,000	n/a	100,000	n/a	500,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	n/a
6	Monthly maintenance fee	12,000	free	10,000	free	1,500	free	1,500	free	free	free	2,000	free	1,500	\$/€/£ 2
7	Deposit fee	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free
8	Teller withdraw fee below 5m	3000	3000	3000	free	3000	3000	3000	free	3000	1,000	3000	3000	3000	0.1% min
9	Teller withdraw fee below 5m - 20m	5000	5000	5000	free	5000	5000	5000	free	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	0.1% max
10	Teller withdraw fee above 20m	0.1% max 50,000	0.1% max 50,000	0.1% max 50,000	free	0.1% max 50,000	0.1% max 50,000	0.1% max 50,000	free	0.1% max 50,000	0.1% max 50,000	0.1% max 50,000	0.1% max 50,000	0.1% max 50,000	\$/€/£ 2
11	Teller B/E	500	500	500	free	500	500	500	free	500	500	500	500	500	50
12	Monthly statement	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free
13	Adhock statement	1,500	1,500	1,500	free	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	\$/€/£ 1.5
14	Other charges														
15	Certificate of Balance	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	\$/€/£ 15
17	Confirmation to Auditors	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	\$/€/£ 15
18	Search for information over 5 years	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	\$/€/£ 15
19	Cheque book costs (per leaf)	500	500	500	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$/€/£ 0.25
20	Bankers cheque issued (BP's)	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$/€/£ 15
21	Status Report	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$/€/£ 12
22	Stop payment	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$/€/£ 15
23	Dishonored Cheque for lack of funds or refer to drawer or effects not cleared	100,000	100,000	100,000	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$/€/£ 50
24	Dishonored Cheque due to technical error caused by customer	30,000	30,000	30,000	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$/€/£ 15
25	Dormant account activation	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free
26	Closing account less than six month (other than SGL accounts)	30,000	30,000	30,000	n/a	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	\$/€/£ 15
27	Counter cheque book per leaf	10,000	10,000	10,000	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$/€/£ 15
28	monthly Charge drawn below Minimum balance	10,000	10,000	10,000	n/a	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	\$2 /€1.5 /£1.5
29	Salary processing/bulk payment (per entry)	1,500	1,500	1,500	n/a	1,500	1,500	1,500							\$/€/£ 1
30	(a) Standing order														
30	(i) Instructions within Mkombozi bank	5,000	5,000	5,000	n/a	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	\$/€/£ 3
31	(ii) Standing orders to other banks	15,000	15,000	15,000	n/a	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	n/a
32	(iii) Unpaid bankers orders	30,000	30,000	30,000	n/a	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	\$/€/£ 15
33	(b) Mobile banking charges														
33	(i) Transfer from Bank to MNOs	n/a	n/a	1,500	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,500	1,500	n/a	1,500	n/a	n/a	1,500	n/a
34	(ii) Transfer from MNOs to Bank	n/a	n/a	free	n/a	n/a	n/a	free	free	n/a	free	n/a	n/a	free	n/a
35	(iii) Balance Enquiry	n/a	n/a	200	n/a	n/a	n/a	200	200	n/a	200	n/a	n/a	200	n/a
36	(iv) Mini statement	n/a	n/a	500	n/a	n/a	n/a	500	500	n/a	500	n/a	n/a	500	n/a
37	(c) EFT / SWIFT / TISS transfers														
37	EFT Within the bank (Incoming)	free	free	free	n/a	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	free	n/a
38	EFT to other banks	1,500	1,500	1,500	n/a	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	n/a
39	TISS transfers	10,000	10,000	10,000	n/a	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	n/a
40	Swift transfers	USD 50 plus swift charges													
41	ATM & ID Cards charges														
41	Customer ID	n/a	n/a	n/a	12000	12000	12000	n/a	n/a	12000	n/a	12000	12000	n/a	\$/€/£ 5
42	New ATM Card	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	5,000	5,000	n/a	5,000	n/a	5,000	n/a	n/a
43	Replacement of lost/ damaged ATM card	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	10,000	10,000	n/a	10,000	n/a	n/a	10,000	n/a
44	ATM Monthly fee per month (charged quarterly or annually)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	500	500	n/a	500	n/a	n/a	500	n/a
45	ATM Balance inquiry	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	200	200	n/a	200	n/a	n/a	200	n/a
46	ATM Withdraw charges per transaction	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,300	1,300	n/a	1,300	n/a	n/a	1,300	n/a
47	Fixed deposit rates - Local currency														
	3 months		5% p.a												
	6 months		6% p.a												
	9 months		7% p.a												
	12 months		8% p.a												
	18 months		8.5% p.a												
	24 months		9% p.a												
	36 months		10% p.a												
	Above TZS 100 Million		Negotiable												
	Fixed deposit rates - Forex														
	30 Days														0.305% p.a
	60 Days														0.60% p.a
	90 Days														1.10% p.a
	180 Days														1.15% p.a
	360 Days														1.35% p.a
	Above USD 100,000														negotiable

Note: Bank retains matured FDR funds without accruing interest if customer do not instruct the bank for roll over



THE REVOLUTIONARY GOVERNMENT OF ZANZIBAR

MINISTRY OF INFRASTRUCTURE, COMMUNICATIONS AND TRANSPORTATION

Tender No: SMZ/P01/W/ICB/01/2019-20/03

Specific Procurement Notice

For

Periodic Maintenance of Kinduni-Kitope Road (4km) to bitumen standard, Construction of Box Culverts and Periodic Maintenance of Sharifumsa-Mwanyanya-Bububu School road (3.8km) to bitumen standard

Invitation for Tenders

Date 23/07/2019

- This Invitation for Tenders follows the General Procurement Notice for this Project which appeared in **Zanzibar Leo Newspaper** Issue no. 5789 dated **22nd July, 2019**.
- The Revolutionary Government of Zanzibar has set aside funds for the operation of the **Ministry of Infrastructure, Communication and Transportation** during the financial year 2019-2020. It is intended that part of the proceeds of the fund will be used to cover eligible payment under the contract for **Periodic Maintenance of Kinduni - Kitope Road (4km) to bitumen standard, Construction of Box Culverts and periodic maintenance of Sharifumsa - Mwanyanya - Bububu school road (3.8km) to bitumen standard**.
- The **Ministry of Infrastructure, Communication and Transportation** now invites sealed tenders from eligible contractors registered in civil Engineering Class Two and above by the Contractors Registration Board for carrying out the works. The contractor who will be awarded the contract shall be registered by Zanzibar Contractors Registration Board (if not registered). The brief descriptions of major activities for each road are as follows: -

SN	Description of Works	Quantity
a)	Earthworks in Cut Sections	6,070 m ³
b)	Earthworks in Fill Sections	4,000 m ³
c)	Pavement Layers of Natural Gravel G15, G45 and G60	49,460 m ³
d)	Construction of Lined Drains with Prefabricated Slabs	9,400 m
e)	Construction of Box Culverts of 2 cell of Size (3m x 1.5 m) and Single cell of Size (2m x 1.5m)	2No
f)	Construction of Pipe Culverts (600mm Diameter)	24 m
g)	Construction of Pipe Culverts (900mm Diameter)	60m
h)	Construction of drifts	100m
i)	Asphalt Concrete Type AC14 for Wearing Course	3,309 m ³

- Tendering will be conducted through the **International Competitive** a procedure specified in the Public Procurement (Goods, Works, and Disposal of Public Assets by Tender) section 69, and is open to all Tenderers as defined in the regulations.
- Interested eligible Tenderers may obtain further information from and inspect the Tendering Documents at the office of the **Ministry of Infrastructure, Communication and Transportation Head Offices' Kisauni Area, Zanzibar, P.O. Box 266, Kisauni-Zanzibar from 09:00 hrs to 15:00 hrs** from Mondays to Fridays inclusive except on public holidays.
- A complete set of Tendering Document(s) in **English Language** and additional sets may be purchased by interested Tenderers on the submission of a written application to the address given under paragraph 5 above and upon payment of a non-refundable fee of **Tanzania Shillings Five Hundred Thousand Only (TZS 500,000/=)**. Payment should be made through **Account no: 0403849000 KATIBU MKUU UJENZI MAWASILIANO NA USAFIRISHAJI**.
- All Tenders must be accompanied by a Tender Security in the form of Bank Guarantee in the amount of **Tanzanian Shillings Twenty Million only (TZS 20,000,000)** or freely convertible currencies in case of foreign Tenderers.
- All tenders in **one original plus two copies**, properly filled in, and enclosed in plain envelopes must be delivered to the address below

Principal Secretary,
Ministry of Infrastructure, Communication and Transportation
P.O. Box 266,
Kisauni
Zanzibar

At or before **10:00 am on Tuesday 3rd September 2019**. Tenders will be opened promptly thereafter in public and in the presence of Tenderers' representatives who choose to attend in the opening at the **Ministry of Infrastructure, Communication and Transportation, P.O. Box 266, Kisauni Zanzibar**.

A pre-bid meeting and site visit will be on **Monday 5th August, 2019 at 10:00 am** at Ministry of Infrastructure, Communication and Transportation, Head Office, Kisauni-Zanzibar

- Late tenders, portion of tenders, electronic tenders, and tenders not received, tenders not opened and not read out in public at the tender opening ceremony shall not be accepted for evaluation irrespective of the circumstance.

Mustafa About Jumbe
Principal Secretary
Ministry of Infrastructure, Communication and Transportation

215338101



THE REVOLUTIONARY GOVERNMENT OF ZANZIBAR

MINISTRY OF INFRASTRUCTURE, COMMUNICATIONS AND TRANSPORTATION

Tender No: SMZ/P01/W/ICB/02/2019-20/03

Specific Procurement Notice

For

The Periodic Maintenance of Finya-Kicha (8.8 km) Road in Pemba Island to Bitumen Standard

Invitation for Tenders

Date 23/07/2019

- This Invitation for Tenders follows the General Procurement Notice for this Project which appeared in **Zanzibar Leo Newspaper** Issue no. 5789 dated **22nd July, 2019**.
- The Revolutionary Government of Zanzibar has set aside funds for the operation of the **Ministry of Infrastructure, Communication and Transportation** during the financial year **2019-2020**. It is intended that part of the proceeds of the fund will be used to cover eligible payment under the contract for **The Periodic Maintenance of Finya-Kicha (8.8 km) Road in Pemba Island to Bitumen Standard**.
- The **Ministry of Infrastructure, Communication and Transportation** now invites sealed tenders from eligible contractors registered in civil Engineering Class One Only by the Contractors registration Board for carrying out the works. The contractor who will be awarded the contract shall be registered by Zanzibar Contractors Registration Board (if not registered). The brief descriptions of major activities are as follows: -

SN	Description of Works	Quantity
j)	Earthworks in Cut Sections	24,087 m ³
k)	Earthworks Fill Sections	20,533 m ³
l)	Pavement Layers of Natural Gravel G15	12,755 m ³
m)	Pavement Layers of Natural Gravel G45	15,678 m ³
n)	Pavement Layers of Natural Gravel G60	11,759 m ³
o)	Construction of Lined Drains with Prefabricated Slabs	10,200 m
p)	Construction of Box Culverts of 2 cell of Size (3m x 2 m)	1 No
q)	Asphalt Concrete Type AC14 for Wearing Course	3,060 m ³
r)	Marking with White Painted Lines	11,500 m
s)	Marking with Yellow Painted Lines	18,000 m
t)	Installation of Road Signs and Road Reserve Posts	78 No

- Tendering will be conducted through the **International Competitive Bidding** a procedure specified in the Public Procurement (Goods, Works, and Disposal of Public Assets by Tender) section 69, and is open to all Tenderers as defined in the regulations.
- Interested eligible Tenderers may obtain further information from and inspect the Tendering Documents at the office of the **Ministry of Infrastructure, Communication and Transportation Head Offices' Kisauni Area, Zanzibar, P.O. Box 266, Kisauni-Zanzibar from 09:00 hrs to 15:00 hrs** from Mondays to Fridays inclusive except on public holidays.
- A complete set of Tendering Document(s) in **English Language** and additional sets may be purchased by interested Tenderers on the submission of a written application to the address given under paragraph 5 above and upon payment of a non-refundable fee of **Tanzanian Shillings Three Hundred Fifty Thousand Only (TZS 350,000/=)**. Payment should be made through **Account no: 0403849000 KATIBU MKUU UJENZI MAWASILIANO NA USAFIRISHAJI - (PBZ BANK)**.
- All Tenders must be accompanied by a Tender Security in the form of Bank Guarantee in the amount of **Tanzanian Shillings Twenty Million only (TZS 20,000,000)** or freely convertible currencies in case of foreign Tenderers.
- All tenders in **one original plus two copies**, properly filled in, and enclosed in plain envelopes must be delivered to the address below

Principal Secretary,
Ministry of Infrastructure, Communication and Transportation
P.O. Box 266,
Kisauni
Zanzibar

At or before **10:00 am on Tuesday 3rd September 2019**. Tenders will be opened promptly thereafter in public and in the presence of Tenderers' representatives who choose to attend in the opening at the **Ministry of Infrastructure, Communication and Transportation, P.O. Box 266, Kisauni Zanzibar**.

A pre-bid meeting and site visit will be on **Wednesday 07th August, 2019 at 10:00 am** at Ministry of Infrastructure, Communication and Transportation Office, Chakechake Pemba.

- Late tenders, portion of tenders, electronic tenders, and tenders not received, tenders not opened and not read out in public at the tender opening ceremony shall not be accepted for evaluation irrespective of the circumstance.

Mustafa About Jumbe
Principal Secretary
Ministry of Infrastructure, Communication and Transportation

215338101

EU leaps to rescue African countries with clean water

By Jeffrey Moyo, Blantyre

IN Karonga, a district in the northern region of Malawi, 32-year old Mavis Banda, a mother of three daughters busies herself drawing safe drinking water from a borehole located at the heart of her village.

Banda and several other villagers claimed they long abandoned a local well where for years they drew water for domestic purposes, thanks to the initiative by the European Union (EU) ensuring developing African countries like Malawi access safe drinking water - as stipulated in Goal 6 of the UN Agenda 2030, which aims to "ensure access to water and sanitation for all".

In Zimbabwe, the EU has even been more forthcoming in terms of combating water shortages in both rural and urban areas. Following the devastation in Zimbabwe caused by Cyclone Idai in March 2019, the European Union contributed EUR 250,000 (USD 281,035) to UNICEF to provide vital water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) supplies to vulnerable children and families in flood-affected districts in the Southern African nation.

Cyclone Idai affected some 270,000 people (half of them children) in Zimbabwe's districts of Chimanimani and Chipinge, in Manicaland Province, creating an immediate need for safe drinking water, sanitation facilities and hygiene materials.

The EU contribution supported the distribution of water purification tablets and soap to households, schools and health institutions, the rehabilitation and repair of critical water supply networks, and where needed, the drilling of boreholes and the construction of new water points.

"Our gratitude goes to the EU for often standing with us, especially during the Cyclone Idai disaster, making sure as a country we have access to clean water for drinking," Zimbabwe's Health Minister, Obadiiah Moyo, told IDN.

Even the Zambian government has been of late upbeat about the EU assistance. In May 2019, the European Investment Bank (EIB) provided a five million Euro grant to help the country's Mulonga Water and Sewerage Company

(MWSC) implement the 'Mulonga Peri-Urban Water and Sanitation Action'.

"The project is fully consistent with the Zambian Vision 2030 that sets the targets of 100 percent access to clean water provision by 2030," said Zambia's Finance Minister, Margaret Mwanakatwe.

The importance of EU's support is underlined by the fact that Zambia's 'Copperbelt Province', bordering on the Democratic Republic of Congo (DR Congo), is the second most populous region of the country, with around two million people, out of which 60 percent are estimated to live in low-income, peri-urban areas, where access to safe water remains typically below 40 percent.

"The EIB's longstanding support to water sector on the African continent holds a significant contribution to the UN's Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), in particular in peri-urban, low-income areas," said EIB Vice President Ambroise Fayolle.

In Malawi, where remote villagers like Mavis Banda hailing from Karonga district have benefitted from the EU gesture, the European Union earlier in 2019 invested a total of about EUR 15.750 million in Water & Sanitation projects in the Southern African nation.

Consequently, over the last five years the EU has provided access to safe drinking water for one million Malawians by way of its contribution to SDG 6.

"EU's water investment in our country is significantly improving piped water and sanitation services for our people, especially those living in remote areas," a top Malawian government official who requested to remain anonymous as he was not authorized to speak to the media, told IDN.

According to USAID, in Malawi, 80 percent of the country's population of approximately 19 million people now has access to an improved source of drinking water. Still, USAID says, an estimated four million Malawians lack access to safe water while only six percent of the country's population has access to an improved sanitation facility.

Not only has the EU chipped in help to Africa's water-starved nations, but even other international organisations

like the World Bank have also stepped in with aid to ease water scarcities blighting African countries.

Two years ago, up to 1.9 million Tanzanian citizens benefited from new financing approved by the World Bank from the International Development Association that was channeled towards the East African nation's water sector, including 700,000 residents of the country's largest city, Dar es Salaam.

Then, Tanzania's newly approved financing amounted to USD 225 million that was aimed at supporting the strengthening of capacities for integrated water resources planning and management in that country as well as improve access to water supply and sanitation services in an efficient manner across Dar es Salaam.

Thanks to EU, this year in Nigeria, nearly 4,500 people in Riyom local government area of Plateau State, in the north-central part of the West African country, people benefitted from improved access to safe water and sanitation facilities which included gender segregated latrines.

In Nigeria, officials from the EU have been on record urging the significance of provision of water to communities there. "Clean water, basic toilets and good hygiene practices are critical for the survival and development of children. Without these basic needs, the lives of millions of children are at risk. We must do better for children by prioritizing WASH on the development agenda," said Ambassador Ketil Karlsen, Head of EU Delegation in Nigeria.

According to the data from the WASH National Outcome Routine Mapping (WASH NORM), as many as 47 million Nigerians practice open defecation, with only 11 percent of Nigerians having access to complete basic water, sanitation and hygiene services. Meanwhile, 13 percent of schools have access to basic water and sanitation services in Nigeria.

But even though, for many Africans like Malawi's Mavis Banda, with the EU moving in to facilitate the provision of clean water, it is relief time which many wish could stay for eternity. "I'm happy; I wish the whole of Malawi could continue like this, having clean water," said Mavis.



Comoro's Energy and Economy minister, Houmed M'Saidie, addresses Tanzanian businesspeople at a reception he hosted for them in Moroni recently. The trip was organised by the Tanzanian Embassy in Comoro in collaboration with members of the Comoro business community and Cosa Marketing. Photo: Guardian Correspondent

Report calls on south African media to do more on gender-based violence

DURBAN

IN a country with some of the highest rates of sexual and gender-based violence in the world, South African media must step up and play a greater role in the fight against gender inequality and gender-based violence.

That was the conclusion of a report, "Gender, Diversity and Gender-based Violence in South African TV," that was presented at the Durban FilmMart this week by Kubi Rama of Gender Links, a Southern Africa women's organization that champions gender quality in and through the media.

The report was part of the Step It Up For Gender Equality in Southern Africa media project, which was commissioned in 2018 by the German Development Corporation (GIZ) and UN Women.

"The media landscape in South Africa is still largely unequal when it comes to gender questions," said Unathi Malunga, of the National Film & Video Foundation (NFVF).

"The aim of this project is to support the prevention of violence against women and girls through engaging the South African media to reflect on the media's role and responsibility in shaping societal norms, in shaping societal stereotypes, and in shaping perceptions of gender-based violence."

According to the findings of the report, which describes gender-based violence as a "national crisis" in South Africa, gender inequality and gender-based violence as topics constitute just 3% of news, 7% of entertainment and 3% of children's programming. Women comprise 77% of program creators but just 15% of directors in TV entertainment.

And in a largely patriarchal society, according to the report, "gender stereotypes are still prevalent, women's voices are heard less, and decision-making still lies with men."

"An industry that is shaped in inequality and incidences of harassment will always struggle to produce creative content that has a positive social impact," said Malunga. "There is still a lack of awareness and dialogue on gender-based violence."

There's still a lack of legislative frameworks, there's a lack of legal resource, there's a lack of prevention mechanisms and where to go to get help, and also rehabilitation."

According to South Africa's 2016 Demographic and Health Survey, one in five South African women over the age of 18 has experienced physical violence at least once in her lifetime.

DAR ES SALAAM STOCK EXCHANGE PLC



COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE 2019 (ALL AMOUNTS IN TZS)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Previous Quarter Group	Current Year Cumulative Group	Previous Year Cumulative Group	Current Quarter Company	Current Quarter Subsidiary
	31st March 2019	30th June 2019	30th June 2018	30th June 2019	30th June 2019
ASSETS					
Non Current Assets					
Property and equipment	510,066,033	496,001,955	638,976,962	484,803,069	11,198,886
Non-current prepayment	2,819,584,220	2,819,584,220	2,776,767,380	2,819,584,220	-
Intangible asset	94,244,053	110,962,350	91,838,331	74,248,946	36,713,404
Leasehold land	319,086,976	319,021,238	323,011,244	319,021,238	-
Deferred tax asset	-	65,738	-	-	65,738
Investment in Subsidiary	-	-	-	100,000,000	-
	3,742,981,283	3,745,635,502	3,830,593,917	3,797,657,474	47,978,028
Current Assets					
Trade receivables	350,616,512	371,615,248	665,924,361	202,843,876	168,771,372
Prepayment & Other Receivables	1,022,743,038	982,270,521	759,584,220	907,877,491	74,393,030
Government Securities	5,699,728,794	5,699,728,794	3,923,068,800	5,699,728,794	-
Short-term Deposits	10,771,295,844	10,836,295,844	12,433,356,738	10,836,295,844	-
Cash and cash equivalents	388,467,425	565,294,747	1,289,762,722	202,517,238	362,777,509
	18,232,851,613	18,455,205,155	19,071,696,841	17,849,263,244	605,941,911
TOTAL ASSETS	21,975,832,896	22,200,840,658	22,902,290,758	21,646,920,717	653,919,941
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND LIABILITIES					
Shareholders' Funds					
Ordinary Share Capital DSE	9,529,608,000	9,529,608,000	9,529,608,000	9,529,608,000	-
Share Premium DSE	1,850,374,351	1,850,374,351	1,850,374,351	1,850,374,351	-
Ordinary Share Capital to Subsidiary	-	-	-	-	100,000,000
Retained Earnings	7,958,529,974	8,329,688,869	7,284,421,895	8,103,149,889	226,538,980
Car Loan Fund	35,000,000	35,000,000	35,000,000	35,000,000	-
Revaluation Reserve	331,195,000	331,195,000	332,524,359	331,195,000	-
Total Shareholders Funds	19,704,707,325	20,075,866,220	19,031,928,605	19,849,327,240	326,538,980
Non-Current Liabilities					
Capital Grants	1,292,240,520	1,247,173,974	1,589,579,967	1,247,173,974	-
Current Liabilities					
Contract Liabilities	355,193,988	263,652,400	1,619,242,000	166,652,400	97,000,000
Trade Creditors and Other Payables	623,691,044	614,148,063	696,540,185	383,767,103	230,380,960
Total Current Liabilities	978,885,033	877,800,463	2,315,782,185	550,419,503	327,380,960
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND LIABILITIES	21,975,832,896	22,200,840,658	22,937,290,758	21,646,920,717	653,919,941

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS) FOR THE QUARTER ENDING 30TH JUNE 2019

	Previous Quarter Group	Current Quarter Group	Current Year Cumulative Group	Previous Year Cumulative Group	Current Quarter Company	Current Quarter Subsidiary
	31st March 2019	30th June 2019	30th June 2019	30th June 2018	30th June 2019	30th June 2019
Revenue						
Listing Fees	481,879,480	608,163,213	1,090,042,692	1,467,262,173	566,267,213	41,896,000
Transaction Fees	146,577,787	177,342,131	323,919,918	555,496,245	107,500,508	69,841,623
Registry & CSD Fees	132,550,617	51,500,000	184,050,617	421,895,207	51,500,000	51,500,000
Investment Income	344,938,311	446,459,662	791,397,973	789,887,457	438,865,141	7,594,521
Other Income	72,382,263	77,801,249	150,183,512	246,573,074	70,563,276	7,237,523
Total Operating Revenue	1,178,328,458	1,361,266,254	2,539,594,711	3,481,114,156	1,183,196,588	178,069,666
Total Revenue	1,178,328,458	1,361,266,254	2,539,594,711	3,481,114,156	1,183,196,588	178,069,666
Operating Costs						
Staff Costs	615,882,917	634,228,808	1,250,111,725	1,073,838,322	483,262,997	150,965,811
Administrative Expenses	312,193,049	256,280,200	568,473,249	775,891,224	228,538,567	27,741,632
Operating Expenses	65,048,956	80,699,354	145,739,310	312,577,870	52,448,652	29,241,922
Total Expenses	993,124,922	971,199,362	1,964,324,284	2,162,307,416	764,250,117	206,948,945
Profit Before Tax	185,203,536	390,066,892	575,270,428	1,318,806,740	418,946,171	(28,879,279)
Profit After Tax	185,203,535.71	390,066,891.85	575,270,428	1,267,483,624	418,946,171	(28,879,279)
Basic Earning Per Share	8	16	24	53	53	-
Diluted Earning Per Share	8	16	24	53	53	-

STATEMENT OF CASHFLOW (COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS) FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE 2019

	Previous Quarter Group	Current Quarter Group	Current Quarter Company	Current Quarter Subsidiary
	31st March 2019	30th June 2019	30th June 2019	30th June 2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net Profit After Tax	185,203,536	390,066,892	418,946,171	(28,879,279)
Adjustments :				
Interest received	-	(446,459,662)	(438,865,141)	(7,594,521)
Current Tax	-	-	-	-
Amortization of Capital Grants	-	(45,066,545)	(45,066,546)	-
Depreciation and Ammortization of Intangible Assets	57,062,736	21,441,285	17,552,322	3,888,963
Operating Cashflows Before Changes in Working Capital Items	(147,738,585)	(80,018,032)	(67,433,195)	(32,584,837)
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade Receivable	-	(20,998,736)	68,614,278	(100,434,592)
(Increase)/Decrease in Prepayments and other receivables	-	40,472,516	116,979,750	(28,612,320)
(Increase)/Decrease in short term deposits	-	-	(65,000,000)	-
Increase/(Decrease) in contract liabilities	-	(91,541,588)	(188,541,588)	97,000,000
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables and Other Payables	-	(9,542,981)	(119,130,776)	61,695,881
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(347,662,167)	(237,450,399)	(234,511,531)	(2,938,868)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest Earned	344,938,311	446,459,662	438,865,141	7,594,521
Acquisition of Fixed Assets	(5,843,000)	(24,095,200)	(24,095,200)	-
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	339,095,311	422,364,462	414,769,941	7,594,521
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Dividend Paid	-	-	-	-
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-	-	-	-
INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS	(8,566,857)	184,914,063	180,258,410	4,655,653
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	397,033,898	380,381,686	22,258,828	358,122,858
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	388,467,041	565,294,747	202,517,238	362,778,511

Signed By
Moremi Marwa
Chief Executive Officer

Date

24-Jul-19

Lucas Sinkala
Finance Manager

24-Jul-19

Mecklaud Edson
Chief Internal Auditor

24-Jul-19

How best to tackle inequality in 21st century? Start with climate change

DUBLIN

Do you prefer to hear good news or bad news first? I will begin by giving you the (unsurprisingly) bad news. Today's world is an unequal place. Standards of living vary massively both between and within countries.

To narrow it down to its most blunt statistic, if you were born in Hong Kong your life expectancy is nearly double that of someone born in Swaziland, 84 and 49 years, respectively.

The good news is that in recent decades many global indicators of living standards have improved. The Millennium Development Goals, a group of targets aimed at reducing poverty and raising living standards, were largely successful.

Those living in extreme poverty dropped from 1.9 billion in 1990 to 836 million in 2015, the proportion of undernourished people in low-income countries fell from 23 percent in 1990 to 13 percent in 2014, and worldwide primary school enrollment has reached 90 percent.

These statistics offer hope for a trajectory toward an equal world. There is more bad news, however, in that climate change threatens to undo this progress and create further inequality.

Climate change will be the definitive challenge of the 21st century, yet it is largely pushed aside in discussions of policies to address inequality. If warming is not limited to 1.5 degrees Celsius above preindustrial levels the results could nullify most, if not all, the progress made in reducing inequality.

Climate change will further magnify existing inequality as low- and middle-income countries will bear the brunt of its impact. As rainfall patterns become more unpredictable, sea levels rise, and storms become more intense, the expected impacts on low-income countries are severe.

An integral problem of advocating for action is that people perceive climate change as a distant threat, but its ramifications are already being witnessed in many parts of the world. Cities such as Dakar in Senegal are flooded annually.

The semi-arid Sahel region is encroaching on once fertile farmland. California was subjected to the deadliest wildfires in its history last year, with record amounts of land burnt to ash.

Climate change is an exemplary illustration of inequality in the 21st century. The United

States is responsible for 26 percent of global cumulative greenhouse gases, and Europe is responsible for an additional 22 percent. In contrast, the entire continent of Africa contributes just 3.8 percent.

While high-income countries are responsible for the vast majority of greenhouse gas emissions, it is the low-income countries that will face the repercussions. Many low-income countries are located in the tropics, which are far more vulnerable to rising temperatures than high-income temperate countries such as the United Kingdom.

Entire agricultural systems will be lost, famines will hit numerous areas, and diseases such as malaria are predicted to become more widespread. Already we are seeing pastoral farmers in Chad struggling to survive due to a lengthening dry season. The largest lake in the country, Lake Chad, has shrunk 90 percent in the past 50 years.

Nevertheless, this division is not solely between high- and low-income countries, it will also prevail within countries. Last year Harvard researchers coined the term "climate gentrification": properties at higher elevations in inland Miami were becoming more expensive due to flooding risks associated with climate change. Again, it will be those who cannot afford to buy their way to safety who are left in at-risk areas.

Along with creating new problems for low-income countries, climate change will exacerbate existing inequalities. Low-income countries do not have the fiscal capacity to deal with severe disruptions to infrastructure. Increased flooding will lead to the spread of waterborne diseases such as cholera and dysentery due to damaged water provisioning services.

Cases of malnutrition are expected to rise dramatically as droughts in tropical areas result in lower crop yields. In countries such as Madagascar, where over 70 percent of the population are rural farmers, this will be devastating.

Due to the complex and far-reaching nature of climate change, the knock-on effects for low-income countries are multitudinous. It will make receiving a quality education more difficult, intensify existing gender inequalities, provoke conflict, destabilize governments, and force people to leave their homelands. These countries do not have the funds or support to deal with the scale of the problems climate change will bring.

"Climate migrant" is a term we will hear frequently; the World Bank predicts there may be up to 140 million such migrants by 2050.

In Europe, the media often refer to refugees seeking security as a "crisis," yet 84 percent of refugees are currently within low-income countries, and people in poorer countries are roughly five times more likely to be displaced by weather events.

This is yet another burden low-income countries are left to deal with. Even high-income countries threatened by climate change are far more able to deal with its consequences. Shanghai, one of the cities most vulnerable to flooding, has been building flood-defense infrastructure since 2012; one such project is expected to cost £5 billion. Low-income countries do not have such capital to invest.

This brings us to the main question: what can be done to tackle the problem? Many things, actually. The two main aspects of dealing with climate change are mitigation and adaptation. As high-income countries produce the majority of greenhouse gas emissions, the onus is on us to minimize them. It seems that climate scientists are finally winning the battle of awareness, as a recent poll found that 73 percent of Americans now believe that climate change is occurring, a record high. Furthermore, 72 percent said it was personally important to them.

This is significant because it puts the onus on governments and companies to act in citizens' interests.

Mobilizing the public to put pressure on these groups will be the true turning point, and there are already signs of this happening.

Over 70,000 people marched in Brussels in January demanding better climate action from the government, and citizen groups all over the world—including in Ireland, where I am writing this—are taking their governments to court over lack of action on climate change.

The key point is that minimizing emissions sooner rather than later is an imperative as it is ultimately the cheaper and easier option. While there has been a focus on individual actions in reducing emissions, such as choosing low-emission transportation and buying seasonal produce, it is about time that governments and the private sector stepped up to the plate.

The Carbon Majors Report found that just 100 companies have produced over 70 percent of global industrial greenhouse gas emissions since 1988. This statistic gives us an opening to create proper, systemic change through demanding better practice from these corporations.

TANZANIA HUMAN RIGHTS DEFENDERS COALITION



CALL FOR PROPOSAL

CONSULTANCY WORK TO DEVELOP THRDC'S GENDER INCLUSION AND NON-DISCRIMINATORY STRATEGY

Opportunity: Consultancy
Client: Tanzania Human Rights Defenders Coalition
Closing date for Application: 6th August, 2019
Assignment Duration: One month

1. INTRODUCTION

The Tanzania Human Rights Defenders Coalition (THRDC) is an umbrella organization for more than 150 Human Rights focused organizations operating both in Tanzania mainland and Zanzibar. The main focus of the Coalition is to put on ground efforts towards enhanced security and protection of Human Rights Defenders in the United Republic of Tanzania. In struggling to increase the Tanzania civic space, THRDC works with members/ Human Rights Defenders from the following thematic areas; Defending Freedom of Expression, Human Rights in general, Rights of Pastoralists, Children Rights & the Rights of Women, Minority Rights, Natural Resources & Economic Rights, Social Rights & Accountability, and Legal Aid Providers. THRDC understands that while working with these groups, there are gender issues to be considered so as to ensure effectiveness of its interventions at all levels and again trickling down the gender sensitivity perspectives to the same.

Understanding this, THRDC has planned to develop a comprehensive strategy which will be used as a tool for ensuring that gender issues are effectively observed while doing internal operations, working with members, development partners and other stakeholders in general. Therefore THRDC is looking for a competent consultant (team/individual) to work on the following objectives;

2. OVERALL ASSIGNMENT OBJECTIVE

To develop a comprehensive THRDC's gender inclusion and non-discriminatory strategy

2.1. SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

- To identify and review the key gender and special groups issues of consideration, with respect to THRDC's operations and interventions context
- To provide and recommend the key gender strategic focus for THRDC while dealing with all members' nine thematic areas.
- To develop THRDC's gender inclusion and non-discriminatory strategy including the gender inclusivity considerations Action Plan
- To orient staff and members on gender mainstreaming and non-discrimination in organizations' operations and programs interventions

3. ASSIGNMENT DELIVERABLES

Upon successful completion of the task, the consultant is expected to submit;

- A full developed THRDC's gender inclusion and non-discriminatory strategy (responding to the objectives above)
- Selected members operational manuals/plans and policies (as will be informed by the survey)

For more information about this assignment visit our website: <https://thrdc.or.tz/> or call +255 769642208

21538401



USAID | TANZANIA
FROM THE AMERICAN PEOPLE

The United States Agency for International Development (USAID)/Tanzania is seeking a partner to implement an activity to focus on improving the organizational capacity of USAID/Tanzania's local partners, i.e. Non-Governmental-Organizations (NGOs), Civil Society Organizations (CSOs) and Local Government Authorities (LGAs), across a range of USAID's programs in Tanzania. The primary aim of this activity is to help local partners attain the organizational competence and strength to be able to independently achieve the greatest possible program impact through the best organizational practices. The identified firm will provide training and technical assistance to include financial management, internal controls, procurement, human resources management, information and technology (IT) systems security management, strategic planning, and organizational monitoring and evaluation.

Scope of work

The scope of work will include:

- Assess the local partners' organizational capacity and internal controls' environment to establish areas that need improvement.
- Assess partners' compliance with the Government of Tanzania's laws and USAID regulations, policies and procedures.
- Provide technical and material support to the local partner organizations as appropriate.
- Mentor and monitor the improvement of the local partners to ensure they become strong organizations with the ability to manage business operations effectively and efficiently.

USAID/Tanzania is not seeking questions or proposals at this time, only capability statements. Interested parties must demonstrate their experience and ability to perform the scope of work described above.

The details of items required in the response are found in the link below:
<https://www.fbo.gov/spg/AID/OM/TAN/RFI-621-19-CM-00001/listing.html>

Email your feedback to usaidtzo@usaid.gov and cmambo@usaid.gov with the subject "Financial

Management Services - Sources Sought Notice"
not later than July 31, 2019.

PLAN INTERNATIONAL TANZANIA



Tender for Supply of Medical Equipment Tender number PIT/CO/03/FY20

RE-ADVERTISED

- Plan International Tanzania is an International humanitarian child-centered development organization without religious, political or government affiliation. Plan's mission is to achieve lasting improvements in the quality of life of deprived children in developing countries through a process that unites people across cultures and adds meaning to their lives. Plan international in Tanzania is operating in Dar es Salaam, Coast, Morogoro, Geita, Dodoma and Mwanza regions.
- Plan International Tanzania through Uzazi Salama Project funded by Global Affairs Canada has set aside funds to procure Medical Equipment
- Tendering will be conducted through the National Competitive Tendering procedures specified in the Plan International Global Procurement and Logistics guideline
- Interested eligible bidders must confirm their intention to bid indicating all relevant contact information including an email address to tenders@plan-international.org attn: Head of Procurement and Logistics. Bidding documents in the English language will be sent to interested bidders by email. Plan Tanzania will not be held responsible for any costs related to printing of the bid documents.
- Bidders must submit the proposals in a sealed envelope by hand or post to: **The Country Director, Plan International Tanzania, Plot no. 496 Mikocheni Light Industrial Area, P O Box 3517, Dar es Salaam before 11am 6th August 2019**, marked the above tender number. Not to be opened before **11am Tuesday 6th August 2019**
- Late tenders, portion of Tenders, Electronic Tenders, and Tenders not received, Tender not opened and readout in public at the tender open ceremony shall not be accepted for evaluation irrespective of circumstances.

Tender Panel
Plan International Tanzania
Central Technologies House
Plot No. 96 Mikocheni Light Industrial Area
New Bagamoyo Road - Next to TBC1&NECTA
P O Box 3517, Dar es Salaam
Tel: + (255) 22 2773264/ + (255) 22 2773272/ 0767 773264
Email: tenders@plan-international.org

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RELIEF

LGA leaders praise bank for enhanced revenue collection, financial inclusion

By Guardian Reporter, Mwanza.

LOCAL Government Authorities' leaders have hailed NMB Bank Plc for simplifying revenue collection while also extending services to rural populations which have been widely regarded as unbankable.

Speaking at the ongoing ALAT annual general meeting which started on Monday, District Executive Directors from Njombe, Ally Juma and his peer from Chato, Eliud Mwaiteleke said the bank has allowed district councils to exceed their revenue collection targets.

Juma said NMB's revenue collection systems is more beneficial to his district council because its efficiency has made them target 130 percent revenue collection this year compared to between 80 and 90 percent in the

past years.

"Because of the efficiency of this system, we also see other benefits such as recovery of staff loans and various district levies," Juma noted saying the technology has also allowed NMB to serve rural people hence advancing government's financial inclusion agenda.

On his part, Chato's Mwaiteleke said the impacts NMB innovation is delivering financial services in the economy are increasingly being noticed citing the bank's sustained corporate social investment when it recently donated 30m/- to back education and health sectors in his district.

The Chato DED also lauded the bank for enabling his district's over 115 villages get formal banking services through NMB Wakalas which has also helped stimulate economic



NMB Bank Plc's Chief of Retail Banking, Filbert Mponzi (C) briefs Prime Minister, Kassim Majaliwa when the premier visited the bank's booth at the ongoing ALAT annual general meeting in Mwanza. NMB is the main sponsor of the meeting. Photo courtesy of NMB

growth in the country.

Meanwhile, NMB has set aside over 500bn/- in support of different initiatives towards implementation of the government's industrialization agenda. The amount was set aside last year in support of the agriculture sector which in 2015, was also allocated a similar amount.

Besides supporting industrialization and agriculture, the bank has also expressed commitment to continue serving Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs) which are widely present in different LGAs across the country with more than 600bn/- of a revolving fund being utilized by the group currently.

Briefing Prime Minister, Kassim Majaliwa when he visited the bank's pavilion shortly before opening ALAT's 35th annual general meeting yesterday, NMB Chief of Retail Business, Filbert Mponzi said the bank targets to reach more SMEs with different products that will help them grow.

"The bank is keen to dish out more funding in almost all strategic economic areas apart from SMEs and industrialization with agricultural investments equally topping the list," Mponzi said.

So far, he said over 700bn/- has been invested in the sector with the bank dishing out 40bn/- every month to different groups countrywide teaming

up for small and medium scale agriculture productivity.

In response, the Premier applauded NMB bank for supporting government's efforts in boosting revenue collection which has started showing impressive results especially at local government level.

"This is our bank, and we have to do business with our own bank, so it is through ourselves, in agriculture, you are doing good from cotton, cloves, cashew nuts and other strategic crops," said Majaliwa said while promising full government backing of the country's largest commercial bank.

CONTRABAND

Singapore makes its biggest ever illegal ivory seizure

SINGAPORE

SINGAPORE has made its largest ever seizure of smuggled ivory, impounding a haul of nearly nine tonnes of contraband tusks from an estimated 300 elephants, authorities said Tuesday.

The illegal cargo, discovered

Monday in a container from the Democratic Republic of the Congo being shipped to Vietnam via Singapore, also included a huge stash of pangolin scales – the third such seizure in as many months.

Officials said both the ivory and pangolin scales were in a container declared to be loaded

with timber destined for Vietnam and passing through Singapore, a major transshipment hub for global trade.

On inspection, authorities found 8.8 tonnes of elephant ivory, the National Parks Board, Customs and Immigration and Checkpoints Authority said in a joint statement. The ivory

haul was valued at \$12.9 million and is "the largest seizure of elephant ivory in Singapore to date," it said, and was estimated to have come from 300 African elephants.

Also found in the container were 11.9 tonnes of pangolin scales and estimated to be worth about \$35.7 million. The

scales were estimated to have come from 2,000 of the mammals. It was the third interception by Singapore of smuggled pangolin scales since April and brought the total haul in just three months to 37.5 tonnes worth \$112.5 million. Singapore said the seized items would be destroyed.

Pangolins, also known as scaly anteaters, are critically endangered. They are the world's most trafficked mammals because of their meat, which is considered a delicacy, and their scales, which some believe to have medicinal qualities.

Elephant ivory is coveted because it can be fashioned into

items like combs, pendants and other exotic jewellery. The global trade in elephant ivory, with rare exceptions, has been outlawed since 1989 after the population of the African giants dropped from millions in the mid-20th century to around 600,000 by the end of the 1980s.

CRISIS

Kenya faced with maize imports hurdle as regional states halt sale

NAIROBI

KENYA'S bid to import maize from the region may be still-born given the shortage that has seen some of the countries such as Zambia and Malawi restrict white produce exports due to limited stocks.

Agriculture Secretary Mwangi Kiunjuri told Parliament last week that the government plans to bring in produce from Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (Comesa) after shelving plans of shipping the produce from Mexico.

However, Eastern Africa Grain Council executive director Gerald Masila says though there could be stocks in Tanzania and Uganda, there is still a need to import outside the region, especially given that this year's crop will not be good.

"It would be a good idea to allow a certain strategic quantity

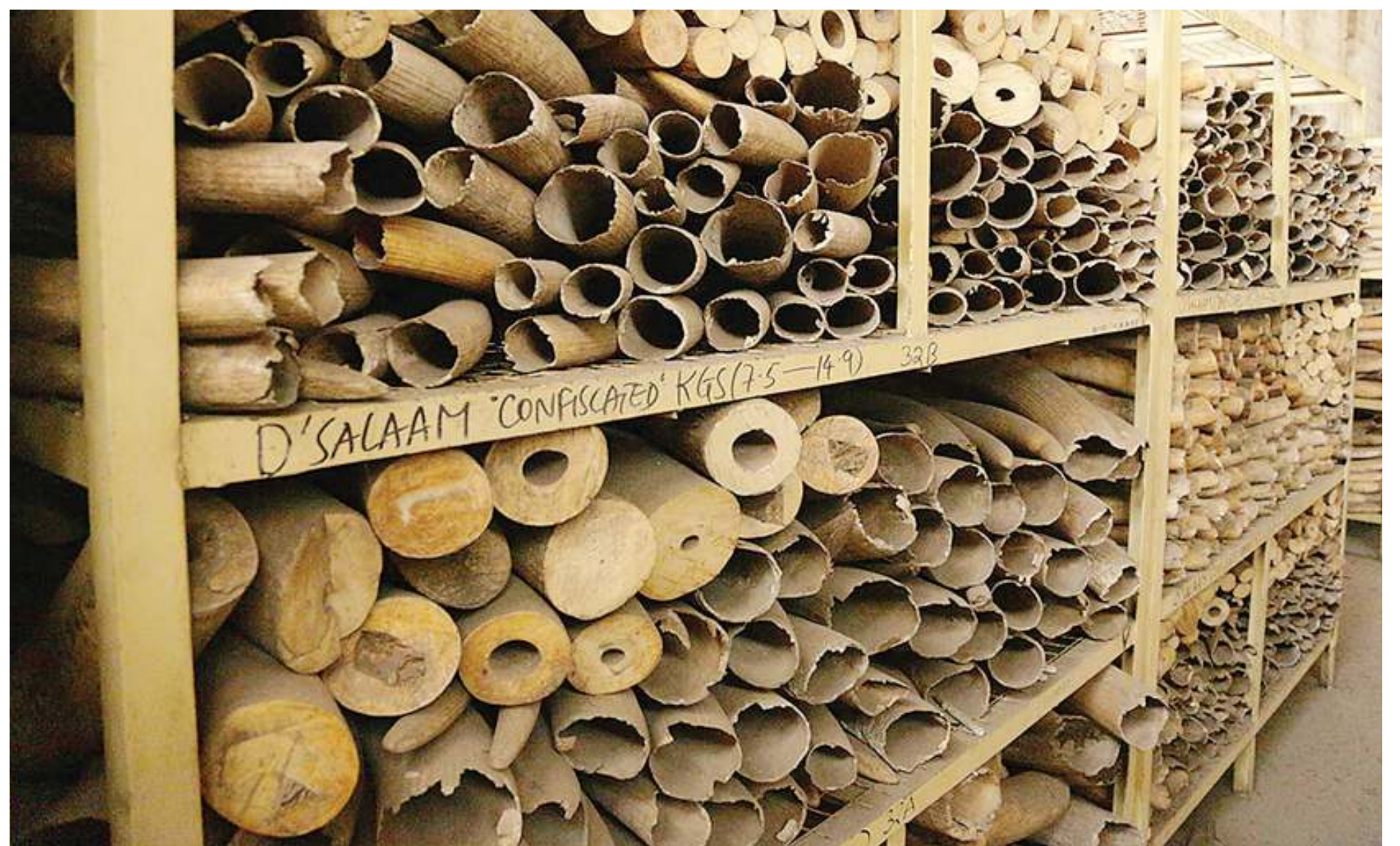
of imports outside the region for human use as well as some quantities for animal feeds," he said. Mr Masila said the quantities should be highly controlled to ensure maize more than required is not brought in the country.

Kenya normally imports non-GMO maize from Zambia and Malawi in times of severe scarcity. However, Zambia has closed its borders on exports saying the limited stocks are meant for own use while Malawi suffered a severe drought and is currently mulling over imports from Brazil.

Zambian President Edgar Lungu issued the directive to close the border in April. In 2010 and 2017, Zambia and Malawi played a key role in supplementing the local maize stocks following a severe shortage.

The Agriculture ministry last week said Tanzania and Uganda had offered to supply Kenya with 5.5 million and 2.2 million bags of maize respectively. The standoff between the ministry and the Strategic Food Reserve (SFR) seems to have delayed the entire import process as political interests weighs in.

Whereas the ministry insisted that the country needs to import 12.5 million bags of produce, the SFR board says there is only need to ship in two million bags. SFR chairman Noah Wekesa accused 'cartels' of only being interested in lining their pockets at the expense of the farmers, a statement that prompted an angry response from Mr Kiunjuri, who said he would have the last say on the matter.



Ivory room in Dar es Salaam. File photo



Kenya's Agriculture Cabinet Secretary Mwangi Kiunjuri

CHAMPIONSHIP

Woman who championed SA renewable energy ousted

JOHANNESBURG

KAREN Breytenbach, who oversaw the expansion of South Africa's privately owned renewable energy projects, said she was asked to vacate

her job about nine months before her contract expires.

The Department of Energy and the Development Bank of South Africa asked her to leave her post as head of South Africa's Independent Power Pro-

ducers office, she said. "There was no reason," she said in an interview. "They want to appoint someone else."

Breytenbach has won support from prominent figures in the energy industry for a

program that was seen as one of the world's best in attracting rapid investment in solar and wind power. "Since 2011 she has overseen R209 billion (\$15 billion) investment in 112 renewable energy pro-

jects," said Antony Eberhard, a member of President Cyril Ramaphosa's task team for the struggling national power utility Eskom, in a Twitter posting. "Zero corruption."

GENEROSITY

Safari Club in Arusha presents 15m/- roofing sheets to school

By Guardian Reporter

A NEW public secondary in Arusha City has received corrugated iron sheets worth 15m/- from Mount Kilimanjaro Safari Club.

Mrisho Gambo Secondary School which is named after Arusha Regional Commissioner is currently under construction at Olasiti ward and is due for completion in September this year while the first intake will start in January 2020.

"The board of directors of MKSC decided to offer the corrugated sheets donation to this new school as part of our corporate social responsibility to support communities where we operate," said George Ole Meing'eral, one of the company's directors.

Meing'eral said that his key partner, Dennis Lebouteux and the entire board of directors resolved to support education because they believe that it is an apt weapon of liberating society while also making it productive.

Speaking after receiving the sheets, Arusha Regional Commissioner, Mrisho Gambo paid glowing

tribute to the Mount Kilimanjaro Safari Club for its generosity to back government's efforts to improve quality of education in the country.

"This spirit is worth to be emulated by other tour companies. They should pay-back to the society where they operate," Gambo said as he pointed out that the new secondary school's idea was conceived last year after nearly 10,000 students delayed to join form one, thanks to lack of classrooms in the city.

Now four months down the lane since the construction of the school kicked off, a total of eight classrooms, three laboratories two for sciences and one for computer are nearly completed. According to Elerai Division Executive Officer, Titho Cholobi the project will be completed on schedule. "We expect that a 100 form one students will start learning here in January 2020," Cholobi stated.

The donor company, MKSC is the pioneer carbon-neutral tour company in East Africa after having rolled out the first 100 percent electric safari vehicle (e-car) in Serengeti National Park last year, as efforts to reduce pollution in the parks.



Arusha Regional Commissioner, Mrisho Gambo (C) receives corrugated iron sheets from the Mount Kilimanjaro Safari Club (MKSC)'s director, George Ole Meing'eral in Arusha yesterday. Photo: courtesy of MKSC.

ACQUISITION

One of the world's biggest firms wants to buy a local food giant

JOHANNESBURG

WHILE South Africa's politics may be in turmoil, the long-suffering economy caught a couple of breaks this week: A 25 basis-point interest rate cut - the first in more than a year while Ford announced that it would add 1,200 more jobs at its Silverton plant outside Pretoria.

And on Friday came the news that world's third biggest food and drink company is making one of its largest investments ever outside of the US in South Africa. PepsiCo wants to buy Pioneer Foods, which owns major brands like Sasko, Spekko, Liqui-Fruit, Ceres, and Bokomo. Apart from Pepsi, the US giant owns Mountain Dew, Lay's, Gatorade, Tropicana, 7 Up, Doritos, Quaker Foods and Fritos.

The deal is of much greater significance than the R24 billion PepsiCo will spend on buying Pioneer, says Schalk Louw, a portfolio manager at PSG Wealth. "It sends a message that one of the largest companies in the world has faith in South Af-

rican Incorporated," says Louw.

It is hugely promising that a massive American company would do one of its biggest deals outside of the US in South Africa - it must mean that it is taking a positive view on the long-term prospects of the country, says Henry Biddlecombe, an analyst with Anchor Capital.

Two years ago, there were rumours that an international company - very likely PepsiCo - was considering buying Pioneer. But it was apparently scared off by a succession of credit rating downgrades and the political turmoil of the Zuma era. Now it's back, and this time Pioneer is a much bigger bargain.

In 2017, Pioneer was a R45 billion company - it shrank to R15 billion this year amid a perfect storm that wreaked havoc on its profitability. Rocketing maize prices, tough competition in the bread market, and embattled consumers have hurt Pioneer.

Here's what the takeover could mean

The SA economy may be close

to a turning point. It's still very early days, but the PepsiCo deal does signal that the local market may be nearing the bottom of a very difficult period, says Damon Buss, equity analyst at Electus.

PepsiCo is paying a 56% premium to Pioneer's share price before the deal, so it is clear they see substantial value in what lies ahead, Buss added. He believes SA consumers will remain under pressure for the rest of this year, but 2020 should bring relief. More SA companies could become takeover targets. Some companies in South Africa are currently astonishingly cheap, Biddlecombe says.

Louw expects more South African companies to become takeover targets, particularly in the food sector, where companies are cheap after a nightmare period of drought, a rocketing rand, sky-high fuel prices, and depressed household spending.

Recently, the Israeli firm Central Bottling announced its plans for a takeover of local dairy giant Clover. (The deal has hit a stumbling block after protests from a pro-Palestine group, but



Tertius Carstens (left), CEO of Pioneer Foods, and Eugene Willemsen, CEO, PepsiCo Sub-Saharan Africa

could still go ahead.)

Tiger Brands - SA's biggest branded food company - could also be a target, given that its share price has halved over the past year, Louw said. The company was hit by the listeriosis crisis, which killed more than 180 people in South Africa.

Consumers could get more products, at lower prices

"PepsiCo is likely going to shake up the consumer market," predicts Buss. Under former CEO Phil Roux, Pioneer made some progress to move away from basic commodi-

ties (maize meal, bread) to higher-margin branded products. But when Roux left the company in 2017, the current management seemingly struggled to progress, says Buss.

Now PepsiCo will use its considerable global know-how to boost Pioneer Foods groceries brands to a new level, which will mean trouble for Tiger Brands, owner of competitor brands like Albany, Ace, and Tastic.

Add to that an increasingly aggressive Libstar, which owns Lancewood, Denny and produces food under the Woolworths and Pick n Pay labels, and competition in consumer products is expected to heat up. This

should mean lower prices and better products.

Also, PepsiCo will almost certainly use the Pioneer Foods distribution network to launch some of its products in South African supermarkets, says Louw. This means more products for consumers to choose from, and also more price competition. PepsiCo may use its massive balance sheet to spend money on promotions establish its new products locally, thinks Buss.

More manufacturing in South Africa

In its statement on the planned deal, PepsiCo says Pioneer offers it a solid beachhead for expansion into Sub-Saharan Africa by boosting its manufacturing capabilities. This implies that more of its products could be made locally.

"We think PepsiCo is seeing the transaction primarily as an opportunity to expand into Africa, using South Africa as a launch pad," says Buss. Will PepsiCo also ramp up exports of Pioneer's South African brands - including Liquifruit and Ceres - to overseas markets? Buss doesn't think so. "The global beverage market is notoriously competitive."

However, given that PepsiCo is shifting to healthier snacks, the global giant may be interested in Pioneer's dried-fruit brand Safari, and some of its Bokomo rusk and biscuit brands, for overseas expansion.

BLAME-GAME

Uchumi blames employees, fake suppliers for its collapse



Uchumi supermarket in Dar es Salaam before it closed shop in 2017. File photo

NAIROBI

FRAUDULENT suppliers colluded with Uchumi employees to fleece the retailer through fictitious claims that contributed to its collapse, the supermarket chain has told the High Court.

Court papers filed in Uchumi's fight with one of its suppliers have revealed how the fraud was propagated by the retailer's employees, suppliers and distributors. The Nairobi Securities Exchange listed Uchumi, in an ongoing case against one of its suppliers Smart Brands Ltd, says it unearthed the widespread fraud in an audit done by financial consulting firm KPMG.

"As a result of the audit, it was discovered that a large quantity of goods from various suppliers were neither ordered for and or delivered at our stores and thus became necessary to ascertain what goods were ordered and supplied by Smart Brands whilst simultaneously verifying the Local Purchase Orders," says Uchumi in court papers.

Book-cooking scheme

Uchumi, which is fighting a liquidation application by its creditors, has recanted an earlier admission of Sh16 million debt owed to Smart Brands Ltd, claiming there is a likelihood the supplier benefited from a book cooking scheme in which employees recorded supply of goods that did not reach its warehouses.

Smart Brands Ltd had sued Uchumi in 2016 for the debt, and the retailer had admitted to owing Sh16,598,891.61. In March 2017, however, the retailer made an about-turn in an application it filed seeking to be allowed to recant the admission of debt on the strength of the KPMG audit report.

Smart Brands wants the Chief Magistrate's Court to enter a judgment against the retailer, arguing that the debt has been pending as far back as 2011. But in a quick rejoinder, Uchumi stated that it had filed an application seeking to withdraw the statement of admission and file its defence, after conducting the audit by KPMG.

"The proposed defence raises triable issues worthy of consideration by the court and the application by Smart Brands should be stopped until our defence and

supporting documents are filed," Uchumi pleaded.

Real dispute

According to Uchumi, the defence it has filed will enable the court determine the real dispute between the parties and will not prejudice the fair trial of the matter before court. The retailer says that if the application by Smart Brands is heard first, it (Uchumi) will be condemned unheard.

The Chief Magistrate's Court was persuaded by the arguments advanced by Uchumi and on November 24, 2017 allowed Uchumi's request to have its defence argued first before the application by Smart Brands.

Smart Brands now wants the High Court to overturn the orders, saying the magistrate court allowed Uchumi to withdraw its statement of admission, when there is no provision in law that allows the withdrawal of admission, especially when it has been filed in court.

"To make matters worse, Uchumi made no application and or expressed prayer to withdraw their statement of defence," Smart Brands says in its appeal papers.

COMPETITIVENESS

How a growing Chinese community found a home away from home in the UAE

DUBAI

WHEN Fan Wenjun boarded an almost empty plane to Dubai on Valentine's Day in 2005, he did not take it as a good sign.

Dubai was still an unusual destination for Chinese tourists and entrepreneurs. Passengers on the Emirates flight from Shanghai were few and they stretched themselves out on the empty seats to sleep.

"It was a big plane and there were only maybe 100 passengers," said Mr Fan, who was then 23. "So I was thinking, what of this city? At that time I didn't have information about Dubai and it was expensive to go online and search. A lot of people told me the Middle East was unsafe."

Instead, he found a city not unlike his native Shanghai, met his wife and became an entrepreneur. Mr Fan is one of more than 200,000 Chinese residents who call the Emirates home. With increasing trade between China and the UAE, their numbers are set to grow.

This week, Sheikh Mohamed bin Zayed, Crown Prince of Abu Dhabi and Deputy Supreme Commander of the Armed Forces, arrived in Beijing for a three-day tour of China and talks with President Xi Jinping.

China is the UAE's second-largest trading partner. There are about 6,000 Chinese companies operating in the Emirates and entrepreneurs such as Mr Fan have helped forge closer relations.

His story is typical. After working for the Chinese government in Dubai, he started a textile-trading business in Deira. When trade restrictions between Dubai and Iran tightened and the economy slowed, he closed the Deira company and opened a grocery, Panda Panda Supermarket, in Dragon Mart on the outskirts of Dubai.

It was the world's largest Chinese trading hub outside mainland China and brought thousands of Chinese traders to Dubai when it opened in 2004. They formed a Chinese community at the nearby International City residential development, opening Chinese restaurants and groceries with Mandarin signboards.

After success in Dubai, many moved on to other Gulf states. Mr Fan awaits her return. If he had to do it all over, he would still choose Dubai. "I don't think I would have met my wife anywhere else. China is so big," Chen Xiaoyu came to Dubai about a decade after Mr Fan. She was 21, newly out of university, and expected luxury. By 2016, Dubai



Fan Wenjun left China for Dubai on Valentine's Day 2005 and has found love and prosperity in the Emirates.

was known as a city of wealth. "Before coming I didn't know too much what Dubai looked

like," said Ms Chen, who is now 24. "I just knew it's rich and famous." She arrived with friends

who had registered with a recruiter at their university in Changsha city.

"We all wanted a new chance to go to another country," she said. "At that time I had lived 21 years in one city. I was really bored in the same place for 21 years." Ms Chen landed work as a manager at a curtain company in Dragon Mart.

It had already transformed from a wholesale centre into a typical UAE shopping mall: alongside Chinese machinery were Syrian furniture shops, carts of Lebanese sweets and olive oil, racks of Palestinian thobes and abaya shops staffed by Bangladeshi and Filipino clerks. A cinema and Carrefour were added.

When Ms Chen's two-year visa expired, she renewed. Her best friend left within months. "She was working in Dragon Mart and it was boring," said Ms Chen. In her spare time, Ms Chen goes to the spa, shops, cooks with roommates,

or reads and paints at their villa in International City.

This was inconceivable for women 30 years ago, said Lulu Hong, a teacher who moved to the UAE in 1992. She came with her husband, a Chinese government employee. She estimates Chinese expatriates then numbered about 1,000 and it was particularly difficult for Chinese women under the age of 30 to secure a UAE visa.

Private sector work for any Chinese nationals could be hard to come by. "I wanted to work but no company would hire Chinese in either shops or offices," said Ms Hong, who is 51 and originally from Harbin.

"Now, everywhere you go, you can see Chinese staff in companies, in shopping malls, in every field." As the UAE courts Chinese filmmakers, railway builders, agricultural chemists and entrepreneurs, Chinese expatriates are set to leave their mark on the Emirates.

CONCERN

Littered cigarette butts are the most widespread man-made pollutant

PARIS

CIGARETTE butts left in grass and soil can harm nearby plant growth, according to a new study. The study led by Anglia Ruskin University in Cambridge, England found that a cigarette butt can cut down the germination, or development, of plants, adding to concerns about discarded cigarette remnants as an under-acknowledged, but widespread, pollutant.

Cigarette butts cut down the germination success of grass by 10% and clover by 27%, and the shoot length by 13% and 28%, respectively, according to the study, which was published in the journal *Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety*. Though plastic straws have dominated conversations for those looking to cut down on pollutants, cigarette butts are the most pervasive man-made contaminant.

The BBC reports that the study says an estimated 4.5 trillion butts are littered globally each year. Though it's difficult to determine the amount of discarded cigarettes, estimates come from the 5.6 trillion cigarettes that are manufactured worldwide each year, most of which are "dumped irresponsibly," according to NBC News.

The common ingredient in filters that spells danger for the environment comes in the form of cellulose acetate, a kind of plastic that takes at least a decade to decompose. Researchers reportedly took samples within the city of Cambridge, including some locations that had as many as 128 discarded cigarette butts per square meter. The study reportedly found no difference between harm caused by smoked cigarettes and unsmoked cigarettes.

Due to the cigarette's inherent harm to the environment that is in addition to any smoke it gives off, some environmental activists have pushed for cigarette filters to be banned all together. Since the filters on cigarettes don't provide any health benefit and act exclusively as a "marketing tool," they should be banned to cut down on harm to the environment, Thomas Novotny, a professor of public health at San Diego State University told NBC News in 2018 about the push.

However, a proposal for such a ban failed after being introduced by a California assemblyman and increasingly strict laws on cigarette littering have struggled to make a mark on pollution in recent years.



This photograph depicts countless cigarette butts in a public ash-tray. The photograph was taken in the city of Courbevoie, in the department of Hauts-de-Seine, France.

OPTIMISM

Microsoft to invest \$1bn in Elon Musk's OpenAI

NEW YORK

MICROSOFT agreed to invest \$1 billion in a partnership with research group OpenAI, gaining a prominent cloud-computing customer from the artificial intelligence field.

OpenAI, co-founded by Elon Musk and other wealthy Silicon Valley entrepreneurs, will use Microsoft's Azure cloud services to train and run the group's AI software. The two will also jointly develop super-computing technology, and Microsoft will be OpenAI's

preferred partner to commercialise its creations, the companies said in a statement on Monday.

OpenAI started in 2015 with much fanfare. Industry luminaries including Musk and Peter Thiel committed at least \$1 billion to the non-profit to build AI that could match or improve on the technology being developed by tech giants such as Google, Facebook and Microsoft. However, Musk said he left OpenAI's board last year over disagreements about some of the group's plans.



ISIDINGO MONDAY - FRIDAY STARTING 7:30 PM

I T V

Day	Time	Program
SATURDAY 20 July	5:30	Uwanja wa Mazoezi
	6:00	HABARI
	6:40	Kumekucha
	7:00	Habari
	8:00	Al Jazeera
	9:00	Watoto wetu
	10:00	Mashindano ya kimataifa ya karate- live
	17:00	Shamsham za Pwani
	18:00	Jiji Letu
	18:15	Mapishi
	18:30	Igizo: Ahadi
	19:00	Sanaa na wasanii
SUNDAY 21 July	5:30	Uwanja wa Mazoezi
	6:00	HABARI
	6:40	Kumekucha
	7:00	Habari
	8:00	Al Jazeera
	9:00	Watoto Wetu
	10:00	Mashindano ya kimataifa ya karate- live
	17:30	Kipindi cha kikristo
	18:00	Jiji Letu
	18:15	Mapishi
	18:30	Mizengwe rpt
	18:45	Matukio ya wiki
MONDAY 22 July	5:30	Uwanja wa Mazoezi
	6:00	Habari
	6:40	Kumekucha
	7:30	HABARI
	8:00	Kumekucha Michezo
	8:55	Habari za saa
	9:00	Kumekucha Kishindo
	9:30	Isidingo
	9:55	Habari za saa
	10:00	Watoto wetu
	10:30	Igizo: Ahadi
	10:55	Habari za saa
TUESDAY 23 July	5:30	Uwanja wa Mazoezi
	6:00	Habari
	6:40	Kumekucha
	7:30	HABARI
	8:00	Kumekucha Michezo
	8:55	Habari za saa
	9:00	Kumekucha Kishindo
	9:30	Isidingo
	9:55	Habari za saa
	10:00	Watoto wetu
	10:30	Shamsham za pwani
	WEDNESDAY 24 July	5:30
6:00		HABARI
6:40		Kumekucha
7:30		HABARI
8:00		Kumekucha Michezo
9:00		Kumekucha Kishindo
9:30		Isidingo
9:55		Habari za saa
10:00		Watoto wetu
10:30		Korean: The Great queen Seonduk
10:55		Habari za saa
THURSDAY 25 July		5:30
	6:00	HABARI
	6:40	Kumekucha
	7:30	HABARI
	8:00	Kumekucha Michezo
	8:55	Habari za saa
	9:00	Kumekucha Kishindo
	9:30	Isidingo
	9:55	Habari za saa
	10:00	Watoto wetu
	10:30	Igizo: Kivuko
	FRIDAY 26 July	5:30
6:00		HABARI
6:40		Kumekucha
7:30		HABARI
8:00		Kumekucha Michezo
8:55		Habari za saa
9:00		Kumekucha Kishindo
9:30		Isidingo
9:55		Habari za saa
10:00		Watoto wetu
10:30		Hawavumi lakini wamo
SATURDAY 27 July		5:30
	6:00	HABARI
	6:40	Kumekucha
	7:00	Habari
	8:00	Al Jazeera
	9:00	Watoto wetu
	9:30	Mizengwe rpt
	9:55	Matukio ya wiki
	10:00	Igizo: Mtego
	10:30	Habari
	10:55	Biko
	SUNDAY 28 July	5:30
6:00		HABARI
6:40		Kumekucha
7:00		Habari
8:00		Al Jazeera
9:00		Watoto Wetu
10:00		Isidingo
11:45		Aibu Yako
11:50		Hawavumi lakini wamo rpt
12:50		Bongo Movie rpt: Tanzania
14:00		Tamasha la Michezo
15:00		Mwangaza
16:00	Korean drama: The great queen Seonduk	
16:45	Igizo: Ahadi	
17:30	Kipindi cha kikristo	
18:00	Jiji Letu	
18:15	Mapishi	
18:30	Mizengwe rpt	
18:45	Matukio ya wiki	
19:30	Igizo: Mtego	
20:00	Habari	
21:05	Biko	
21:10	Mizengwe	
21:30	Mjue Zaidi	
22:15	Bongo Movie: What is it?	
00:30	Series rpt: Iris	

WORLD

Britain's new leader Johnson vows to get Brexit done

LONDON

BORIS Johnson, the Brexiteer who has promised to lead Britain out of the European Union with or without a deal by the end of October, will replace Theresa May as prime minister after winning the leadership of the Conservative Party yesterday.

His convincing victory catapults the United Kingdom towards a showdown with the EU and towards a constitutional crisis at home, as British lawmakers have vowed to bring down any government that tries to leave the bloc without a divorce deal.

Johnson, the face of the 2016 Brexit referendum, won the votes of 92,153 members of the Conservative party, almost twice the 46,656 won by his rival, Foreign Secretary Jeremy Hunt.

May will leave office today after going to Buckingham Palace to see Queen Elizabeth, who will formally appoint Johnson before he enters Downing

Street.

"We are going to get Brexit done on Oct. 31, and we are going to take advantage of all the opportunities it will bring in a new spirit of 'can do'," Johnson, 55, said after the result was announced.

"Like some slumbering giant, we are going to rise and ping off the guy-ropes of self-doubt and negativity."

Johnson said the mantra of his leadership campaign had been to "deliver Brexit, unite the country and defeat (opposition Labour leader) Jeremy Corbyn - and that is what we are going to do".

Within half an hour of his victory, U.S. President Donald Trump had tweeted his congratulations, adding: "He will be great".

The men have recently been complimentary about each other - yet Trump is one of the many world leaders, including Russian President Vladimir Putin and Turkish President Tayyip Erdogan, about whom Johnson has



Boris Johnson speaks after being announced as Britain's next Prime Minister at The Queen Elizabeth II centre in London, Britain yesterday. REUTERS

previously made derogatory remarks. In 2015, he accused Trump, then a candidate for office, of "stupefying ignorance" that made him unfit to be president.

The victory for one of Britain's most flamboyant politicians places an avowed Brexit supporter in charge of the government for the first time since the United Kingdom voted to leave the EU in the shock 2016 referendum.

But Johnson - known for his ambition, untidy blond hair, flowery oratory and cursory command of policy detail - takes office at one of the most tumultuous junctures in post-World War Two British history.

The pound has fallen sharply in recent weeks on fears of a no-deal Brexit, and stands near \$1.24 GBP=D3, around its lowest level for two years. With Johnson's win already priced in, it was little changed yesterday

DIVIDED KINGDOM

The 2016 Brexit referendum showed a United Kingdom divided about much more than the European Union, and has fuelled soul-searching about everything from regional secession and immigration to capitalism, the legacy of empire, and modern Britishness.

Brexit, which has already toppled two Conserv-

ative prime ministers, will dominate.

Johnson has pledged to negotiate a new Brexit divorce deal with the EU to secure a smooth transition out of the EU before Oct. 31. But if the bloc refuses, as it insists it will, he has promised to leave anyway - "do or die" - on the current agreed date of Oct. 31 - Halloween.

It is a step that many investors and economists say would send shock waves through world markets and tip the world's fifth largest economy into recession or even chaos.

The EU said a no-deal Brexit would be a tragedy for both parties but again said the withdrawal deal was not up for negotiation.

"We look forward to working constructively with PM Johnson when he takes office, to facilitate the ratification of the withdrawal agreement and achieve an orderly Brexit," tweeted the bloc's negotiator, Michel Barnier.

A Brexit without a divorce deal would also weaken London's position as the pre-eminent international financial centre while jolting the northern European economy.

Johnson's Conservatives have no majority in parliament and need the support of 10 lawmakers from Northern Ireland's Brexit-backing Democratic Unionist Party to govern.

Agencies

Kenya's finance minister pleads not guilty to corruption charges

NAIROBI

KENYA'S Finance Minister Henry Rotich pleaded not guilty yesterday to corruption charges over the award of two dam tenders, a day after his detention in an unprecedented move against a sitting minister in a country notorious for graft.

Rotich and other senior officials are accused of conspiring to

defraud the public, among other charges.

Dressed in a suit and tie and standing next to his number two at the ministry, Principal Secretary Kamau Thugge, Rotich denied the charges as they were read out to him by prosecutors before a packed anti-corruption court in Nairobi.

The charges against Rotich stem from a police investigation into the misuse of funds in two dam projects



planned for the west of the country, overseen by Italian construction company CMC Di Ravenna.

Kenya will also seek the extradition of Paolo Porcelli, the Italian director of CMC di Ravenna, to face charges, the director of public prosecutions told Reuters on Tuesday.

"We have the Italian individual, he has not managed to present himself so we will be seeking for his extradition to come and face the charges here in Kenya. We will also issue an international arrest warrant," Noordin Haji said.

CMC di Ravenna has denied any wrongdoing.

In a statement on Monday, the company said it had not been informed of "any official communica-

tion from the Kenyan authorities... CMC is certain of the correctness of the work of the company and its representatives, both in Italy and abroad". The two dams were budgeted to cost 46 billion shillings (US\$446 million) but the treasury borrowed 63 billion instead, Haji said on Monday, needlessly ratcheting up Kenya's ballooning public debt, which stands at around 55% of GDP.

Agencies

South Korea fired 360 warning shots toward Russian aircraft, says media

MOSCOW

SOUTH Korean fighter jets fired about 360 warning shots towards a Russian warplane that had allegedly entered the country's airspace, the Yonhap news agency reported yesterday, citing South Korea's Joint Chiefs of Staff.

According to the news agency, the South Korean Air Force fired a total of 20 flares and about 360 warning shots towards the Russian warplane from a distance of around one kilometer. The incident occurred over the Liancourt Rocks

located in the Sea of Japan.

The South Korean Joint Chiefs of Staff alleged earlier on Tuesday that three Russian and two Chinese warplanes had violated the country's air defense identification zone over the Liancourt Rocks, contested by Tokyo. In response, South Korea's F-15 fighters were scrambled and fired warning shots.

South Korea's air defense identification zone includes not only the country's airspace but also a segment of international airspace.

The South Korean military demands

that aircraft give early warnings about plans to enter the zone. If an aircraft fails to do so, warplanes are scrambled to intercept it even if the country's airspace is not violated.

The Russian Defense Ministry repeatedly points out that the Airspace Force conducts flights in accordance with international rules.

Yesterday, the ministry said that two Russian Tupolev Tu-95MS strategic bombers had not violated other countries' airspace during their scheduled flight above the neutral waters of the Sea of Japan.

Puerto Rico: Teargas fired at protesters seeking governor exit

SAN JUAN

Police in San Juan fired tear gas on Monday night to disperse thousands of protesters demanding Puerto Rico's governor resign over offensive chat messages, the latest scandal to hit a bankrupt island struggling to recover from 2017 hurricanes.

Police moved in at around 11 pm to break up protesters still on the streets of San Juan's old city following day-long demonstrations by hundreds of thousands of residents, according to tweets and videos from the scene.

Governor Ricardo Rosselló on Sunday said he would not seek re-election next year and would step down as head of the New Progressive Party but the concessions failed to appease demonstrators, who called for him to immediately surrender the governorship.

The island's largest newspaper called on the first-term governor to leave office and reported over 500,000 protesters took to the streets of San Juan.

US President Donald Trump also blasted the 40-year-old governor, who is affiliated with the US Democratic Party.

"He's a terrible governor," Trump said at the White House on Monday, after feuding with Rosselló in 2017 over the speed and scale of the federal response to Hurricane Maria.



"You have totally grossly incompetent leadership at the top of Puerto Rico," he said.

In San Juan, demonstrators dressed in black T-shirts filled the city's largest highway and marched in the pouring rain with celebrities like Ricky Martin and Reggaeton star Daddy Yankee in the 10th day of sometimes violent protests.

"In Puerto Rico we don't follow dictators. It's time for you to go," a drenched Martin, 47, the target of homophobic messages in Rosselló's chats, told cheering crowds.

Despacito singer Daddy Yankee was among protesters who headed to San Juan's old city where they demonstrated in front of police and orange plastic barriers near the governor's official residence, a mansion known as "The Fortress."

Agencies

Uganda urges local companies to prepare for oil, gas projects

KAMPALA

UGANDA has urged local construction companies to build capacity in a bid to reap from the 15-20 billion U.S. dollars investment that will be generated by the development of the oil and gas sector over the next three years.

Monica Azuba Ntege, minister of works and transport, in a statement issued here on Monday by the Petroleum Authority of Uganda (PAU), said engineers should be prepared to tap into the upcoming construction phase by international oil companies.

The minister said civil works and

provision of available construction materials are ring-fenced for Ugandans. She was speaking at a meeting called to sensitize engineers and building contractors about the opportunities in the oil and gas sector.

The meeting organized by PAU in partnership with other government agencies, was part of efforts to prepare local firms for the development phase of the oil and gas sector with planned construction of the East African Crude Oil Pipeline (EACOP), oil refinery, among others. EACOP will run from the oil fields in western Uganda to the Tanzanian seaport of Tanga.

Ntege urged professionals, contractors, manufacturers and suppliers with the necessary competencies and capacity to extend their sphere of influence and explore the opportunities.

Ernest Rubondo, Executive Director of PAU, said experience from oil producing countries across the world shows that for the oil and gas sector to spur inclusive growth, deliberate efforts have to be made to enable the benefits from the sector reach the wider population.

Rubondo said this can only be achieved through growing the participation of Ugandans and Ugandan enti-

ties in the provision of goods and services to the sector.

"The construction and engineering subsector of the economy is one of the areas which has a very significant potential to benefit from the development of the country's oil and gas sector. This is especially so because the construction and engineering subsector provides opportunities for high value participation of Uganda entities," he said.

He said potential local suppliers will be empowered with knowledge on the construction and engineering requirements for the oil and gas sector

in terms of quantities, scope, timelines and standards.

Robert Kasande, permanent secretary ministry of energy and mineral development, said local companies need to comply with the required standards or risk missing out on the opportunities once the Final Investment Decision (FID) is taken.

FID is the detailed plan which an oil company will follow to develop an oil field. "FID will surely be taken. It may be tomorrow or the other day but whatever time it comes, we should prepare and ensure that whatever you take from here, you put into practice.

That way, when time for bidding comes, you are ready to participate," Kasande said. Andrew Kasekende, a Director at ICS Engineering and Environment Limited, which is working with United Kingdom-based Worley on the Resettlement Action Plan for the EACOP, said there are several challenges that hinder local companies from getting contracts.

"From experience, the major challenges faced by local companies are lack of awareness of oil and gas standards, high cost of capital, and business uncertainty after investment," he said.

Xinhua

China's goods trade with B&R countries surpasses \$6 trln

THE volume of goods trade between China and countries and regions along the Belt and Road (B&R) surpassed over \$6 trillion from 2013 to 2018, the National Development and Reform Commission (NDRC) of China announced on April 18.

Upholding the principle of extensive consultation, joint contribution and shared benefits, China has achieved remarkable progress in promoting the B&R construction over the past six years.

To date, China has signed over 170 cooperative documents with more than 150 international organizations and countries, including developed and developing countries.

Many firms and financial institutions from developed countries also partnered with China to explore the third-party markets.

Infrastructure connectivity was a highlight of the B&R construction. Projects including the China-Laos Railway, China-Thailand Railway, Jakarta-Bandung High-speed Railway, Hungary-Serbia Railway, Gwadar Port, Hambantota Port, and Khalifa Port are smoothly progressing.

As of the end of this March, China-Europe freight trains, connecting China with 50 cities in 15 foreign countries, have made more than 14,000 trips.

A series of trade connectivity projects, including the China-Belarus Industrial Park and the China-Egypt Suez Economic and Trade Cooperation Zone, are seeing steady progress.

In terms of financial connectivity, China has signed currency swap agreements with over 20 countries along the B&R, formed RMB clearing arrangements with 7 countries, and established a capacity development center with the International Monetary Fund.

In addition, a series of achievements were made in scientific and technological exchanges, educational cooperation, cultural tourism, green development, and foreign aid, largely enhancing people-to-people bond.

The NDRC introduced that China will give play to the role of enterprises as major market entities and the guiding role of the government based on market rules and international norms, and implement the outcomes to be achieved by the upcoming second Belt and Road Forum for International Cooperation (BRF).

The forum will further build consensus, promote connectivity construction, enhance international capacity cooperation and expand third-market cooperation, aiming to bring about a high quality Belt and Road cooperation.

People's Daily

EAC urges steps to keep out Ebola

ARUSHA

THE East African Community (EAC) has urged partner states to increase risk and crisis communication measures to keep out Ebola fever.

Michael Katende, the acting Head of Health at the EAC Secretariat, on Monday called on partner states to strongly engage the communities in the border regions and traders and trade associations in risk and crisis communication measures. "This is particularly important, as most of the border line is porous and difficult to control," Katende said. "Informal and formal traders need to know the risk and be able to take informed decisions to minimize it and to actively take precautions," he said.

EAC partner states have put in place precautionary measures to stop the spread of Ebola virus disease (EVD), into the EAC region, he said.

"This includes vaccinating frontline health workers, screening all travellers at points of entry including airports and training the first responders in case of an outbreak. However, these measures might not be sufficient," he said.

The official expressed concern about EVD spreading into South Sudan with its still rather weak health system, calling upon the partner states to increase risk and crisis communication by involving community, religious and other leaders and the media in public awareness rising.

At the same time, the EAC Secretariat calls upon traders and trade associations and those travelling across the border with DRC to take extra precaution, as the EVD threat is real.

"All people crossing the border should cooperate with immigration, health and security officials who are conducting screening at the points of entry and should strictly follow their advice.

Frontline health workers and members of the affected communities should accept to be vaccinated against EVD for their own protection and to help prevent the further spread of EVD," he said.

The EAC secretariat official also urged people in the affected regions to avoid unnecessary body to body contact as this is the main way of disease transmission.

"The public should be vigilant and immediately inform the nearest health workers when spot a person with signs of EVD which are: fever, severe headache, body weakness, fatigue, diarrhea, vomiting, and unexplained hemorrhage (bleeding or bruising) from various body outlets like the nose, ears and mouth," he said.

Xinhua



Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (HKSAR) Chief Executive Carrie Lam strongly condemned the violent acts of storming the Liaison Office of the Central People's Government in the HKSAR at a press meeting in Hong Kong, south China, on Monday. (Xinhua)

HKSAR chief executive condemns violent acts, calls for upholding rule of law

HONG KONG
HONG KONG Special Administrative Region (HKSAR) Chief Executive Carrie Lam strongly condemned the violent acts of storming the Liaison Office of the Central People's Government in the HKSAR at a press meeting on Monday.
The HKSAR government will seriously follow up on and deal with the violent acts in accordance with the law, Lam said, adding that the HKSAR government must strongly condemn the series of violent acts that broke out after a parade ended on Sunday.
Noting that some radical demonstrators besieged and stormed the liaison office building, and defaced the national emblem, Lam said such acts blatantly challenged national sovereignty and touched the bottom line of the principle of "one country, two systems."

And they hurt the national sentiment and aroused indignation of people in the HKSAR, she added.
Lam also strongly condemned the violent acts which occurred in Yuen Long of Hong Kong's New Territories, saying that the HKSAR government will also spare no effort to investigate, follow up on and deal with them in accordance with the law.
Hong Kong is a society with rule of law and will not tolerate any violent acts, she noted, saying violence is not a solution to any problem; violence will only breed more violence, and at the end of the day, the whole of Hong Kong and the people will suffer.
The chief executive called on people from all walks of life to uphold the rule of law and say no to violence.

Xinhua

Chinese grassroots rise to stardom thanks to video-sharing platforms

FALSE eyelashes, airbrushed fashion feeds, or glittering skylines of metropolises can be what you may frequently see in the pop-up tweets on live-streaming or short video sharing platforms.
However, they do not have any merits for a swarthy-cheeked truck driver who has to frequently bear 3-day starvation while driving long distance in mountainous regions of China.
Brother Bao is one of those truck drivers and the tanned-skin man has garnered over 2.48 million followers in less than 2 years on one of the most widely-used Chinese video-sharing apps Kuaishou (TikTok).
Brother Bao's rise is never legendary on his own. Away from China's cosmopolitan centers, a group of marginalized broadcast jockeys coming from China's most underprivileged regions have been celebrating an ongoing live-streaming craze in China.
"The wide deployment of technology infrastructure in China has lowered the cost in information dissemination particularly for those who live in impoverished areas in China, giving impetus for bringing vitality for live-streaming culture," said Professor Liu Shouying from School of Economics at Renmin University of China, at a seminar on April 16 in Beijing.
From a 23-year-old pineapple grower who showcases his daily harvest, to a pig breeder who live-streams pig-breeding tutorial, Chinese short video sharing platforms are also recording the lives of

a substantial number of nobodies.
In order to make more people shine, some platforms, including Kuaishou, are also deploying different algorithms. "There is no celebrity promotions or sponsorship channels that seizes the online traffic of the ordinary live-streamers (on Kuaishou)," said Ma Hongbin, senior vice president of Kuaishou.
"The algorithms are seldom catered to the trending topics or KOLs. Such ecology empowers the user like Brother Bao to stress his own words and reign over their own rules."
Meanwhile, it's never a mere eyeball business. This can be a down-to-earth economy when many undereducated and poor people from backlands of China try to brush some of the clear-cut edges of the unattainable tastes of most dazzling social media posts.
It's also like a virtual gold rush in contemporary China, as many of them have made a nice shot for fortune as well out of the stardom.
Data revealed at the press conference showed that Kuaishou, for example, has assisted users from impoverished rural backgrounds in China generate \$2.8 billion in revenue in 2018.
Alang, as a young rural-based fruit grower in countryside of Xishuangbanna in Southwest China's Yunnan, gained a boom of 300-million-yuan sales revenue by selling 50 million kilograms apples as of 2018 thanks to his livestreaming of fruit planting.

People's Daily



There is no celebrity promotions or sponsorship channels that seizes the online traffic of the ordinary live-streamers (on Kuaishou),

Rwanda introduces policy to protect children from risks online amid fast ICT development

KIGALI
RWANDA has rolled out a policy designed to protect children from online risks and harms as ICT development bring children both benefits and potential risks.
Having come into force in July 2019, the Rwanda Child Online Protection Policy is in response to risks of minors being exposed to unsuitable content on the internet such as indecent images, adult pornography, violence, risks of human trafficking and unwanted sexual advances, according to

Ministry of ICT and Innovation of Rwanda.
Rwanda is among the countries with fast-growing ICT development on the continent and the central African country has embraced ICT development across all sectors, Rwandan ICT minister Paula Ingabire told Xinhua recently in a written interview after the policy came into effect.
Internet penetration in Rwanda currently stands at over 52.1 percent from 7 percent in 2011, and phone penetration has grown to over 80.6 percent currently from

33 percent in 2010, according to the ministry of ICT.
The rapid growth of internet and phone penetration inevitably comes with general risks to children related to cyber bullying, online sexual exploitation, child trafficking, radicalization, blackmail and sexting, said Ingabire, adding that there are moderate cases related to online risks to children that had been registered and investigated before.
According to the policy brief, businesses are required to show procedures and special considerations undertaken to ensure child safety

and respect for children's rights as they extend their online services into Rwanda.
It also requires service providers to put in place mechanisms to identify and report upsetting or unsuitable content by having transparent and robust monitoring systems for all online services.
Under the policy, government would establish high level data protection, having specific provisions for children with world-class reporting and takedown mechanisms.
The takedown procedures shall apply to Internet service providers,

communication service providers, entertainment and media industry, and deliberate effort shall be made to conduct surveillance of internet to detect content that is harmful to children.
Access to host websites that fail to take down notified harmful or risk content would be legally blocked. The online policy to protect children is "timely," said Rajat Madhok, chief of Communication, Advocacy and Partnerships at the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) Rwanda.
The protection policy provides

guidance on evidence generation as well as preventive and response mechanisms, he told Xinhua, saying the threat of children being exposed to unsuitable content online is real in Rwanda.
Over 45 percent of Rwanda's population is under 18, according to UNICEF. Such a policy designed to protect them online is a welcome gesture as technology has become a powerful tool in shaping the behavior of children, said Jeannette Ishimwe, a parent of a primary six pupil.
The changing nature of the digital environment requires specific action to protect children, an industry expert of a Rwandan Internet provider spoke on condition of anonymity.
The policy brief estimated it would cost over 1.5 billion Rwandan francs (about 1.7 million U.S. dollars) on the enforcement of the policy over a period of 5 years. The government would build capacity of law enforcement agencies in issues related to online children protection such as understanding offending behaviors, according to the minister.

Xinhua

Belt and Road Initiative remarkable - Pakistani President

THE most remarkable aspect of China's opening up is the Belt and Road Initiative, as well as the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC), Pakistani President Arif Alvi told a group of Chinese reporters in Islamabad recently.
CPEC is a major communication thoroughway which will bring economic prosperity to Pakistan, according to the president. "Gwadar port is being developed and the economy of Pakistan will also improve," Alvi said.
The president extended his new year greetings to the Chinese people



ahead of the Chinese Spring Festival. "On behalf of the people and the government of Pakistan, I must extend my heartfelt felicitation to the gov-

ernment of China and the people of China," Alvi said, underlining that the Pakistan-China friendship is important and valuable.
He said cooperation between Pakistan and China would not only bring peace and stability to the region but also the world.
Alvi also noted that Pakistan could learn from China's experience on poverty alleviation in order to improve people's livelihood, adding that China has made tremendous progress and contributed greatly to poverty alleviation since its reform and opening up in 1978.

People's Daily

What can Mueller tell US lawmakers that we do not already know?

WASHINGTON

WHEN Robert Mueller testifies to the U.S. Congress today, Democratic lawmakers are expected to try to pin down the former special counsel on a crucial question: did he intend for them to carry on where he left off in his investigation of President Donald Trump and the Russians?
As Democrats craft their agenda heading into the 2020 elections in which the Republican president is seeking a second four-year term, they will be eager to hear from Mueller about the findings of his 22-month inquiry before deciding how they should tackle its unanswered questions.
It is unclear how cooperative Mueller, a 74-year-old former FBI director and federal prosecutor, will be and whether he will stray far from the text of his 448-page report on the investigation, which Trump's Justice Department released only in redacted form in April.
The report found that Russia interfered with a campaign of hacking and propaganda in the 2016 presidential election to boost Trump's candidacy. It found that people in Trump's election campaign had numerous contacts with Russians. But it concluded there was insufficient evidence to establish a criminal conspiracy between Trump's team and Moscow.
The report also described numerous instances in which Trump tried to impede Mueller's inquiry, but made no judgment on whether that amounted to criminal obstruction of justice by the president.



Robert Mueller

Mueller is due to testify before two Democratic-controlled House of Representatives committees.
Here are some of the lines of questioning that lawmakers may pursue with Mueller, according to congressional aides and committee members.
MUELLER AND BARR
Democrats are expected to ask whether Mueller was told to end his investigation by Attorney General William Barr, a Trump appointee who they have accused of acting to protect the president.
They will want to hear Mueller's views on how Barr presented the report as an exoneration of Trump and Barr's conclusion after receiving the report that the president did not commit obstruction of justice. Democrats have accused Barr of deceptively spinning the report's findings to protect his boss.
Mueller himself has criticized Barr's initial public account of the report's conclusions, saying in a letter that the attorney general did not fully capture the context, nature and substance of the investigation. Barr's initial description of the conclusions was contained in a March 24 letter to Congress that prompted Trump to claim "complete and total exoneration." The report was not released until April 18.
Republicans, in the minority in both committees that will hear from Mueller, may look to underscore Barr's ob-

struction determination to emphasize their view that the matter should be dropped.
House Democrats are deeply divided over whether to launch the impeachment process set out in the U.S. Constitution for Congress to remove a president from office for "high crimes and misdemeanors." Longstanding U.S. Justice Department policy bars criminal charges against a sitting president.

OBSTRUCTION AND CONGRESS

Democrats will be keen to pry out of Mueller any indication of whether his work on the obstruction issue was meant to furnish Congress with evidence for subsequent investigations.
They are also expected to ask Mueller about passages in the report that stress the authority of Congress to protect the U.S. judicial system against corrupt acts by a president.

Trump has claimed that Mueller found "no collusion" with Russia. Republicans have asserted that Mueller meant only for Congress to consider reforming laws concerning obstruction of justice.

The report describes a series of episodes relating to potential obstruction of justice by Trump, especially his efforts to oust Mueller. The report said the special counsel sought to "preserve the evidence" in case of future investigations.

The report stated that "if we had confidence after a thorough investigation of the facts that the President clearly did not commit obstruction of justice, we would so state. ... Accordingly, while this report does not conclude that the President committed a crime, it also does not exonerate him."

The two-part report's section on obstruction refers to the corrupt exercise of presidential powers and the authority of Congress to protect against obstructive acts.
One reference contains the Mueller

team's conclusion that Congress has the authority to impose obstruction-of-justice statutes "on the president's official conduct." The report also concludes with a curious reference to U.S. case law: "the protection of the criminal justice system from corrupt acts by any person - including the president - accords with the fundamental principle of our government that 'no person in this country is so high that he is above the law.'"

NO CONSPIRACY?

Along with the claim of "no collusion," Trump and his Republican allies have said Mueller concluded there was "no conspiracy" between the president's campaign and Russia. That is not exactly what Mueller found. His report concluded that the investigation "did not establish" that the campaign engaged in a criminal conspiracy with Russia but that this "does not mean there was no evidence of those facts."

The Mueller team said the inquiry did not assemble "a complete picture" of what occurred because of difficulties in obtaining admissible evidence and testimony. Trump himself refused to submit to a sit-down interview with the special counsel.

Several people affiliated with the Trump campaign lied to investigators or gave incomplete evidence. Others invoked their right against self-incrimination under the U.S. Constitution's Fifth Amendment. Some information was subject to legal privilege and "screened" from investigators. Campaign affiliates deleted communications or used encrypted phone apps that prevented long-term data retention.

As the Mueller report concluded: "given these identified gaps, the Office cannot rule out the possibility that the unavailable information would shed additional light on (or cast in a new light) the events described." Agencies



AU calls on African countries to establish climate change early warning systems

LUSAKA

THE African Union (AU) yesterday called on African countries to quickly put in place early warning systems to respond swiftly to effects of climate change.

Harsen Nyambe (pictured), AU Head of Environment, Climate Change, Water and Land Management Commission said the continent has been reactive to effects of disasters for a long time hence the need for systems to detect disasters early.

Speaking when he addressed a meeting of experts from the Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA) meeting to find solutions to the problem of climate change, the AU official said time has come for the region to put in place measures that will help in tackling emergency of disasters, according to state-run news agency, the Zambia News and Information Service.

According to him, early warning systems will help countries to plan properly on how to deal with disasters.

"The AU is coming up with the continental framework that links up with the global initiatives that will surely avert the effects of climate change as highlighted in the Agenda 2063," he said.

He further said the AU was working with regional economic communities such as COMESA to enhance the tree planting and conservation exercises which were key ingredients towards ending climate resilience.

Melay Kanyangarara, COMESA Climate Change Coordinator, said the adverse effect of climate change has resulted in insufficient power generation at some power plants in the region, resulting in power cuts.

He said countries needed to come up with resilient mechanisms because the effects of climate change were real.

"We have been hit hard by the effects of climate change so we all need to continue coming up with resilient mechanisms because we predict that the situation will be worse in the near future," he said.

Xinhua



Athletes participate in a past race in Arusha.

Ideas on how to take domestic sports forward

By Correspondent Lloyd Elipokea

It may have been easy and naturally understandable for many sports fans to have completely forgotten about the country's level of readiness for the Tokyo Olympic Games next year.

After all, a case could be convincingly made that it has been immeasurably difficult for many Tanzanians to focus their attention on any other sport but football during the last few months.

As alluded to earlier, one need not crane one's neck in order to reliably discover a few of the primary reasons why we as Tanzanians have done nothing but eat, drink and sleep football lately.

Obviously, the heartening fact that the Taifa Stars took part in this year's AFCON Finals in the Famous Land of the Pharaohs for the first time since 1980 was a monumental football achievement, which was widely hailed as such by the supporters, media, and the football governing body, TFF, among other concerned quarters.

Another weighty reason for our single-minded focus on football lately was undoubtedly the highly dramatic manner in which our domestic Premier League climaxed.

Indeed, for an immense chunk of the title race, the pacesetters in the league had been Yanga SC or the Jangwani Street side as they are affectionately nicknamed.

However, as the season eased into the latter stages, Simba SC were astonishingly able to breathe new life into their title campaign and the Msimbazi Street side hardly put a foot wrong en route to triumphantly winning the Mainland Premier League for the second straight time.

As that old and commonly used saying goes: 'It is never over until the Fat Lady sings.' Having said all of this, though, it is perhaps time to cast our eyes beyond domestic football and train our gaze on the fortunes of other sports on the local landscape.

Interestingly, a lot of these other non-football sports like field hockey, basketball and tennis among others are mostly Olympic sports as well.

Nevertheless, in the interest of full disclosure, I have to admit that the main thrust of this commentary was not to point an accusatory finger at certain figures or sports associations who have been dawdling where their preparations for the Tokyo Games are concerned.

Instead, today's dose of our regular Sunday musings on matters sports is merely a humble

attempt to hopefully kick-start a wider and bigger debate on the ideas which are required to ensure that the domestic sports patch as a whole achieves an admirable lift-off.

To set the ball rolling, then, this writer is of the opinion that for our lofty aims in netball, handball and judo among others to be realized, the perennial challenge of a lack of funds will simply have to be resolved once and for all.

For instance, the Netball Association of Tanzania, CHANETA and the Tanzania Ladies' Golf Union, TLGU, are just two of the sports bodies on the domestic scene which lament frequently about their lack of funds.

In light of this long-running problem, though, the million dollar question is: what on earth can we do about it?

Well, this writer proposes that our sports administrators should endeavor to learn from the examples of other countries in Africa and around the globe, which have successfully wrestled with this particular challenge.

For example, in England, all sports, especially the Olympic ones, are funded by a sports body, UK Sport.

We may have to go and find out the legal underpinnings of UK Sport, and also investigate to unearth exactly what were the building blocks that helped to form this English sports body.

It is a given, of course, that once we have found out the afore-said details, we will then have to assess whether they can be applied to our sports environment in the country or not.

Moving on, another worrying aspect of domestic sports in Tanzania which must be addressed going forward is the issue of a lack of facilities and quality facilities at that.

Indeed, initially, this deficiency was reserved only to golf. And then, over the years, the disturbing problem of a lack of adequate basketball courts around the country has come to light.

Even in the Mainland Premier League, there are louder and louder complaints these days of some top flight outfits having home grounds which are not fully up to scratch.

Thus, it would appear that if we were to seriously address our shortage of facilities in various sports, our fortunes might begin to improve sooner rather than later.

I would hasten to add that the ideas expressed in this piece are not designed to be an end in themselves.

On the contrary, it is the fervent hope of this writer that they will instead act as a launch-pad for better ideas to be yielded up.

How Yanga could line up for the 2019/20 season



Yanga

By Correspondent Michael Mwebe

It has been two years since Young Africans, alias Yanga, last clinched silverware but that could be about to change with the phenomenal shake-up the club has undergone.

With a new administration, Mwinyi Zahera has seen his squad being boosted and is now almost ready to go again and challenge Simba.

He has lost Gadiel Michael and Ibrahim Ajib who have joined their arch rivals, Simba, on free transfers. Veterans Amissi Tambwe and Thaban Kamusoko's contracts were not renewed. At least nine new signings have been made so far.

The question is: how would an ideal Young Africans squad look next season?

Goalkeepers

Yanga find themselves in a healthy position in goal, due mainly to the acquisition of two more goalkeepers, Faroukh Shikhalo and Metacha Mnata, who will now compete with Klaus Kindoki.

Shikhalo, who was among the best goalkeepers in the Kenyan Premier League while playing for Bandari, is favourite to take the number one spot.

There are questions marks surrounding who Shikhalo's deputy will be in 2019/20, but the decision looks likely to rest with Kindoki who was signed by Zahera.

Ideal scenario: Shikhalo, Kindoki, Metacha

Defenders

At the back, Yanga said goodbye to Gadiel, Mwinyi Haji and Abdallah Shaibu. Lamine Moro, Ally Khamis, Ally Mtoni, Mustapha Selemani and Muharami Salumissa 'Marcelo' have been added.

Paul Godfrey 'Boxer' is expected to keep his number at the right-back position, while Marcelo will battle it out with the versatile Mtoni for the left full-back role.

Moro, Ally Khamis and Selemani joins Kelvin Yondani and Andrew Vincent as a centre-back options.

Ideal scenario: Marcelo, Yondani, Godfrey, Moro, Selemani, Ally Ally

Midfielders

The central midfield duo will consist of Papy Tshishimbi, Feisal Salum and Abdulaziz Makame with the last two tasked, more predominantly, with breaking up play, while the latter will be given license to create further up the pitch.

The workaholic Deus Kaseke has been retained, Mohamed Banka is also expected to have a good season having missed the better part of last season due to a drug ban.

There is the case of a rejuvenated Mrisho Ngassa who seems to have a good pre-season.

He is unlikely to ever become a key starter from this point on, but he has the experience and pedigree to fill in and aid rotation and freshness.

Raphael Daudhas almost become a forgotten man, having

lost his place as last season progressed, but it would be a shock if the former Mbeya City midfielder was moved on with only a few days before the transfer window closes.

Rwandan Patrick Sibomana is capable of thriving on either flank, and possibly centrally, he is exactly what Yanga need - whether or not it will happen is up for debate.

Ideal scenario: Feisal, Tshishimbi, Abdulaziz Makame, Ngassa, Sibomana

Forwards

Finally, the attack. Last season club top scorer, Heritier Makambo, is gone. The money obtained from his sale to Guinea's side Horoya has been invested in the squad.

Uganda Premier League top scorer, JumaBalinya, has been brought with high expectations that he would hit the ground running like Makambo did in his debut season.

To be on the safe side, Sadney Urikhob, a well-travelled Namibian international, has been added.

Yanga have given him Amissi Tambwe's shirt number and he will take up the Burundian's position, but it would be a surprise if he played the same role.

Issa Bigirimana from Rwanda is another reinforcement in the attacking department. He has the fearlessness of youth and the quality to be an effective addition.

Ideal scenario: Bigirimana, Balinya, Urikhob

After two troublesome seasons filled with doubts as important players departed, the new administrations has acted fast - and seemingly well - to bring in reinforcements ahead of 2019/20.

There is hope in Jangwani as much as these are just projections based on recruitments done.

Tanzania's junior outfits excel in Sweden soccer tournament



Magnet soccer teams' players arrive at Julius Nyerere International Airport in Dar es Salaam on Monday from Sweden where they performed well in the Gothia Cup, an annual soccer tournament also known as The World Youth Cup. PHOTO: GUARDIAN CORRESPONDENT

By Guardian Reporter

TANZANIA'S Magnet soccer teams have returned from Sweden after performing well in the Gothia Cup, an annual soccer tournament also known as The World Youth Cup.

The tournament involved teams from three categories of youths aged 11, 12 and 15.

The 11-year olds had a stunning performance, having finished third in their category out of over 100 teams that participated in this year's tournament

which ended recently.

Another good performance was showcased by the team made up of 15-year old players, which made it to the round of 16 stage.

The side fell an inch short of booking a place in the quarterfinals after losing the round of 16's match during the added on time.

The outfit consisting of youngsters aged 12 progressed to the round 32, posting several wins which steered the squad to the stage.

The good performance displayed by

Magnet teams in the Gothia Cup 2019 impressed a lot of people, including Tanzanians living in Sweden, as well as several other spectators.

The support of Tanzania's Ambassador to Sweden, Wilbrod Slaa, was one of aspects which motivated the sides to perform well in the tournament which was first held in 1975.

Slaa also appointed Madam Rehema, a Tanzanian living in Gotenborg, to be a caretaker for Magnet teams.

The appointment of Madam Rehema was highly appreciated by

Magnet outfits' management and the organization at large.

Gothia Cup is the world's largest and most international youth football tournament. Each year, around 1,700 teams from 80 nations take part and they play 4,500 games on 110 fields.

The competition's teams, and participants from around the world that make the tournament unique.

A meeting place for the world's youth, irrespective of religion, skin colour or nationality, with football as the common denominator.

I have not 'disrespected' Bale, says Zidane

WASHINGTON

REAL Madrid head coach Zinedine Zidane said on Monday he had not "disrespected" Gareth Bale and it was the club who wanted to sell the Welsh forward, not him personally.

Bale did not play for Real in their 3-1 defeat to Bayern Munich in the International Champions Cup on Saturday, with Zidane revealing his absence was due to the club "working on his departure".

Bale's agent labelled Zidane a "disgrace" in an interview with AFP but the Frenchman defended his conduct ahead of Real Madrid's pre-season clash with Arsenal in Washington D.C.

"At times my Spanish is very suspect," Zidane told reporters. "I want to be very clear about this. Firstly, I have not disrespected anybody and least of all the player."

"I have always said the same, the players are the most important and every time I am with a player here I will be with them always."

"Second thing, I said the club is trying to sell him. Third point, I think it is very important and crucial to say that the other day Gareth did not change (play) because he did not want to."

"He will train with us today. He will train with the squad today but tomorrow is tomorrow."

"Gareth is a Real Madrid player. That is the most important thing, he is a player for the squad."

Bale, 30, has won four Champions League titles since joining Madrid from Tottenham Hotspur in 2013 for a then world record 100 million euros (£89.77 million) but he struggled to hold down his place in the starting side last season.

REUTERS

FIFA bans former Botswana official in match fixing probe

LONDON

WORLD soccer body FIFA has handed a life ban to former Botswana Football Association general secretary Mooketsi Kgotele for accepting bribes in relation to the manipulation of international matches.

FIFA said in a statement on Monday that the adjudicatory chamber of the Independent Ethics Committee had also fined the former official 50,000 Swiss francs (\$50,953).

"The formal ethics proceedings against Mr Kgotele... stem from an extensive investigation into various attempts to manipulate international matches for betting purposes by Mr Wilson Raj Perumal, a known match-fixer," said FIFA.

The proceedings were initiated in September 2018, the statement added.

The ban on Kgotele covers all football-related activities (administrative, sports or any other) at national and international level and came into force on Monday.

The long-running investigation into convicted Singapore-based match fixer Perumal's activities has

already produced life bans for players and former officials.

Togolese Football Association official Kokou Hounnimon Fagla, who was also a referee, was banned from soccer-related activities last March for accepting bribes to manipulate an international friendly.

Seven current and former players were banned for life in April.

FIFA named them at the time as Karlon Murray and Keyeno Thomas from Trinidad, Ibrahim Kargbo (Sierra Leone), Hellings Mwakasungula (Malawi), Seidath Tchomogo (Benin), Leonel Duarte (Cuba) and Mohammad Salim Israfeel Kohistani (Afghanistan).

Kenyan player George Owino Audi was given a 10-year ban and Zimbabwean players' agent Kudzina Shaba was banned for life.

FIFA did not give any details on which matches they had attempted to influence.

Perumal was given a two-year jail sentence by a Finnish court in 2011 for bribing players and referees to fix matches.

(**SI** = 0.9813 Swiss francs)
REUTERS

Guardiola rejects criticism from Chinese media

HONG KONG

PEP Guardiola has defended Manchester City against "false" accusations in the Chinese media that the club were disrespectful to their hosts during a pre-season to trip to Shanghai.

City, who spent five days in Shanghai while participating in last week's Premier League Asia Trophy, were the subject of an article on Xinhua's English language site on Monday which criticised the club for a tour which was designed only to "win wallets, not hearts and minds."

But Guardiola, speaking in Hong Kong ahead of Wednesday's friendly against Kitchee, rejected the accusations and insisted his players were doing everything possible to engage with supporters.

"I should say I don't agree and also that it's false," Guardiola said in response to the Xinhua article. "To make a statement like this, they have to know exactly what happened here in our club."

"We had an incredible time in Shanghai. We were committed to the cooperation you have to do in China. The people from the hotel, all the people asking us to do things, we were ready to do that."

"We came here -- it's a unique experience because it's not easy to come to Asia during the season. To come to Asia and experience the culture, the restaurants, it's amazing to get to know other people."

"That's why I can't understand what people are saying -- maybe one journalist is a bit upset, I don't know why -- but it's far away from the reality."

"So we came here 23 hours late, we travel two hours by train to play

in Nanjing then back to Shanghai, now here and then back to Tokyo."

"And always with the biggest smile."

"We don't sleep too well during the night but even so we make good training sessions for all the guys."

"I've been impressed with my players so far and let's see for the rest of the tour. I completely disagree with the journalist -- that's not the reality."

City are on their first tour of Asia since a 2016 trip to China was cut short by the postponement of a Beijing friendly against Manchester United due to a waterlogged pitch.

But with City determined to grow in stature to match established global giants such as United and Liverpool, Guardiola admits the club must continue to visit the region.

"For our club, it's a huge experience to go abroad to other countries because we are not Manchester United, Liverpool, Barca, Real Madrid, Bayern Munich."

"They've been doing it for many years. For us it's a new experience every season, it will help on the pitch and we did it last season."

"And off the pitch we are showing what an amazing club we are and how we are trying to be better every season."

"I'm so proud of what we've done: All the marketing departments, all the people who've organised this tour."

"And maybe next year or in two years we are going to come back to China when the club decides we should come."

"Sooner or later we'll come back -- sure."

(Agencies)

Cristiano Ronaldo won't face rape charge in Las Vegas

LAS VEGAS

CRISTIANO Ronaldo won't face criminal charges after a woman accused the soccer star of raping her in his suite at a Las Vegas resort more than 10 years ago, a top prosecutor said Monday.

A new investigation by Las Vegas police failed to show that Kathryn Mayorga's claim could be proven at trial beyond a reasonable doubt, Clark County District Attorney Steve Wolfson said.

"Therefore, no charges will be forthcoming," Wolfson said in a statement.

The decision represented a victory on one of two legal tracks tied to the 2009 allegation against one of the most recognizable and highly paid players in sports.

In a lawsuit still pending in federal court, Mayorga alleges that she was pressured to sign an agreement to keep quiet in exchange for \$375,000. Her lawyers want to void the deal and collect at least \$200,000 more from Ronaldo.

Ronaldo's attorneys have acknowledged that the soccer star and Mayorga had consensual sex in June 2009, but they denied it was rape. Attorney Peter Christiansen was traveling Monday and wasn't immediately available to comment.

Attorneys for Mayorga, a former model and school teacher, did not immediately respond to telephone, text and email messages.

The Associated Press generally does not name people who say they are victims of sexual assault, but Mayorga gave consent through her lawyers to make her name public.

Her lawsuit says she met Ronaldo at a nightclub and went with him and other people to his suite at the Palms Hotel and Casino, where he assaulted her in a bedroom. Afterward, she signed a non-disclosure agreement under pressure from "fixers" trying to protect Ronaldo's reputation, her lawyer, Leslie Mark Stovall, has said.

The lawsuit in U.S. District Court in Las Vegas accuses Ronaldo or those working for him of conspiracy, defamation, breach of contract, coercion and fraud for allegedly allowing terms of the settlement to become public in European publications.

Her attorneys say Mayorga never wanted her name released but became worried that she would be identified after a 2017 media report apparently referred to the encounter.

Her lawyers have said in federal court documents that they were having trouble personally serving Ronaldo with legal filings. A judge has given them an Oct. 28 deadline.

Ronaldo plays in Italy for the Turin-based soccer



Riyad Mahrez and Algeria were deserving winners, but the final was a letdown given the world's attention while many of the tournament's biggest stars seemed too worn out to make an impact. —AFP

club Juventus. He played previously for Manchester United in England and Real Madrid in Spain, where he earned a then-record sum of 94 million euros, or about \$130 million.

Mayorga underwent a medical exam to collect DNA evidence shortly after she alleges Ronaldo assaulted her. Police closed their investigation in 2009 because Mayorga neither identified her attacker by name nor said where the alleged rape took place,

said Wolfson, the elected prosecutor in Las Vegas.

Police have said she identified her attacker only as a European soccer player.

"As a result, the police were unable to ... conduct any meaningful investigation," Wolfson said Monday. "Detectives were unable to search for and impound vital forensic evidence. In addition, video evidence, showing interactions between the victim and perpetrator before and after the al-

leged crime, was lost."

The investigation was reopened in last year at the request of Mayorga's attorneys, shortly before they sued Ronaldo. She spoke again with police, and authorities this year obtained a sample of Ronaldo's DNA through Italian authorities.

Police did not immediately respond Monday to messages about the case.

AP

Bale's time at Madrid is up but he doesn't have many options

By Ian Darke, ESPN.com writer

IT looks as though Gareth Bale and Zinedine Zidane's "Cold War" has reached its breaking point.

"We hope he leaves soon. It would be best for everyone," declared the Real Madrid coach after his team's 3-1 loss to Bayern Munich in Houston on Saturday. These comments seemed to suggest that a transfer is close.

Bale's agent, Jonathan Barnett, then responded by calling Zidane "a disgrace." So one would assume there is just no way back from here.

Those of us covering the Houston game for ESPN were given a big clue that something was amiss about 45 minutes before kickoff. At that point, word filtered down that Bale, originally in the squad as a possible substitute, would not be involved, and given the troubled nature of his relationship with Zidane, it seemed unlikely that an injury had caused his exclusion.

Clearly Zidane's patience has run out with a player he sees playing no part in Real's revival. A Bale move to Paris Saint-Germain in a deal that would see Neymar arrive at the Bernabeu is being mooted. It doesn't quite add up, though, as Real have just splashed €100 million to sign Eden Hazard from Chelsea for the exact left-sided attacking role that is Neymar's speciality.

It also flies in the face of the reports that Paul Pogba is Real's top target at €200m. That said, Madrid president Florentino Perez has always loved doing anything to annoy Barcelona, and signing their former star Neymar would certainly do the trick.

Some kind of swap plus cash deal with Manchester United would make sense, provided that Bale fancies the Europa League and becoming the torch-bearer for a club battling through troubled times. It is just as likely he does not.

But the timing of all this is intriguing. Is it a coincidence that this sudden twist in the saga happened to be when Real and Bayern Munich executives were in the same town for their ICC match? Remembering Bayern's frustration in trying to sign Leroy Sane from Manchester City, a move for Bale to play out wide would make sense from a football point of view.

The Germans, now without Arjen Robben and Franck Ribery, might see Bale, 30, as the kind of marquee name to put them back among the Champions League favourites. Whether a man who has never mastered Spanish would relish a move to Germany is another matter altogether, though.

What about Tottenham? A return to Spurs might hold some appeal and would keep the Welshman in the Champions League. But even that ship may have sailed at this stage.

Who else could afford the wages? Outside of the European elite, there is China, with Beijing Guoan and Jiangsu Suning reportedly interested. But is a boatload of money enough for Bale to consider a huge step down in competition on the field and a



Gareth Bale

massive culture shock off of it?

In other words, the list of suitors for the Welshman is small.

In any event, Zidane is surely right in saying it's time for a change for a player

who has lost his way at Real. At 30, and after a long list of injuries, it is relevant to wonder whether Bale has quite the same hunger and desire as he once did.

Can he recover the deadly form that

devastated defenders in his pomp? That's the question potential suitors will be asking themselves.

If Zidane is right, we might know more very soon.

Gwiji by David Chikoko



SPORT

Cristiano Ronaldo won't face rape charge in Las Vegas

COMPREHENSIVE REPORT, PAGE 19



Iringa rally driver, Ahmed Huwel, and his navigator, Rahim Suleiman, in action during the Mkwawa Rally Championship 2019 edition that took place at Mkwawa Dairy Farm in the region last Sunday. Huwel won the race after beating other seven drivers. PHOTO: KENNETH SIMBAYA

Huwel defends Mkwawa Rally Championship top honour

By Correspondent Kenneth Simbaya, Iringa

RALLY driver, Ahmed Huwel from Iringa Motor Sports (IMS) Club, has defended his trophy in Mkwawa Rally Championship, beating by far other seven drivers who featured in this year's event, which took place at Mkwawa Dairy Farm in Iringa last Sunday.

According to IMS Club chairman, Hamid Mbatta, Huwel's Sunday victory has seen him remain unchallenged for eight years in a row.

The second position according to Mbatta went to Tufail Tufail from Tufail Racing team, who entered the race with a Subaru GC8. Tufail was navigated by Imran Ally, and the third position went to Gurpal Sandhu from AESL team, who entered the race with a Mitsubishi Evo IX, and was navigated by David Sihoka from Zambia.

This is Huwel's first entry in the National Rally Championship (NRC) for this year, he has missed three events, the one that took place in Dar es Salaam, Moshi and the other that was supposed to take place in Dar es Salaam but was postponed. There are a total of nine events in Tanzania.

Mbatta told The Guardian that Huwel had Rahim Suleiman as his navigator. He mentioned other entrants in the 2019 Mkwawa Rally edition as Randeep Singh, navigated by Zubayr Piredina and driving a Mitsubishi Evo IX, Dharam Pandya, navigated by Veer Darbar, driving a Subaru VAB.

Altaaf Munge, navigated by Ally Hamoud, driving a Mitsubishi Evo IX, and Kelvin Taylor, navigated by Karim Pindu, driving a Subaru GC8 are also in the list.

Mbatta, who was the eighth entrant, was disqualified from the rally due to some safety anomalies in his car, which he however claims that he had rectified them but he was denied check up by one of the rally officers.

The Guardian learnt later that the said anomalies were supposed to be acted upon since last year, but Mbatta acted at the last minute.

"You can have your car checked even one hour before the rally," Mbatta claimed.

Huwel, with his navigator Suleiman, driving a Ford Fiesta Proto, thrilled motor rally enthusiasts, who thronged various sections of the 120 kilometers race route at Mkwawa Dairy Farm, on the outskirts of Iringa Municipal.

He skillfully negotiated meanders corners, especially behind the service park, and stage three of the 120km route.

"I am very proud with my navigator's calls, he is spot on," Huwel told The Guardian adding that the quality of a driver's navigator contributes significantly to one's either win or loss in the rally.

Adam Sapi Mkwawa, Chief of the Wahehe tribe, presented a trophy to the third winner, Iringa District Commissioner Richard Kasesela presented a trophy to the second winner, while Iringa Regional Commissioner Ali Hapi presented trophy to the overall winner.

Kasesela hailed Iringa residents for turning up in numbers to support the rally.

"I am proud to see that support for this sport is growing every year, I therefore appeal to sponsors to keep supporting this game in Iringa so that Iringa residents can continue enjoying motor sports," he disclosed.

Kasesela issued the call after presenting the trophy to Sandhu and his navigator Sihoka.

Ali Hapi told the audience that, in his quest to build a new Iringa and the Southern Circuit tourism, such sports like motor rally will significantly add value.

"I therefore on behalf of the government commit my support to ensure that this is sustained," he said.



"I am proud to see that support for this sport is growing every year, I therefore appeal to sponsors to keep supporting this game in Iringa so that Iringa residents can continue enjoying motor sports

Dar chess players impress in Africa schools championship

By Correspondent Joseph Mchekadona

TWO Tanzania chess players have performed well at the just ended Africa Schools Individual Championship which was held in Uganda early this month.

The two players are Cleophas Charles and Panav Bangur who competed in the U-17 and U-9 categories respectively.

Charles emerged as champion in the U-17 event, while Bangur was runner up in the U-9 event.

The competition which was played in round robin Swiss format had five categories, U-7, U-9, U-13, U-15 and U-17.

The continental event brought together six teams namely Kenya, Namibia, Zimbabwe, Tanzania, Botswana and hosts Uganda and more than 60 players competed in it.

Tanzania team's coach Kara Louis said he is happy with the performance of the two players at the event.

He said the results recorded by the two are a clear indication that the country is doing well in chess.

"It was not a simple event, each country brought top players and, because our country is doing well in chess, we managed to win in the two categories," he added.

"We were represented by three players but the other one did not perform well...we are just asking companies, organizations and individuals to help us so that we can reach to all parts of the country and identify new players."

He also disclosed that the country will in November host Dar es Salaam open competition, noting they expect to invite foreign teams to compete in the event.



Tanzania chess squad's coach, Kara Louis (L), in a picture with his player Panav Bangur after the completion of the Africa Schools Individual Chess Championship which was held in Kampala, Uganda. PHOTO: COURTESY OF KARA LOUIS



Mtwara Regional Commissioner Gelasius Byakanwa (R) hands over sports equipment to Mkalapa Secondary School's teacher, Nassor, in the region recently. The donation which includes jerseys and foodstuffs, targets to help the school's team which is shaping up for volleyball event of the coming East Africa Secondary Schools (FEASSSA) games to be held in Arusha next month. PHOTO: CORRESPONDENT

Mtwara school volleyball team eyes success in FEASSSA games

By Correspondent Joseph Mchekadona

MTWARA-based Mkalapa Secondary School that won volleyball event of the girls' category of this year's inter-secondary schools' games, Umisseta, has said it is ready for the coming East Africa Secondary Schools (FEASSSA) games, which are set to take place in Arusha next month.

The school's volleyball team's head coach, Gabriel Kaserwa, in an exclusive interview, said the team is well prepared for the tournament, which has been slated for August 15-25.

The event has attracted players from Burundi, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, South Sudan and the hosts Tanzania.

"The team is ready for the tournament, I'm sure we will do well at that event, it will not be easy but we are well prepared," he noted.

"I have said so because my team played well at the just ended Umisseta games and emerged as champions."

Kaserwa who is also District Land and Natural Resources Officer (DLNRO) for Masasi District said he uses his own resources to help the team as his aim is to see to it many girls in the district are involved in sporting activities, especially volleyball, which is not popular in rural areas of the country.

"I started coaching volleyball at Masasi town in 2009 and I transferred the team to Mkalapa Primary School in July 2015 and, in 2018, we introduced the sport in the secondary school," he disclosed.

"I'm supported by teachers, Mtwara and Nassoro, I'm happy that Mkalapa Primary School team were also the champions of this year's inter-primary schools tournament, Umitashumta."

He said due to the school's exploits at the Umisseta and Umitashumta games, Mtwara Regional Commissioner's office has handed the squads assorted sports items.

Mkalapa primary and secondary schools

are located 35km from Masasi Boma and Kaserwa pointed out that he uses more than 2m/-from his pocket annually for the two volleyball teams.

"I'm now happy that the regional office is coming with support and I'm sure if they continue doing this the sport will enjoy progress in this region," he disclosed.

"The assistance will help to keep our girls in schools as well as keeping them healthy."

"The other thing which made me happy is that almost half of the present national women volleyball team players were trained by me."

Kaserwa disclosed Mkalapa Secondary School volleyball team's players who will represent the country at the FEASSA games in volleyball event, are Lafia Hassan, Lasia Hassan, Judith Alfonse, Jamila Amani, Vestina Joseph, Christine Noel, Mwanahawa Elisha, Theresia Lucas and Jennifer Akyoo.

Flexibles by David Chikoko



EATV TODAY @11:00

DADAZ

WEDNESDAY DADAZ

10:59 Jikani Na Jane
11:00 DADAZ (live)
15:00 FUNGUKA
16:30 #HASHTAG
17:00 SSELECT
17:55 KURASA
18:00 eNews
18:30 Music
19:00 EATV SAA 1
19:30 MJADALA
20:00 EPL REVIEW
21:30 Mid Week Movie

DADAZ This daytime talk show gives women a platform to discuss social and political issues that affect our society from a feminine perspective.

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05:00 EA Breakfast
09:00 Supamix
12:00 Kipenga Xtra
13:00 Planet Bongo
16:00 EA Drive
20:00 Kipenga
21:00 The Cruise

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